

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.5843, 5.6181, 0.8212)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.5843, 5.6181, 0.8212)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.6446, 5.6423,
0.8152)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A0A0A
RGB	138, 10, 10
RGB Percent	54%, 4%, 4%
CMY	0.4588, 0.9607, 0.9608
CMYK	0.00, 0.93, 0.93, 0.46
HSL	0°, 86%, 29%
HSV	0°, 93%, 54%
XYZ	10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152
YIQ	48.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

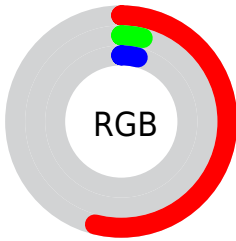
Format	Color
R _Y B	138, 10, 10
Decimal	9046538
CIE Lab	28.49, 49.24, 37.46
CIE LCh	28, 61.868, 37.267
Yxy	5.6423, 0.6224, 0.3299
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287236618 (0xFF8A0A0A)
YUV	48.2720, -18.8681, 78.6915
Hunter-Lab	23.7535, 38.4220, 14.5927

Details

The XYZ color **10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **13.7984, 20.0711, 27.1915**, and the grayscale version is **2.8543, 3.0029, 3.2702**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.6016, 17.1735, 5.4028**, and **3.1419, 1.6197, 0.1470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4814, 5.4037, 0.4906**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9669, 6.1141, 1.4554**.

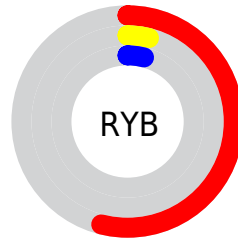
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (4%)

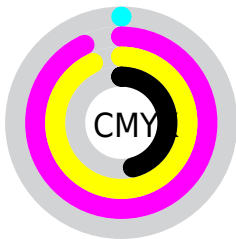
Blue (4%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (4%)

Blue (4%)

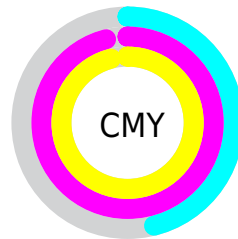


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (93%)

Yellow (93%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (46%)


Magenta (96%)

Yellow (96%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.6446, 5.6423,
0.8152


 10.6446, 5.6423,
0.8152


 189.1719,
155.8512, 100.0195


 5.8939, 2.6288,
0.0000

 26.6399, 17.1843,
5.4549


 2.8207, 0.9412,
0.0000


 38.6152, 26.4817,
10.2464

 1.0597, 0.0000,
0.0000

 53.7294, 38.6424,
17.2463

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 72.3480, 54.0510,
26.8730


 94.8361, 73.0918,
39.5451

 121.5592, 96.1491,

55.6812


 152.8827,
123.6075, 75.6999


 10.6446, 5.6423,
0.8152


 10.6446, 5.6423,
0.8152


 10.4814, 5.4037,
0.4906

 10.9669, 6.1141,
1.4554

 11.5055, 6.9024,
2.5260

 12.2895, 8.0497,
4.0845

 13.3436, 9.5921,
6.1797

 14.6891, 11.5610,
8.8545

■ 16.3455, 13.9849,
12.1475

■ 18.3306, 16.8896,
16.0938

■ 20.6607, 20.2991,
20.7261

■ 23.3511, 24.2358,
26.0748

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.3348, 5.6423, 4.4485



10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152



7.6290, 5.6423, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152



1.8589, 5.6423, 2.0036



6.0466, 5.6423, 35.8315

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152



13.7984, 20.0711, 27.1915

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.5968, 5.6423, 32.5805



10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152



1.6861, 5.6423, 8.2222

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152



2.7939, 5.6423, 0.0000



2.2020, 5.6423, 20.2560



9.1597, 5.6423, 27.1903

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152



5.6141, 5.6423, 0.0000



2.2020, 5.6423, 20.2560



5.1192, 5.6423, 36.1647

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6447, 5.6427, 0.8153



30.1938, 26.6727, 24.1590



15.1772, 7.4553, 24.6837



6.4901, 5.5696, 4.8577



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6447, 5.6427, 0.8153



18.4753, 9.5248, 0.8647



12.9848, 10.3227, 1.5953



5.0329, 5.0487, 5.2616



9.6100, 4.9545, 0.4498



0.0638, 0.0329, 0.0030

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.7984, 20.0711, 27.1915



24.1011, 35.2643, 47.9196



7.1614, 6.7971, 24.9792



5.1728, 5.6885, 6.4312



12.5363, 18.3429, 24.9255



0.0833, 0.1219, 0.1656

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

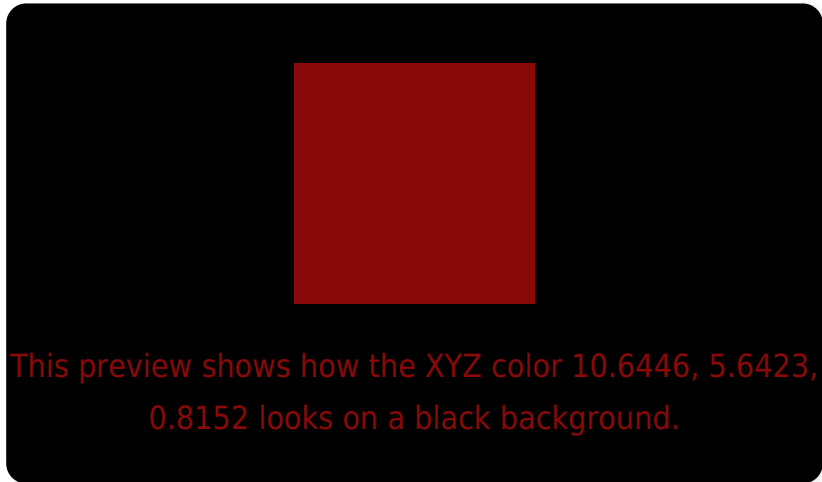
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

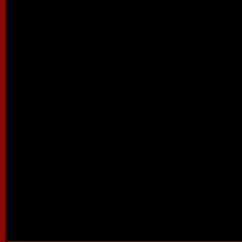
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6446, 5.6423,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152

Protanopia

5.4769, 6.0579, 1.6397

Deuteranopia

5.9727, 5.9711, 0.8377



Tritanopia

10.6127, 5.6662, 0.5343

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152

Protanomaly

6.4217, 4.8669, 1.1732

Deuteranomaly

6.9428, 5.0269, 0.7192

Tritanomaly

10.6228, 5.6514, 0.6458

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152

Achromatopsia

2.8094, 2.9557, 3.2187

Achromatomaly

4.2541, 3.0089, 1.8699

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 10, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 10, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 10, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 10, 10) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 10, 10) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 10, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 10, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 10, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 10, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 10,  
10) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.6446, 5.6423, 0.8152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 10, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138, 10,  
10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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