

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.6693, 9.7650, 1.6699)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.6693, 9.7650, 1.6699)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.6808, 9.7569,
1.6682)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78500C
RGB	120, 80, 12
RGB Percent	47%, 31%, 5%
CMY	0.5294, 0.6863, 0.9529
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.90, 0.53
HSL	38°, 82%, 26%
HSV	38°, 90%, 47%
XYZ	10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682
YIQ	84.2080, 45.6680, -12.6680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

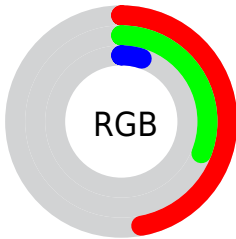
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 120, 12
Decimal	7884812
CIE _{Lab}	37.40, 11.10, 42.40
CIE _{LCh}	37, 43.828, 75.331
Yxy	9.7569, 0.4832, 0.4414
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286074892 (0xFF78500C)
YUV	84.2080, -35.5985, 31.3896
Hunter-Lab	31.2360, 6.3729, 18.6988

Details

The XYZ color **10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **4.7699, 3.8904, 18.2689**, and the grayscale version is **8.5349, 8.9794, 9.7785**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.6243, 25.2784, 8.0334**, and **2.8776, 2.4200, 0.3154** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2999, 9.1014, 1.2140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1158, 10.4694, 2.2993**.

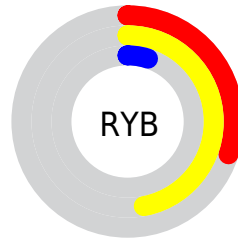
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (31%)

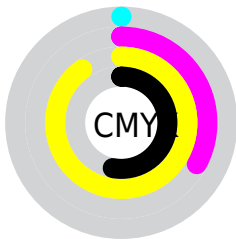
Blue (5%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (5%)

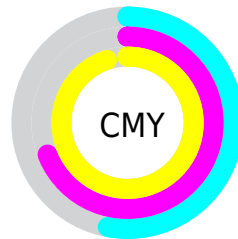


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.6808, 9.7569,
1.6682

■ 10.6808, 9.7569,
1.6682

■ 189.4182,
188.9281, 116.9911

■ 5.9183, 5.2381,
0.3388

■ 26.7066, 25.3372,
8.1121

■ 2.8357, 2.3876,
0.0000

■ 38.7006, 37.1675,
14.1891

■ 1.0675, 0.8195,
0.0000

■ 53.8359, 52.2038,
22.7276


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 72.4778, 70.8304,
34.1462


■ 94.9916, 93.4317,
48.8632


■ 121.7427,


120.3922, 67.2974


 153.0965,
152.0962, 89.8672


 10.6808, 9.7569,
1.6682


 10.6808, 9.7569,
1.6682


 10.2999, 9.1014,
1.2140


 11.1158, 10.4694,
2.2993

 10.2998, 9.1011,
1.2138

 11.6276, 11.2472,
3.2275

 12.2232, 12.0943,
4.4870

 12.9086, 13.0137,
6.1071

 13.6891, 14.0080,
8.1140

■ 14.5694, 15.0797,
10.5312

■ 15.5541, 16.2313,
13.3806

■ 16.6473, 17.4649,
16.6823

■ 17.8529, 18.7826,
20.4552

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.5184, 9.7569, 3.0747



10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682



7.9424, 9.7569, 1.6814

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682



5.0456, 9.7569, 15.1608



13.5741, 9.7569, 25.2561

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682



4.7699, 3.8904, 18.2689

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.7459, 9.7569, 32.9993



10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682



6.0259, 9.7569, 25.4776

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682



5.0350, 9.7569, 7.2263



7.9958, 9.7569, 33.0960



15.4002, 9.7569, 14.9471

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682



6.5352, 9.7569, 2.4310



7.9958, 9.7569, 33.0960



12.6868, 9.7569, 28.4291

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6810, 9.7574, 1.6684



26.0126, 26.9827, 19.6232



8.5292, 4.5169, 3.8393



6.0590, 6.2690, 4.3505



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6810, 9.7574, 1.6684



17.9855, 15.7474, 2.0916



12.8946, 16.6102, 2.8744



4.1889, 4.3962, 4.2523



11.2227, 9.9012, 1.3196



52.6981, 45.5597, 6.0164

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.7699, 3.8904, 18.2689



7.4561, 5.3719, 31.8970



3.9129, 1.8208, 17.9146



3.9080, 4.1142, 5.0313



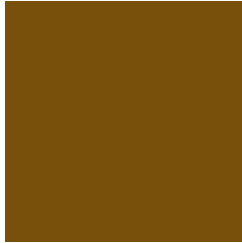
4.6863, 3.4550, 19.8052



21.6002, 14.9731, 94.2214

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

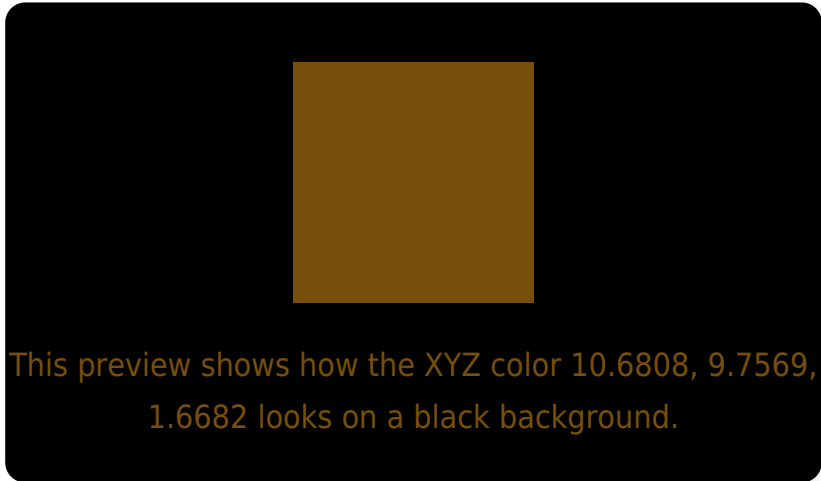
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

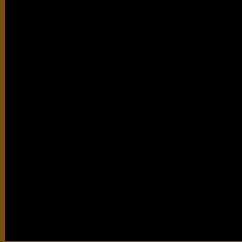
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6808, 9.7569,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682

Protanopia

8.9141, 9.8886, 1.8908

Deuteranopia

9.8962, 9.8029, 1.6003



Tritanopia

12.0651, 9.6877, 8.8234

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682

Protanomaly

9.4705, 9.8131, 1.8104

Deuteranomaly

10.2128, 9.8511, 1.6216

Tritanomaly

11.3001, 9.5823, 4.8684

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682

Achromatopsia

8.4267, 8.8656, 9.6546

Achromatomaly

8.7867, 9.0334, 5.2835

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 80, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 80, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 80, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 80, 12) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 80, 12) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 80, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 80, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 80, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 80, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 80,  
12) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.6808, 9.7569, 1.6682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 80, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120, 80,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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