

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.6417, 10.6401, 11.0966)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.6417, 10.6401, 11.0966)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.6472, 10.7032,
11.1776)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	635A5A
RGB	99, 90, 90
RGB Percent	39%, 35%, 35%
CMY	0.6118, 0.6470, 0.6471
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.09, 0.61
HSL	0°, 5%, 37%
HSV	0°, 9%, 39%
XYZ	10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776
YIQ	92.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	99, 90, 90
Decimal	6511194
CIELab	39.08, 3.63, 1.31
CIELCh	39, 3.862, 19.859
Yxy	10.7032, 0.3273, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284701274 (0xFF635A5A)
YUV	92.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330
Hunter-Lab	32.7157, 0.8395, 2.6441

Details

The XYZ color **10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **10.9303, 11.9978, 13.5441**, and the grayscale version is **10.3349, 10.8731, 11.8408**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.6894, 27.1336, 28.6416**, and **2.7905, 2.7209, 2.8607** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.4737, 8.9861, 8.8441**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9887, 12.6661, 13.8443**.

Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (35%)

Blue (35%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (35%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.6472, 10.7032,
11.1776

■ 10.6472, 10.7032,
11.1776

189.1896,
195.6198, 209.6630

■ 5.8957, 5.8676,
6.0707

■ 26.6447, 27.1100,
28.6298

■ 2.8218, 2.7648,
2.8187

■ 38.6213, 39.4500,
41.8122

■ 1.0602, 1.0102,
1.0028

■ 53.7371, 55.0604,
58.5235

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 72.3573, 74.3253,
79.1823

■ 94.8473, 97.6294,
104.2071

121.5724,

125.3569, 134.0164

152.8981,
157.8922, 169.0289

■ 10.6472, 10.7032,
11.1776

■ 10.6472, 10.7032,
11.1776

■ 9.4737, 8.9861,
8.8441

■ 11.9887, 12.6661,
13.8443

■ 8.4606, 7.5038,
6.8301

■ 13.5034, 14.8824,
16.8559

■ 7.6014, 6.2464,
5.1218

■ 15.1975, 17.3612,
20.2243

■ 6.8883, 5.2031,
3.7044

■ 17.0767, 20.1108,
23.9606

■ 6.3135, 4.3619,
2.5616

■ 19.1463, 23.1390,
28.0755

■ 5.8678, 3.7096,
1.6757

■ 21.4114, 26.4532,
32.5793

■ 5.5413, 3.2318,
1.0267

■ 23.8770, 30.0608,
37.4817

■ 5.3225, 2.9117,
0.5921

■ 26.5479, 33.9688,
42.7924

■ 5.1606, 2.6747,
0.2701

■ 29.4287, 38.1838,
48.5204

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6697, 10.7032, 11.9061



10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776



10.4965, 10.7032, 10.6005

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776



9.7982, 10.7032, 10.7612



10.0859, 10.7032, 13.1104

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776



10.9303, 11.9978, 13.5441

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.8564, 10.7032, 12.7751



10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776



9.6921, 10.7032, 11.4054

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776



10.0053, 10.7032, 10.3672



9.7132, 10.7032, 12.1437



10.3427, 10.7032, 13.0431

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776



10.3450, 10.7032, 10.3694



9.7132, 10.7032, 12.1437



10.0031, 10.7032, 13.0405

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6475, 10.7037, 11.1778



19.6117, 20.3318, 21.8520



11.0540, 10.8659, 13.3191



4.6253, 4.7797, 5.1220



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6475, 10.7037, 11.1778



17.7932, 17.6708, 18.2364



11.0384, 11.4855, 11.3081



2.5736, 2.5904, 2.7085



6.7079, 3.4585, 0.3140



35.8341, 18.4741, 1.6772

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.9303, 11.9978, 13.5441



18.3884, 20.3950, 23.2174



10.5160, 11.1692, 13.4060



2.6401, 2.8947, 3.2648



8.7489, 12.8005, 17.3973



46.7375, 68.3812, 92.9402

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

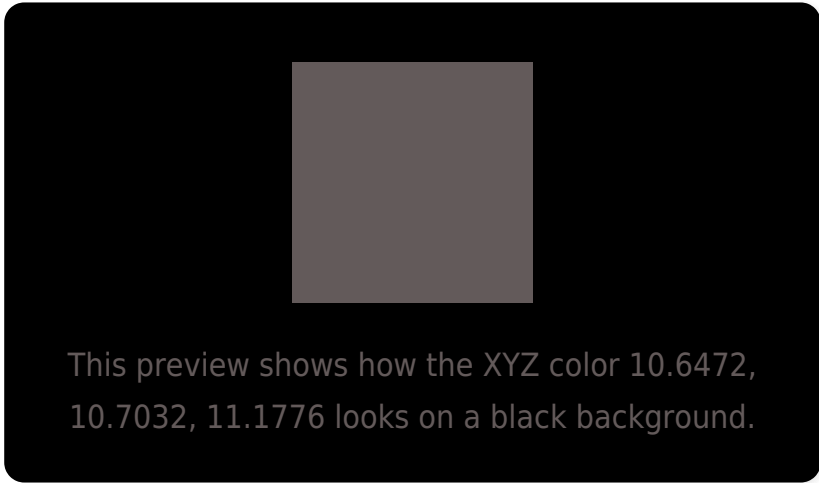
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

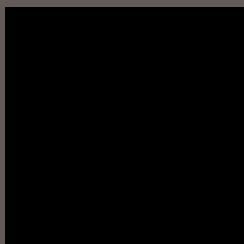
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6472, 10.7032,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776

Protanopia

10.3316, 10.7893, 11.4355

Deuteranopia

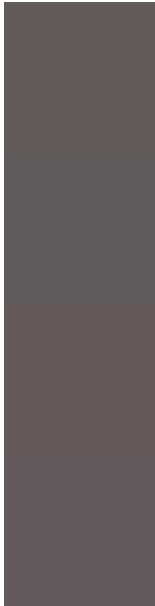
10.8973, 10.7077, 11.1653



Tritanopia

10.9392, 10.6986, 12.5548

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776

Protanomaly

10.4533, 10.7243, 11.4166

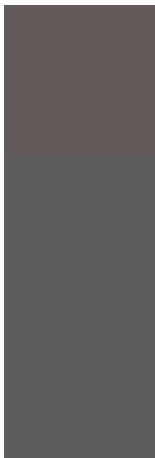
Deuteranomaly

10.7847, 10.6496, 11.1600

Tritanomaly

10.8483, 10.6622, 12.0759

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776

Achromatopsia

10.4043, 10.9462, 11.9204

Achromatomaly

10.4782, 10.8599, 11.6691

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(99, 90, 90) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 90, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 90, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 90, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 90, 90) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 90, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 90, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 90, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 90, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 90, 90)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.6472, 10.7032, 11.1776 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 90, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 90,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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