

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.7222, 11.2816, 12.2860)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.7222, 11.2816, 12.2860)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.6392, 11.1932,
12.1894)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E5E5E
RGB	94, 94, 94
RGB Percent	37%, 37%, 37%
CMY	0.6314, 0.6314, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	89°, 0%, 37%
HSV	89°, 0%, 37%
XYZ	10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894
YIQ	94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	94, 94, 94
Decimal	6184542
CIELab	39.90, 0.00, -0.01
CIElCh	40, 0.006, 300.930
Yxy	11.1932, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284374622 (0xFF5E5E5E)
YUV	94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	33.4562, -1.7848, 1.8177

Details

The XYZ color **10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **10.6395, 11.1934, 12.1899**, and the grayscale version is **10.6396, 11.1937, 12.1899**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.5089, 27.8894, 30.3716**, and **2.8094, 2.9557, 3.2187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7870, 10.8000, 10.0801**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.5713, 11.6223, 14.5711**.

Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (37%)

Blue (37%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (37%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.6392, 11.1932,
12.1894

■ 10.6392, 11.1932,
12.1894

189.1351,
198.9883, 216.6774

■ 5.8903, 6.1969,
6.7487

■ 26.6299, 28.0169,
30.5091

■ 2.8185, 2.9652,
3.2294

■ 38.6025, 40.6131,
44.2252

■ 1.0585, 1.1136,
1.2129

■ 53.7136, 56.5114,
61.5369

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 72.3286, 76.0962,
82.8627

94.8129, 99.7519,
108.6210

121.5318,

127.8629, 139.2306

152.8508,
160.8135, 175.1099

■ 10.6392, 11.1932,
12.1894

■ 10.6392, 11.1932,
12.1894

■ 9.7870, 10.8000,
10.0801

■ 11.5713, 11.6223,
14.5711

■ 9.0115, 10.4403,
8.2328

■ 12.5846, 12.0868,
17.2338

■ 8.3105, 10.1135,
6.6375

■ 13.6815, 12.5880,
20.1864

■ 7.6815, 9.8185,
5.2832

■ 14.8640, 13.1269,
23.4374

■ 7.1216, 9.5543,
4.1581

■ 16.1342, 13.7043,
26.9947

■ 6.6280, 9.3194,
3.2495

■ 17.4939, 14.3209,
30.8663

■ 6.1974, 9.1126,
2.5434

■ 18.9449, 14.9777,
35.0594

■ 5.8263, 8.9324,
2.0242

■ 20.4891, 15.6752,
39.5814

■ 5.5107, 8.7771,
1.6736

■ 22.1280, 16.4143,
44.4393

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6388, 11.1932, 12.1897



10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894



10.6395, 11.1932, 12.1886

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894



10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1855



10.6380, 11.1932, 12.1875

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894



10.6395, 11.1934, 12.1899

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6381, 11.1932, 12.1864



10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894



10.6388, 11.1932, 12.1853

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894



10.6395, 11.1932, 12.1863



10.6384, 11.1932, 12.1856



10.6381, 11.1932, 12.1886

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894



10.6396, 11.1932, 12.1878



10.6384, 11.1932, 12.1856



10.6380, 11.1932, 12.1871

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6395, 11.1937, 12.1896



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



10.6395, 11.1936, 12.1896



4.4639, 4.6964, 5.1144



48.1978, 50.7079, 55.2208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6395, 11.1937, 12.1896



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



10.6394, 11.1936, 12.1896



2.5865, 2.7212, 2.9634



7.1812, 11.9235, 1.9230



38.2946, 64.7624, 10.4821

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.6395, 11.1934, 12.1899



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



10.6395, 11.1935, 12.1899



2.5865, 2.7212, 2.9634



4.2866, 1.8869, 14.7904



22.4532, 9.8067, 80.9452

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

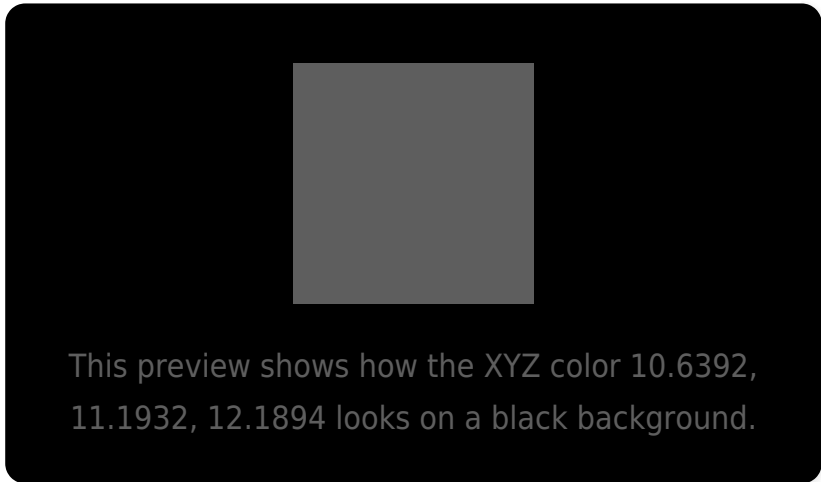
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

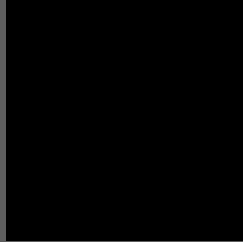
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894.

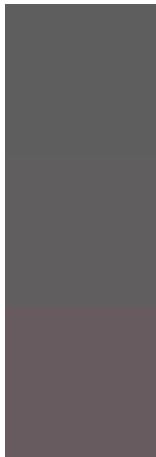


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6392, 11.1932,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

Protanopia

10.8470, 11.3004, 12.1992

Deuteranopia

11.4002, 11.1920, 12.3859



Tritanopia

10.9339, 11.1817, 13.6386

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

Protanomaly

10.7424, 11.2465, 12.1943

Deuteranomaly

11.1482, 11.1898, 12.3988

Tritanomaly

10.8383, 11.1434, 13.1349

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

Achromatopsia

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

Achromatomaly

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(94, 94, 94) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 94, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 94, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 94, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 94, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 94, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 94, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 94, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 94, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 94, 94)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 94, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 94,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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