

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.5428, 18.1607, 1.7220)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.5428, 18.1607, 1.7220)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.7719, 18.2084,
2.9468)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	428600
RGB	66, 134, 0
RGB Percent	26%, 53%, 0%
CMY	0.7412, 0.4745, 1.0000
CMYK	0.51, 0.00, 1.00, 0.47
HSL	90°, 100%, 26%
HSV	90°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468
YIQ	98.3920, 2.4860, -56.0900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

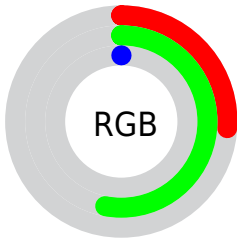
Format	Color
RYB	0, 134, 68
Decimal	4359680
CIELab	49.75, -41.43, 53.31
CIElCh	50, 67.517, 127.852
Yxy	18.2084, 0.3374, 0.5703
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282549760 (0xFF428600)
YUV	98.3920, -48.5073, -28.4078
Hunter-Lab	42.6713, -29.6144, 25.7755

Details

The XYZ color **10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **6.6879, 2.9508, 22.7722**, and the grayscale version is **11.8250, 12.4408, 13.5481**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.8517, 40.4247, 11.5418**, and **3.0933, 6.1865, 1.0311** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.7720, 18.2090, 2.9470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.3334, 18.4897, 3.3663**.

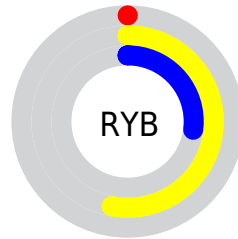
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (53%)

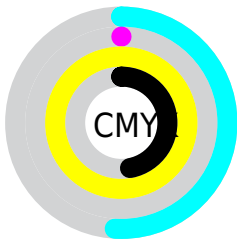
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (27%)

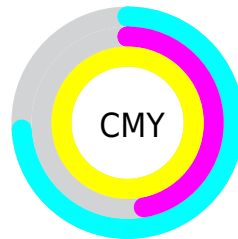


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.7719, 18.2084,
2.9468

■ 10.7719, 18.2084,
2.9468

190.0367,
242.0431, 135.6801

■ 5.9798, 11.0997,
1.0675

■ 26.8743, 40.3921,
11.4969

■ 2.8734, 6.1339,
0.0000

■ 38.9153, 56.2359,
19.0048

■ 1.0871, 2.9267,
0.0000

■ 54.1034, 75.7602,
29.2260

■ 0.0143, 1.0936,
0.0000


■ 72.8039, 99.3494,
42.5790


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 95.3821, 127.3879,
59.4824


■ 122.2034,


160.2601, 80.3547


 153.6331,
198.3504, 105.6144


 10.7719, 18.2084,
2.9468


 10.7719, 18.2084,
2.9468


 10.7720, 18.2090,
2.9470

 11.3334, 18.4897,
3.3663

 11.9958, 18.8173,
4.0252

 12.7869, 19.2031,
5.0588

 13.7170, 19.6513,
6.5122

 14.7948, 20.1658,
8.4243

■ 16.0285, 20.7498,
10.8293

■ 17.4254, 21.4066,
13.7585

■ 18.9925, 22.1390,
17.2402

■ 20.7359, 22.9497,
21.3010

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.6711, 18.2084, 1.3662



10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468



8.1919, 18.2084, 9.2450

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468



13.0496, 18.2084, 74.0660



32.6794, 18.2084, 15.3693

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468



6.6879, 2.9508, 22.7722

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.4773, 18.2084, 36.4044



10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468



19.0520, 18.2084, 79.6966

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468



9.2618, 18.2084, 50.4761



26.0604, 18.2084, 63.0143



29.0259, 18.2084, 5.0649

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468



7.6550, 18.2084, 18.5275



26.0604, 18.2084, 63.0143



32.8436, 18.2084, 21.1835

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.7723, 18.2092, 2.9472



30.5276, 37.6337, 23.8666



11.8394, 9.0835, 1.1295



6.6736, 8.3828, 4.9424



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.7723, 18.2092, 2.9472



18.8032, 31.9909, 5.1838



8.5256, 17.0510, 2.8421



4.8185, 5.3090, 5.0001



10.1069, 17.0702, 2.7622



0.0434, 0.0635, 0.0100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.6879, 2.9508, 22.7722



11.6061, 5.1073, 40.1125



14.1352, 6.7900, 23.1208



4.6430, 4.6520, 5.8540



6.2794, 2.7713, 21.3406



0.0302, 0.0139, 0.0743

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

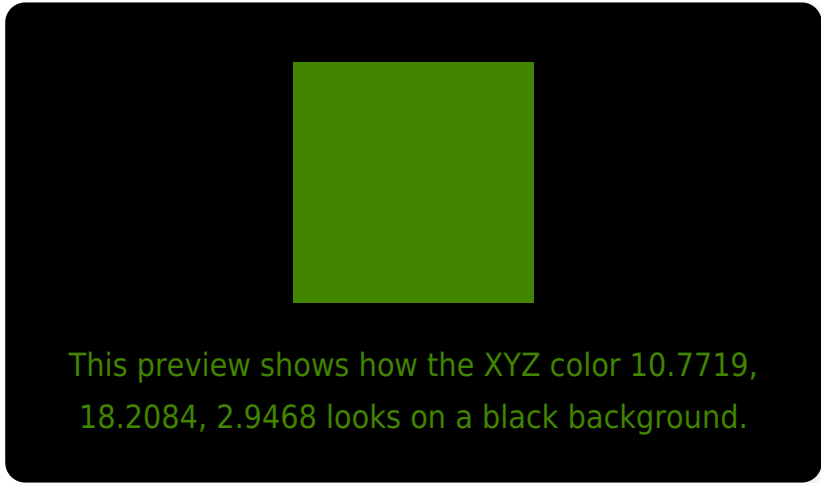
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

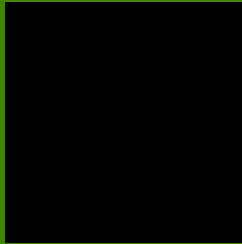
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.7719, 18.2084,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468

Protanopia

16.1513, 17.9434, 2.6122

Deuteranopia

18.2047, 17.9634, 3.5447



Tritanopia

15.3629, 18.3013, 25.6445

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468

Protanomaly

13.5143, 17.6665, 2.6977

Deuteranomaly

14.2889, 17.3250, 3.1213

Tritanomaly

12.4595, 17.6880, 11.5615

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468

Achromatopsia

11.6093, 12.2139, 13.3009

Achromatomaly

10.3917, 13.6951, 6.6531

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 134, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 134, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 134, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 134, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 134, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 134, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 134, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 134, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 134, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 134, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.7719, 18.2084, 2.9468 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 134, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 134,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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