

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.5404, 4.7354, 3.2822)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.5404, 4.7354, 3.2822)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.0356, 5.6250,
3.4098)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A0031
RGB	138, 0, 49
RGB Percent	54%, 0%, 19%
CMY	0.4588, 0.9999, 0.8078
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.64, 0.46
HSL	339°, 100%, 27%
HSV	339°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098
YIQ	46.8480, 66.5190, 44.4950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

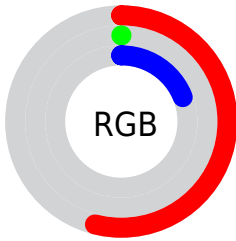
Format	Color
R_YB	138, 0, 49
Decimal	9044017
CIE Lab	28.45, 52.35, 13.59
CIE LCh	28, 54.083, 14.554
Yxy	5.6250, 0.5498, 0.2803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287234097 (0xFF8A0031)
YUV	46.8480, 1.0609, 79.9403
Hunter-Lab	23.7171, 41.5515, 8.0778

Details

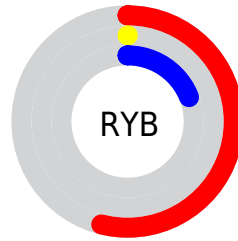
The XYZ color **11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **10.8925, 18.8985, 12.5284**, and the grayscale version is **2.6806, 2.8202, 3.0712**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.2817, 17.0769, 12.6847**, and **3.4043, 1.7537, 0.2165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0353, 5.6249, 3.4087**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.3970, 6.0169, 4.5505**.

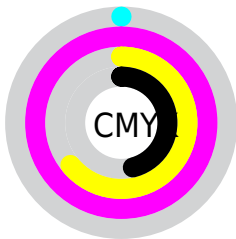
Distribution



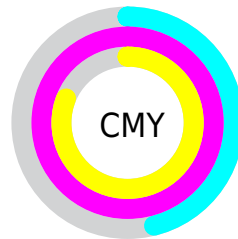
- Red (54%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (46%)




- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.0356, 5.6250,
3.4098


 11.0356, 5.6250,
3.4098


191.8149,
155.6930, 141.4202


 6.1583, 2.6184,
1.3075


 27.3583, 17.1480,
12.6239


 2.9831, 0.9359,
0.0679

 39.5345, 26.4332,
20.5728


 1.1448, 0.0000,
0.0000

 54.8742, 38.5800,
31.3077

 0.0621, 0.0000,
0.0000

 73.7429, 53.9729,
45.2471

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 96.5060, 72.9963,
62.8094

 123.5288, 96.0345,

84.4134

155.1766,
123.4719, 110.4775

11.0356, 5.6250,
3.4098

11.0356, 5.6250,
3.4098

11.0353, 5.6249,
3.4087

11.3970, 6.0169,
4.5505

11.8946, 6.6185,
5.9297

12.5828, 7.5357,
7.5748

13.4817, 8.8058,
9.5012

14.6085, 10.4607,
11.7228

■ 15.9788, 12.5290,
14.2524

■ 17.6067, 15.0363,
17.1020

■ 19.5049, 18.0062,
20.2831

■ 21.6856, 21.4606,
23.8063

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.0060, 5.6250, 10.2682



11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098



9.2655, 5.6250, 0.7761

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098



2.7573, 5.6250, 0.7345



4.2289, 5.6250, 29.0547

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098



10.8925, 18.8985, 12.5284

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.7254, 5.6250, 20.4707



11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098



2.0619, 5.6250, 3.2795

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098



4.2874, 5.6250, 0.0000



2.0522, 5.6250, 9.9954



6.5668, 5.6250, 29.2025

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098



7.5374, 5.6250, 0.0146



2.0522, 5.6250, 9.9954



3.6274, 5.6250, 26.8819

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.0357, 5.6253, 3.4099



30.8333, 26.1912, 29.7999



8.5561, 3.8811, 24.3428



6.6724, 5.4982, 6.2630



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.0357, 5.6253, 3.4099



19.3825, 9.8872, 5.6434



10.7043, 5.8494, 0.5653



5.1014, 5.0760, 5.6227



10.1244, 5.1599, 3.1594



0.0738, 0.0369, 0.0552

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.0357, 5.6253, 3.4099



19.3825, 9.8872, 5.6434



11.2563, 15.1725, 26.3799



5.1014, 5.0760, 5.6227



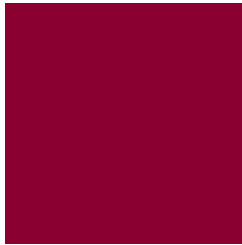
10.1244, 5.1599, 3.1594



0.0738, 0.0369, 0.0552

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

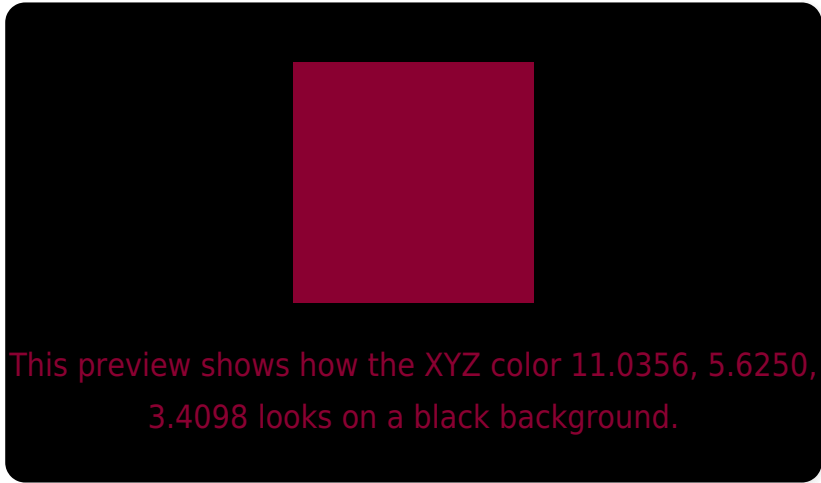
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.0356, 5.6250,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098

Protanopia

5.9584, 6.1878, 7.0112

Deuteranopia

6.2810, 6.1672, 3.1448



Tritanopia

10.6759, 5.8623, 1.1411

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098

Protanomaly

6.5831, 4.6798, 5.4068

Deuteranomaly

7.1632, 4.9205, 3.0548

Tritanomaly

10.6822, 5.6949, 1.6986

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098

Achromatopsia

2.7019, 2.8426, 3.0956

Achromatomaly

4.3060, 2.8474, 3.1190

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 0, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 0, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 0, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 0, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 0, 49) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 0, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 0, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 0, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 0, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 0, 49)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.0356, 5.6250, 3.4098 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 0, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138, 0,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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