

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.7192, 6.2359, 38.6521)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.7192, 6.2359, 38.6521)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.7669, 6.2814,
38.6752)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4530AA
RGB	69, 48, 170
RGB Percent	27%, 19%, 67%
CMY	0.7294, 0.8118, 0.3333
CMYK	0.59, 0.72, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	250°, 56%, 43%
HSV	250°, 72%, 67%
XYZ	10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752
YIQ	68.1870, -26.6460, 42.3940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

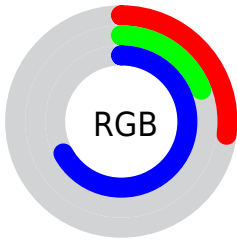
Format	Color
R _{YB}	69, 48, 170
Decimal	4534442
CIE _{Lab}	30.11, 43.17, -62.14
CIE _{LCh}	30, 75.663, 304.791
Y _{xy}	6.2814, 0.1932, 0.1127
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282724522 (0xFF4530AA)
Y _{UV}	68.1870, 50.1938, 0.7130
Hunter-Lab	25.0627, 32.8235, -73.9487

Details

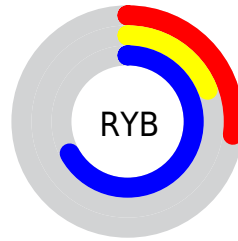
The XYZ color **10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333399**. A complement of this color would be **27.3018, 35.3521, 8.1809**, and the grayscale version is **5.4497, 5.7335, 6.2438**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.8124, 18.4459, 74.0988**, and **3.2326, 1.3278, 16.9155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.3175, 4.6925, 38.4451**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.7202, 8.5254, 39.0056**.

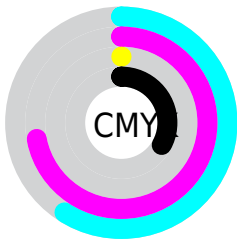
Distribution



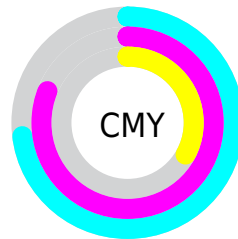
- Red (27%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.7669, 6.2814,
38.6752

■ 10.7669, 6.2814,
38.6752

190.0028,
161.5516, 355.8922

■ 5.9764, 3.0169,
26.2013

■ 26.8651, 18.5122,
74.3567

■ 2.8713, 1.1406,
16.7471

■ 38.9036, 28.2474,
98.4014

■ 1.0861, 0.0124,
9.8943

■ 54.0887, 40.9083,
127.1401

■ 0.0134, 0.0000,
5.2243

■ 72.7860, 56.8792,
160.9913

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.3184

■ 95.3607, 76.5446,
200.3736

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7415

■ 122.1781,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

100.2889, 245.7055

0.0000

153.6037,
128.4964, 297.4055

■ 10.7669, 6.2814,
38.6752

■ 10.7669, 6.2814,
38.6752

■ 9.3175, 4.6925,
38.4451

■ 12.7202, 8.5254,
39.0056

■ 8.3216, 3.6849,
38.3031

■ 15.2189, 11.4865,
39.4454

■ 7.7701, 3.1675,
38.2323

■ 18.3013, 15.2200,
40.0036

■ 22.0020, 19.7754,
40.6878

■ 26.3526, 25.1982,
41.5052

■ 31.3828, 31.5304,
42.4623

■ 37.1201, 38.8115,
43.5653

■ 43.5908, 47.0784,
44.8200

■ 50.8196, 56.3661,
46.2317

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.5580, 6.2814, 50.5868



10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752



14.5079, 6.2814, 18.9835

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752



9.3707, 6.2814, 0.0000



1.4274, 6.2814, 8.6033

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752



27.3018, 35.3521, 8.1809

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.6821, 6.2814, 1.4381



10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752



5.4188, 6.2814, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752



13.5028, 6.2814, 0.6114



2.8637, 6.2814, 0.0000



1.9389, 6.2814, 25.1266

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752



15.6600, 6.2814, 8.7700



2.8637, 6.2814, 0.0000



1.4290, 6.2814, 5.2152

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.7673, 6.2815, 38.6754



47.2774, 45.0473, 75.2051



19.3279, 25.2372, 41.8830



10.0605, 9.4423, 16.6800



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.7673, 6.2815, 38.6754



15.7647, 7.3359, 69.5870



17.4167, 9.7094, 38.9866



7.2478, 7.3603, 9.4570



5.7498, 2.3476, 28.1256



0.1738, 0.0746, 0.6859

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.0590, 12.8297, 29.6926



39.7552, 20.1631, 49.9409



18.9962, 31.0704, 7.7922



7.7856, 7.6441, 9.1884



15.7345, 7.7025, 19.2115



0.3970, 0.1931, 0.5421

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

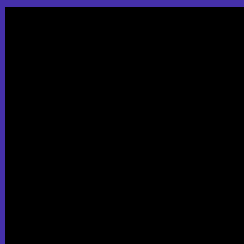
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.7669, 6.2814,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752

Protanopia

7.1622, 6.2699, 27.2183

Deuteranopia

6.0206, 6.2203, 19.9521



Tritanopia

4.8600, 6.3649, 9.3599

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752

Protanomaly

7.8194, 5.8441, 30.8529

Deuteranomaly

7.0420, 5.7966, 25.9470

Tritanomaly

6.1404, 5.7876, 17.0131

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752

Achromatopsia

5.4944, 5.7805, 6.2950

Achromatomaly

6.6024, 5.5864, 14.0949

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 48, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 48, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 48, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 48, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 48, 170) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 48, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 48, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 48, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 48, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 48,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.7669, 6.2814, 38.6752 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 48, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 48,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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