

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.5622, 5.7333, 8.0427)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.5622, 5.7333, 8.0427)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.6198, 5.7665,
7.9505)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80174F
RGB	128, 23, 79
RGB Percent	50%, 9%, 31%
CMY	0.4980, 0.9098, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 0.82, 0.38, 0.50
HSL	328°, 70%, 30%
HSV	328°, 82%, 50%
XYZ	10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505
YIQ	60.7790, 44.6040, 39.6760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

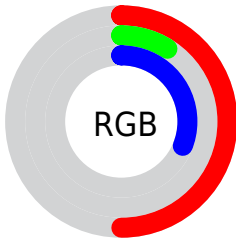
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 23, 79
Decimal	8394575
CIE Lab	28.82, 47.65, -6.33
CIE LCh	29, 48.069, 352.438
Yxy	5.7665, 0.4364, 0.2369
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286584655 (0xFF80174F)
YUV	60.7790, 8.9830, 58.9528
Hunter-Lab	24.0135, 36.9165, -2.8205

Details

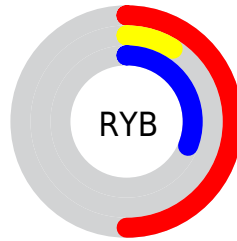
The XYZ color **10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **9.2427, 16.0886, 8.7504**, and the grayscale version is **4.3881, 4.6166, 5.0275**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.4594, 17.3408, 22.3746**, and **3.1274, 1.5772, 1.7297** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2164, 5.2922, 6.7910**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1659, 6.4948, 9.2541**.

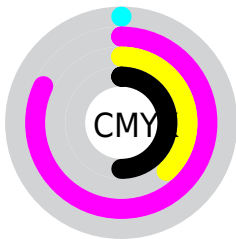
Distribution



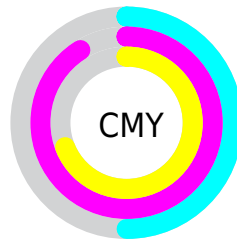
- Red (50%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.6198, 5.7665,
7.9505

■ 10.6198, 5.7665,
7.9505

189.0029,
156.9806, 185.2633

■ 5.8772, 2.7036,
3.9760

■ 26.5942, 17.4447,
22.4059

■ 2.8105, 0.9790,
1.6122

■ 38.5566, 26.8288,
33.7239

■ 1.0544, 0.0000,
0.2995

■ 53.6564, 39.0888,
48.3267


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 72.2589, 54.6091,
66.6330


■ 94.7295, 73.7740,
89.0613


■ 121.4334, 96.9679,


116.0301


 152.7361,
124.5754, 147.9579

 10.6198, 5.7665,
7.9505

 10.6198, 5.7665,
7.9505

 10.2164, 5.2922,
6.7910


 11.1659, 6.4948,
9.2541

 9.9536, 5.0098,
5.9534

 11.8702, 7.5076,
10.7092

 12.7467, 8.8320,
12.3230

 13.8077, 10.4917,
14.1018

 15.0642, 12.5081,
16.0514

■ 16.5263, 14.9009,
18.1774

■ 18.2035, 17.6881,
20.4849

■ 20.1046, 20.8867,
22.9790

■ 22.2378, 24.5127,
25.6643

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.4062, 5.7665, 16.4741



10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505



10.1993, 5.7665, 2.7840

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505



4.0628, 5.7665, 0.3672



3.3458, 5.7665, 20.9016

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505



9.2427, 16.0886, 8.7504

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.5022, 5.7665, 11.8975



10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505



2.8352, 5.7665, 1.5018

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505



6.0372, 5.7665, 0.1420



2.3431, 5.7665, 4.8595



4.9599, 5.7665, 26.5315

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505



9.0891, 5.7665, 1.2263



2.3431, 5.7665, 4.8595



2.9818, 5.7665, 17.9701

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6200, 5.7668, 7.9506



28.1408, 24.6619, 30.6392



6.8756, 3.5495, 20.7449



6.4104, 5.4826, 6.9145



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6200, 5.7668, 7.9506



17.5525, 8.8892, 10.4506



9.4008, 5.2792, 1.5308



4.4161, 4.3796, 4.9957



9.8703, 4.9678, 5.9069



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.6200, 5.7668, 7.9506



17.5525, 8.8892, 10.4506



11.7426, 17.0886, 21.9147



4.4161, 4.3796, 4.9957



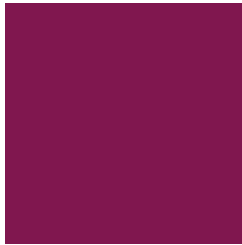
9.8703, 4.9678, 5.9069



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

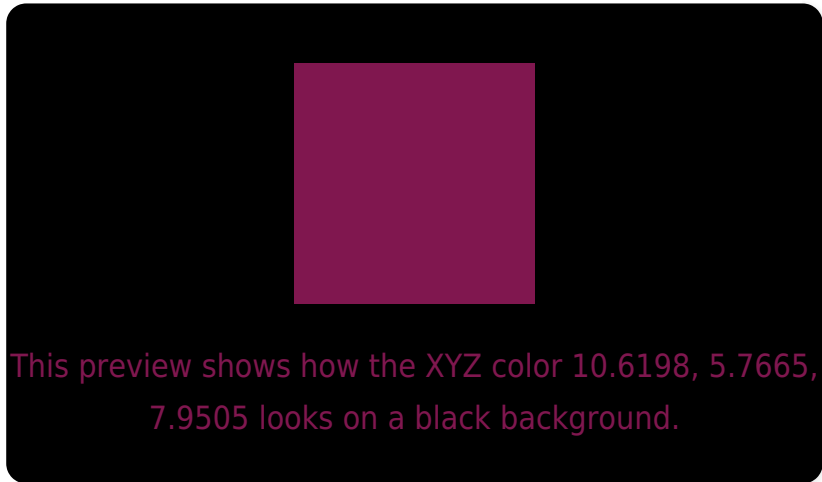
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

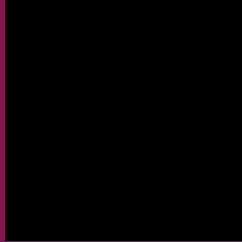
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6198, 5.7665,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505

Protanopia

6.3494, 6.0292, 15.0165

Deuteranopia

6.2048, 6.1245, 7.3337



Tritanopia

9.4689, 5.8231, 2.4586

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505

Protanomaly

6.8653, 5.1129, 11.9343

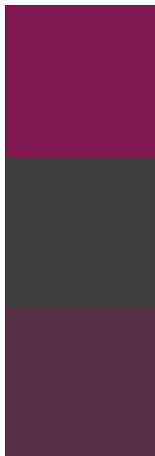
Deuteranomaly

7.1486, 5.3575, 7.4948

Tritanomaly

9.7633, 5.7257, 3.9587

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505

Achromatopsia

4.4355, 4.6665, 5.0818

Achromatomaly

5.8062, 4.3817, 6.0086

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 23, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 23, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 23, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 23, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 23, 79) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 23, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 23, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 23, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 23, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 23,  
79) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.6198, 5.7665, 7.9505 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 23, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 23,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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