

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.6195, 5.6839, 10.3629)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.6195, 5.6839, 10.3629)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.6327, 5.6891,
10.4352)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D165B
RGB	125, 22, 91
RGB Percent	49%, 9%, 36%
CMY	0.5098, 0.9137, 0.6431
CMYK	0.00, 0.82, 0.27, 0.51
HSL	320°, 70%, 29%
HSV	320°, 82%, 49%
XYZ	10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352
YIQ	60.6630, 39.2390, 43.2950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

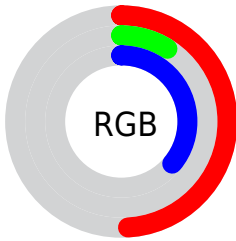
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 22, 91
Decimal	8197723
CIE _{Lab}	28.61, 48.62, -14.60
CIE _{LCh}	29, 50.763, 343.279
Yxy	5.6891, 0.3974, 0.2126
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286387803 (0xFF7D165B)
YUV	60.6630, 14.9561, 56.4235
Hunter-Lab	23.8518, 37.8312, -9.2431

Details

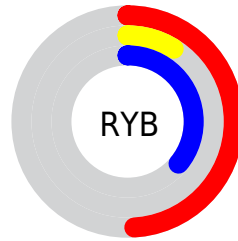
The XYZ color **10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **8.3787, 15.1236, 6.2198**, and the grayscale version is **4.3640, 4.5913, 4.9999**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.6598, 17.3388, 27.1409**, and **3.1461, 1.5672, 2.6193** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2758, 5.2524, 9.4620**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1154, 6.3618, 11.4988**.

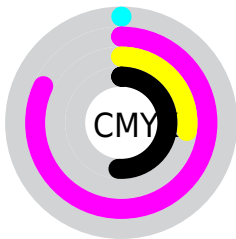
Distribution



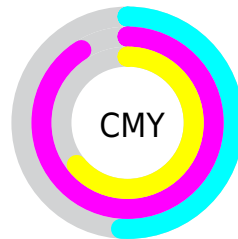
- Red (49%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (51%)





- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.6327, 5.6891,
10.4352


 10.6327, 5.6891,
10.4352


189.0908,
156.2781, 204.3469


 5.8859, 2.6570,
5.5791

 26.6180, 17.2826,
27.2314


 2.8158, 0.9554,
2.5263


 38.5871, 26.6127,
40.0086

 1.0571, 0.0000,
0.8540

 53.6944, 38.8110,
56.2632

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 72.3052, 54.2618,
76.4139

 94.7849, 73.3495,
100.8790

 121.4989, 96.4585,

130.0772

152.8124,
123.9733, 164.4270

10.6327, 5.6891,
10.4352

10.6327, 5.6891,
10.4352

10.2758, 5.2524,
9.4620

11.1154, 6.3618,
11.4988

10.0474, 4.9960,
8.7680

11.7385, 7.2992,
12.6581

12.5149, 8.5272,
13.9184

13.4559, 10.0678,
15.2840

14.5715, 11.9413,
16.7591

■ 15.8712, 14.1660,
18.3474

■ 17.3636, 16.7590,
20.0526

■ 19.0567, 19.7362,
21.8779

■ 20.9582, 23.1128,
23.8266

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.9064, 5.6891, 20.0995



10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352



10.7375, 5.6891, 3.7829

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352



4.4821, 5.6891, 0.0000



2.8505, 5.6891, 18.9796

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352



8.3787, 15.1236, 6.2198

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.2187, 5.6891, 9.4601



10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352



2.9708, 5.6891, 0.8654

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352



6.7353, 5.6891, 0.0502



2.2556, 5.6891, 3.2936



4.2665, 5.6891, 26.9275

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352



9.8354, 5.6891, 1.6077



2.2556, 5.6891, 3.2936



2.5593, 5.6891, 15.6551

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6329, 5.6894, 10.4353



27.6374, 24.0185, 31.9202



5.5436, 2.8563, 19.6613



6.1339, 5.2020, 7.0747



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6329, 5.6894, 10.4353



17.9700, 8.9659, 15.4963



9.1428, 5.0934, 2.5889



4.4397, 4.3890, 5.1198



10.4831, 5.2129, 9.1336



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.6329, 5.6894, 10.4353



17.9700, 8.9659, 15.4963



10.2724, 15.8811, 16.1919



4.4397, 4.3890, 5.1198



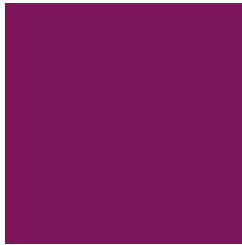
10.4831, 5.2129, 9.1336



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

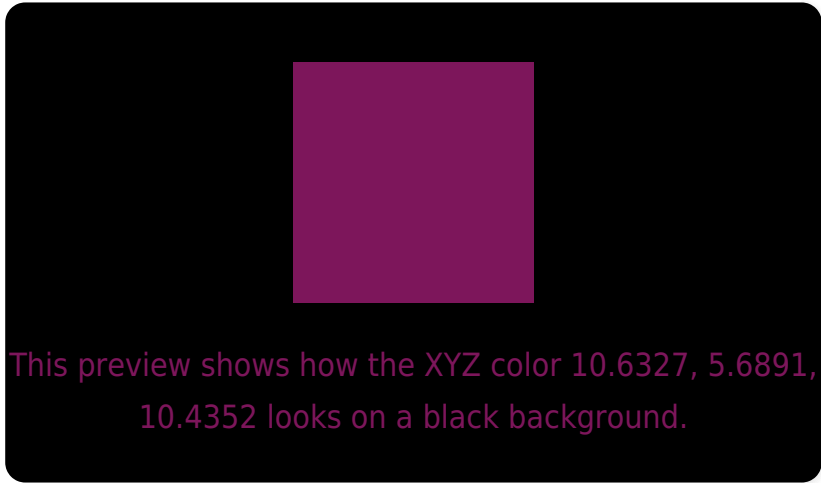
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

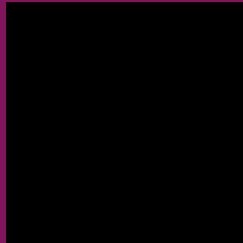
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6327, 5.6891,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352

Protanopia

6.6001, 5.9618, 19.8717

Deuteranopia

6.0907, 6.0191, 9.4351



Tritanopia

9.0619, 5.7497, 2.8227

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352

Protanomaly

6.7809, 4.9152, 15.9206

Deuteranomaly

7.0239, 5.1796, 9.6464

Tritanomaly

9.3855, 5.5515, 4.8518

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352

Achromatopsia

4.4355, 4.6665, 5.0818

Achromatomaly

5.8424, 4.3857, 6.6695

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 22, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 22, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 22, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 22, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 22, 91) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 22, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 22, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 22, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 22, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 22,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.6327, 5.6891, 10.4352 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 22, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125, 22,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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