

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.5477, 8.7792, 38.3311)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.5477, 8.7792, 38.3311)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.5236, 8.7592,
38.1818)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	224FA8
RGB	34, 79, 168
RGB Percent	13%, 31%, 66%
CMY	0.8666, 0.6902, 0.3412
CMYK	0.80, 0.53, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	220°, 66%, 40%
HSV	220°, 80%, 66%
XYZ	10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818
YIQ	75.6910, -55.3890, 18.1390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

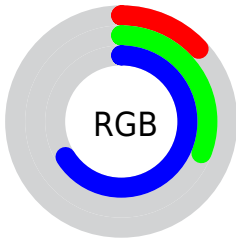
Format	Color
R _{YB}	34, 68, 168
Decimal	2248616
CIE Lab	35.52, 18.04, -52.21
CIE LCh	36, 55.242, 289.059
Yxy	8.7592, 0.1831, 0.1524
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280438696 (0xFF224FA8)
YUV	75.6910, 45.5083, -36.5630
Hunter-Lab	29.5959, 11.6774, -55.7730

Details

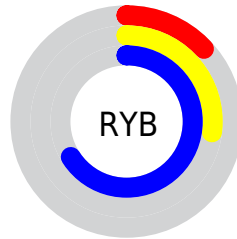
The XYZ color **10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. A complement of this color would be **23.5221, 22.6098, 4.6387**, and the grayscale version is **6.7409, 7.0919, 7.7231**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.5405, 23.5869, 73.6749**, and **3.7254, 2.4996, 16.5058** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.3604, 7.0633, 37.9160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.0934, 10.8654, 38.5058**.

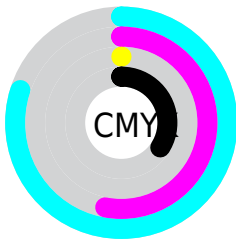
Distribution



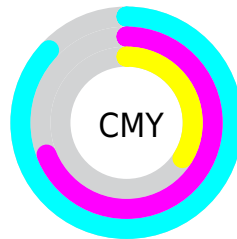
- Red (13%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.5236, 8.7592,
38.1818

■ 10.5236, 8.7592,
38.1818

188.3459,
181.5712, 353.7207

■ 5.8124, 4.5845,
25.8209

■ 26.4166, 23.4339,
73.5932

■ 2.7709, 2.0056,
16.4651

■ 38.3292, 34.7026,
97.4808

■ 1.0338, 0.6107,
9.6960

■ 53.3728, 49.1048,
126.0477

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
5.0949

■ 71.9130, 67.0248,
159.7125

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.2433

■ 94.3151, 88.8471,
198.8936

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.6992

■ 120.9443,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

114.9560, 244.0097

0.0000

152.1662,
145.7359, 295.4792

■ 10.5236, 8.7592,
38.1818

■ 10.5236, 8.7592,
38.1818

■ 9.3604, 7.0633,
37.9160

■ 12.0934, 10.8654,
38.5058

■ 8.5205, 5.7247,
37.7019

■ 14.1096, 13.4116,
38.8910

■ 8.5019, 5.6951,
37.6971

■ 16.6083, 16.4252,
39.3410

■ 19.6210, 19.9308,
39.8589

■ 23.1766, 23.9509,
40.4474

■ 27.3017, 28.5069,
41.1094

■ 32.0211, 33.6184,
41.8473

■ 37.3580, 39.3043,
42.6635

■ 43.3343, 45.5826,
43.5603

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.2008, 8.7592, 39.8494



10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818



13.9562, 8.7592, 26.5961

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818



13.0968, 8.7592, 1.4214



3.5936, 8.7592, 6.5428

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818



23.5221, 22.6098, 4.6387

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.4586, 8.7592, 1.9832



10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818



9.5612, 8.7592, 0.4892

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818



15.6875, 8.7592, 4.8267



6.4568, 8.7592, 0.6307



3.7252, 8.7592, 16.6081

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818



15.5812, 8.7592, 17.4159



6.4568, 8.7592, 0.6307



3.7662, 8.7592, 4.4862

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.5240, 8.7594, 38.1820



45.9031, 47.7318, 74.0189



18.1205, 29.7288, 22.9061



9.4584, 9.7981, 16.0448



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.5240, 8.7594, 38.1820



15.7646, 10.8451, 68.4875



9.1676, 4.7593, 37.4814



7.3300, 7.6969, 9.5177



6.4634, 4.3870, 28.4816



0.2042, 0.2006, 0.7086

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.1322, 10.0342, 8.3782



30.8270, 15.8683, 8.9229



26.4867, 34.4078, 6.7597



7.6311, 7.5823, 8.3748



12.7630, 6.5139, 3.5637



0.3342, 0.1680, 0.2115

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.5236, 8.7592,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818

Protanopia

10.2271, 8.7035, 38.6770

Deuteranopia

8.5938, 8.6351, 29.2308



Tritanopia

6.1665, 8.7296, 13.1643

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818

Protanomaly

10.3610, 8.7725, 38.6833

Deuteranomaly

9.1613, 8.6312, 32.1935

Tritanomaly

7.2794, 8.5128, 20.3283

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818

Achromatopsia

6.8694, 7.2272, 7.8704

Achromatomaly

7.3387, 7.4040, 15.5103

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 79, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 79, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 79, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 79, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 79, 168) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 79, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(34, 79, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 79, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 79, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 79,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.5236, 8.7592, 38.1818 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 79, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 79,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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