

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.6412, 12.0230, 32.0923)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.6412, 12.0230, 32.0923)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.6000, 12.0004,
31.8946)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006799
RGB	0, 103, 153
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 60%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5961, 0.4000
CMYK	1.00, 0.33, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	200°, 100%, 30%
HSV	200°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946
YIQ	77.9030, -77.4380, -6.2860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

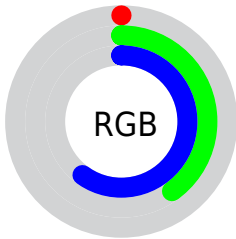
Format	Color
R _Y B	0, 62, 153
Decimal	26521
CIE Lab	41.22, -5.95, -34.18
CIE LCh	41, 34.691, 260.121
Yxy	12.0004, 0.1945, 0.2202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216601 (0xFF006799)
YUV	77.9030, 37.0228, -68.3209
Hunter-Lab	34.6416, -6.0035, -30.3393

Details

The XYZ color **10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **14.2787, 9.0555, 0.9960**, and the grayscale version is **7.1675, 7.5408, 8.2119**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.5969, 29.5501, 63.9764**, and **3.8124, 3.7877, 13.1005** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.5994, 11.9991, 31.8946**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.3149, 13.1297, 32.0752**.

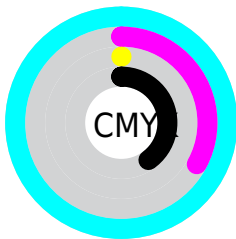
Distribution



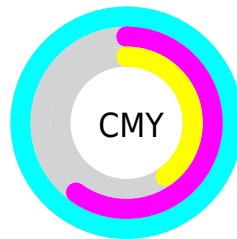
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.6000, 12.0004,
31.8946

■ 10.6000, 12.0004,
31.8946

188.8679,
204.4079, 325.1168

■ 5.8638, 6.7440,
21.0169

■ 26.5576, 29.4958,
63.7418

■ 2.8023, 3.3025,
12.9450

■ 38.5099, 42.5036,
85.5483

■ 1.0501, 1.2916,
7.2604

■ 53.5981, 58.8640,
111.8349

■ 0.0000, 0.1347,
3.5446

■ 72.1878, 78.9613,
143.0200

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.3790

■ 94.6443, 103.1799,
179.5222

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.1252

■ 121.3329,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

131.9043, 221.7600

0.0000

152.6190,
165.5189, 270.1520

■ 10.6000, 12.0004,
31.8946

■ 10.6000, 12.0004,
31.8946

■ 10.5994, 11.9991,
31.8946

■ 11.3149, 13.1297,
32.0752

■ 12.2090, 14.3962,
32.2725

■ 13.3519, 15.8366,
32.4903

■ 14.7715, 17.4660,
32.7300

■ 16.4918, 19.2975,
32.9928

■ 18.5341, 21.3426,
33.2799

■ 20.9174, 23.6120,
33.5923

■ 23.6594, 26.1154,
33.9310

■ 26.7764, 28.8618,
34.2968

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.5899, 12.0004, 26.7561



10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946



13.1432, 12.0004, 30.7538

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946



16.5486, 12.0004, 8.8750



8.0967, 12.0004, 6.0711

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946



14.2787, 9.0555, 0.9960

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.8291, 12.0004, 3.9265



10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946



14.7788, 12.0004, 5.0860

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946



16.8353, 12.0004, 15.5769



12.2519, 12.0004, 3.6476



7.2910, 12.0004, 10.8412

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946



14.7973, 12.0004, 26.6958



12.2519, 12.0004, 3.6476



8.5770, 12.0004, 5.1060

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6005, 12.0008, 31.8949



37.1830, 42.0274, 60.1243



11.9348, 23.0001, 6.6574



7.8343, 8.9259, 13.2275



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6005, 12.0008, 31.8949



18.8073, 21.1390, 57.0610



6.1670, 3.1339, 30.4171



6.2143, 6.6860, 7.8920



8.7914, 9.9794, 26.3706



0.1642, 0.2147, 0.4052

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.5855, 7.7522, 13.5071



27.8221, 13.8466, 23.7208



20.4650, 21.4282, 3.0581



6.3753, 6.2893, 7.3564



12.8962, 6.4127, 11.2446



0.2093, 0.1025, 0.2552

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

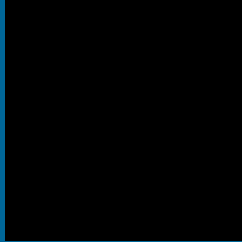
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946.

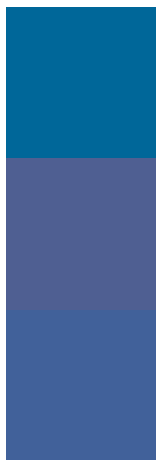


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6000, 12.0004,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946

Protanopia

12.5050, 11.9220, 28.8362

Deuteranopia

12.2874, 12.0063, 32.2417



Tritanopia

8.5149, 11.9861, 18.3878

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946

Protanomaly

11.1079, 11.5834, 30.0841

Deuteranomaly

11.2090, 11.7282, 32.2448

Tritanomaly

9.1165, 11.8930, 22.5840

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946

Achromatopsia

7.2414, 7.6185, 8.2966

Achromatomaly

7.2734, 8.5144, 14.6247

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 103, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(0, 103, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 103, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 103, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 103, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 103, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 103, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 103, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 103, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 103,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.6000, 12.0004, 31.8946 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 103, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 103,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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