

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549)
contains.

XYZ(10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(10.6049, 10.6862,
10.9549)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	635A59
RGB	99, 90, 89
RGB Percent	39%, 35%, 35%
CMY	0.6118, 0.6470, 0.6510
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.10, 0.61
HSL	6°, 5%, 37%
HSV	6°, 10%, 39%
XYZ	10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549
YIQ	92.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	99, 90, 89
Decimal	6511193
CIELab	39.05, 3.44, 1.89
CIElCh	39, 3.922, 28.767
Yxy	10.6862, 0.3289, 0.3314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284701273 (0xFF635A59)
YUV	92.5770, -1.7635, 5.6330
Hunter-Lab	32.6898, 0.7002, 3.0137

Details

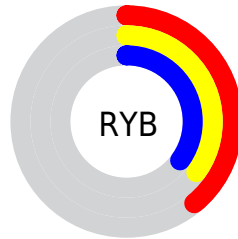
The XYZ color **10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **10.7396, 11.7599, 13.5083**, and the grayscale version is **10.3093, 10.8462, 11.8115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.6160, 27.1043, 28.2549**, and **2.7715, 2.7133, 2.7605** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.5100, 9.1175, 8.6750**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.8464, 12.4584, 13.5599**.

Distribution



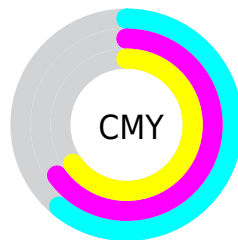
- Red (39%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.6049, 10.6862,
10.9549

■ 10.6049, 10.6862,
10.9549

188.9013,
195.5019, 208.0842

■ 5.8672, 5.8562,
5.9227

■ 26.5667, 27.0784,
28.2121

■ 2.8044, 2.7579,
2.7301

■ 38.5214, 39.4095,
41.2742

■ 1.0512, 1.0067,
0.9585

■ 53.6126, 55.0097,
57.8501

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 72.2054, 74.2634,
78.3582

■ 94.6654, 97.5551,
103.2171

121.3578,

125.2692, 132.8454

152.6480,
157.7900, 167.6616

■ 10.6049, 10.6862,
10.9549

■ 10.6049, 10.6862,
10.9549

■ 9.5100, 9.1175,
8.6750

■ 11.8464, 12.4584,
13.5599

■ 8.5554, 7.7436,
6.7067

■ 13.2388, 14.4395,
16.5012

■ 7.7358, 6.5573,
5.0366

■ 14.7871, 16.6366,
19.7905

■ 7.0449, 5.5506,
3.6503

■ 16.4960, 19.0559,
23.4388

■ 6.4762, 4.7146,
2.5319

■ 18.3700, 21.7033,
27.4563

■ 6.0226, 4.0398,
1.6640

■ 20.4133, 24.5847,
31.8531

■ 5.6761, 3.5158,
1.0274

■ 22.6301, 27.7056,
36.6388

■ 5.4277, 3.1310,
0.5997

■ 25.0243, 31.0715,
41.8225

■ 5.2533, 2.8679,
0.2767

■ 27.5998, 34.6874,
47.4134

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6689, 10.6862, 11.6665



10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549



10.4203, 10.6862, 10.4450

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549



9.7323, 10.6862, 10.9033



10.1461, 10.6862, 13.1382

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549



10.7396, 11.7599, 13.5083

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.8980, 10.6862, 12.9131



10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549



9.6616, 10.6862, 11.6044

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549



9.9164, 10.6862, 10.4161



9.7217, 10.6862, 12.3436



10.4013, 10.6862, 12.9464

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549



10.2554, 10.6862, 10.2770



9.7217, 10.6862, 12.3436



10.0591, 10.6862, 13.1086

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6052, 10.6867, 10.9551



19.6596, 20.4274, 21.8679



10.9227, 10.6794, 13.0410



4.6390, 4.8070, 5.1265



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6052, 10.6867, 10.9551



17.7500, 17.6992, 17.8684



11.0411, 11.5585, 11.1004



2.5915, 2.6264, 2.7145



6.8300, 3.7027, 0.3547



36.1602, 19.1264, 1.7859

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7396, 11.7599, 13.5083



18.0277, 19.9167, 23.1441



10.2864, 10.8536, 13.3573



2.6202, 2.8549, 3.2582



7.5858, 10.4743, 17.0096



40.1605, 55.2272, 90.7478

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

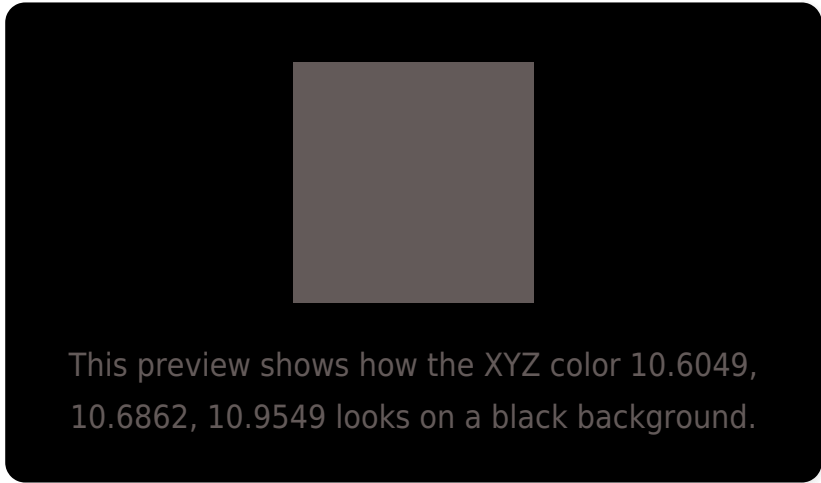
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

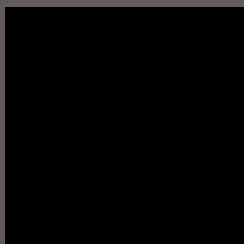
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6049, 10.6862,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549

Protanopia

10.2887, 10.7722, 11.2098

Deuteranopia

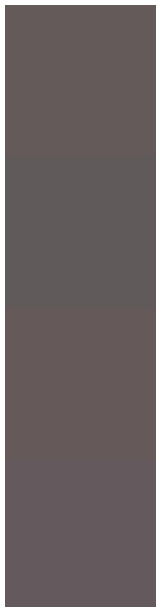
10.8550, 10.6908, 10.9426



Tritanopia

10.9392, 10.6986, 12.5548

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549

Protanomaly

10.4104, 10.7072, 11.1909

Deuteranomaly

10.7424, 10.6327, 10.9373

Tritanomaly

10.8037, 10.6444, 11.8411

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549

Achromatopsia

10.4043, 10.9462, 11.9204

Achromatomaly

10.4782, 10.8599, 11.6691

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(99, 90, 89) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 90, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 90, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 90, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 90, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 90, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 90, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 90, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 90, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 90, 89)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.6049, 10.6862, 10.9549 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 90, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 90,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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