

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.5283, 5.3219, 5.2855)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.5283, 5.3219, 5.2855)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.5983, 5.3567,
5.3258)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	850040
RGB	133, 0, 64
RGB Percent	52%, 0%, 25%
CMY	0.4784, 0.9999, 0.7490
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.52, 0.48
HSL	331°, 100%, 26%
HSV	331°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258
YIQ	47.0630, 58.7240, 48.1000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

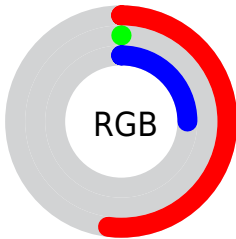
Format	Color
R_{YB}	133, 0, 64
Decimal	8716352
CIE Lab	27.73, 52.18, 2.25
CIE LCh	28, 52.226, 2.469
Yxy	5.3567, 0.4980, 0.2517
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286906432 (0xFF850040)
YUV	47.0630, 8.3499, 75.3667
Hunter-Lab	23.1445, 41.2354, 2.5579

Details

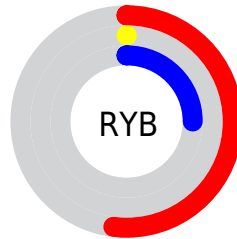
The XYZ color **10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **9.4623, 17.2050, 8.4547**, and the grayscale version is **2.6964, 2.8368, 3.0893**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.5453, 16.6044, 16.8448**, and **3.2054, 1.6357, 0.9058** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.5981, 5.3566, 5.3247**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9550, 5.7361, 6.4743**.

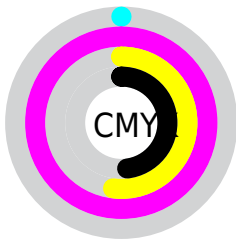
Distribution



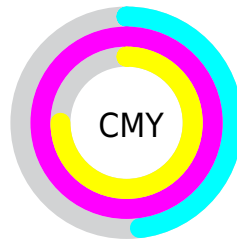
- Red (52%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (48%)




- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.5983, 5.3567,
5.3258


 10.5983, 5.3567,
5.3258


188.8563,
153.2112, 161.9849


 5.8627, 2.4580,
2.3776

 26.5545, 16.5810,
16.9674


 2.8016, 0.8555,
0.7742


 38.5058, 25.6755,
26.4980

 1.0498, 0.0000,
0.0000

 53.5931, 37.6040,
39.0597

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 72.1817, 52.7510,
55.0711

 94.6370, 71.5008,
74.9508

 121.3242, 94.2378,

99.1173

152.6089,
121.3465, 127.9892

10.5983, 5.3567,
5.3258

10.5983, 5.3567,
5.3258

10.5981, 5.3566,
5.3247

10.9550, 5.7361,
6.4743

11.4241, 6.3000,
7.7844

12.0567, 7.1495,
9.2770

12.8702, 8.3181,
10.9617

13.8797, 9.8347,
12.8471

■ 15.0986, 11.7249,
14.9412

■ 16.5389, 14.0120,
17.2513

■ 18.2118, 16.7170,
19.7845

■ 20.1278, 19.8599,
22.5473

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.8421, 5.3567, 13.4206



10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258



9.5619, 5.3567, 1.4454

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258



3.1405, 5.3567, 0.2618



3.3750, 5.3567, 24.5354

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258



9.4623, 17.2050, 8.4547

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.2904, 5.3567, 15.0594



10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258



2.1850, 5.3567, 1.8324

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258



4.9112, 5.3567, 0.0000



1.9255, 5.3567, 6.3704



5.2759, 5.3567, 28.2565

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258



8.1294, 5.3567, 0.4467



1.9255, 5.3567, 6.3704



2.9238, 5.3567, 21.6921

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.5984, 5.3570, 5.3259



29.4260, 24.7853, 30.5945



6.6685, 2.9489, 22.4081



6.4135, 5.2394, 6.5517



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.5984, 5.3570, 5.3259



18.9002, 9.5611, 9.1204



9.6972, 5.0350, 0.4612



4.7590, 4.7233, 5.3430



10.0989, 5.1039, 5.0932



0.0386, 0.0191, 0.0369

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5984, 5.3570, 5.3259



18.9002, 9.5611, 9.1204



12.3211, 17.8681, 24.9898



4.7590, 4.7233, 5.3430



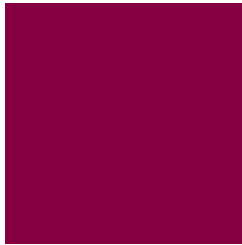
10.0989, 5.1039, 5.0932



0.0386, 0.0191, 0.0369

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

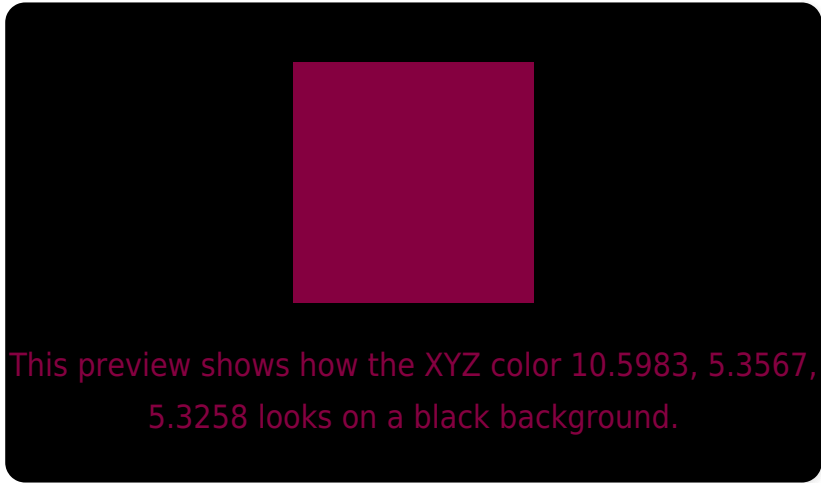
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.5983, 5.3567,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258

Protanopia

6.0295, 5.9487, 11.1863

Deuteranopia

5.9364, 5.8642, 4.8220



Tritanopia

9.8832, 5.5907, 1.4779

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258

Protanomaly

6.4114, 4.4117, 8.4963

Deuteranomaly

6.7892, 4.6348, 4.8117

Tritanomaly

10.0672, 5.4226, 2.4355

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258

Achromatopsia

2.7019, 2.8426, 3.0956

Achromatomaly

4.2488, 2.8053, 3.6857

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 0, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 0, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 0, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 0, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 0, 64) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 0, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 0, 64)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 0, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 0, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 0, 64)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.5983, 5.3567, 5.3258 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 0, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133, 0,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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