

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.7357, 7.2647, 1.5116)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.7357, 7.2647, 1.5116)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.6702, 7.2435,
1.4976)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	833314
RGB	131, 51, 20
RGB Percent	51%, 20%, 8%
CMY	0.4863, 0.8000, 0.9216
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.85, 0.49
HSL	17°, 74%, 30%
HSV	17°, 85%, 51%
XYZ	10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976
YIQ	71.3860, 57.6310, 7.3190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

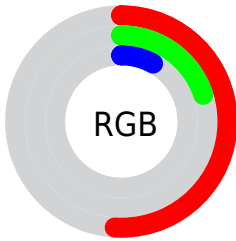
Format	Color
R_{YB}	131, 63, 20
Decimal	8598292
CIE Lab	32.35, 32.78, 35.45
CIE LCh	32, 48.281, 47.246
Yxy	7.2435, 0.5497, 0.3732
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286788372 (0xFF833314)
YUV	71.3860, -25.3333, 52.2815
Hunter-Lab	26.9138, 23.6689, 15.5405

Details

The XYZ color **10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **8.9420, 10.9009, 23.1054**, and the grayscale version is **6.0899, 6.4070, 6.9773**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.7465, 20.4431, 7.5373**, and **2.8240, 1.4558, 0.1322** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2104, 6.4656, 0.9080**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.2753, 8.2143, 2.4376**.

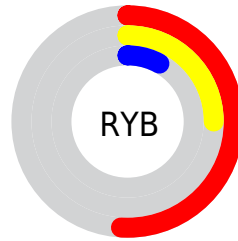
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (20%)

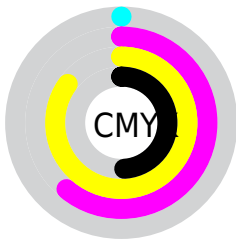
Blue (8%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (8%)

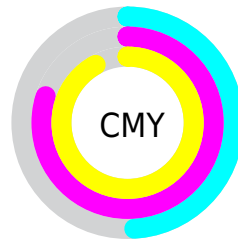


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (85%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.6702, 7.2435,
1.4976

10.6702, 7.2435,
1.4976

189.3461,
169.6719, 114.0106

5.9112, 3.6148,
0.2161

26.6871, 20.4614,
7.6152

2.8313, 1.4605,
0.0000

38.6756, 30.8195,
13.4652

1.0652, 0.2607,
0.0000

53.8047, 44.1894,
21.7341

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


72.4398, 60.9557,
32.8404

94.9461, 81.5027,
47.2027


121.6890,


106.2148, 65.2395


 153.0339,
135.4764, 87.3693


 10.6702, 7.2435,
1.4976


 10.6702, 7.2435,
1.4976


 10.2104, 6.4656,
0.9080

 11.2753, 8.2143,
2.4376

 10.0089, 6.1231,
0.6543

 12.0403, 9.3903,
3.7836

 12.9770, 10.7836,
5.5763

 14.0960, 12.4048,
7.8512

 15.4071, 14.2638,
10.6403

■ 16.9189, 16.3701,
13.9727

■ 18.6400, 18.7324,
17.8755

■ 20.5781, 21.3591,
22.3737

■ 22.7407, 24.2582,
27.4910

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5395, 7.2435, 4.4821



10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976



7.9959, 7.2435, 0.6079

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976



3.1932, 7.2435, 5.2322



8.4028, 7.2435, 29.5453

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976



8.9420, 10.9009, 23.1054

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.8816, 7.2435, 30.2208



10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976



3.2517, 7.2435, 12.6867

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976



3.9353, 7.2435, 1.7627



4.1208, 7.2435, 22.8329



11.0292, 7.2435, 21.3249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976



6.2987, 7.2435, 0.5515



4.1208, 7.2435, 22.8329



7.5060, 7.2435, 30.7842

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6704, 7.2439, 1.4977



30.0553, 28.9793, 24.4790



11.9788, 6.2731, 12.9944



6.8009, 6.4742, 5.2624



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6704, 7.2439, 1.4977



17.8075, 10.7323, 1.1330



14.5481, 14.9993, 2.7903



4.7707, 4.8849, 4.9208



9.8544, 6.0313, 0.6448



0.0397, 0.0319, 0.0041

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.9420, 10.9009, 23.1054



14.4353, 17.1323, 40.9992



5.3584, 3.7337, 21.9108



4.6946, 5.0648, 5.9309



8.0109, 9.5695, 22.5616



0.0339, 0.0455, 0.0802

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

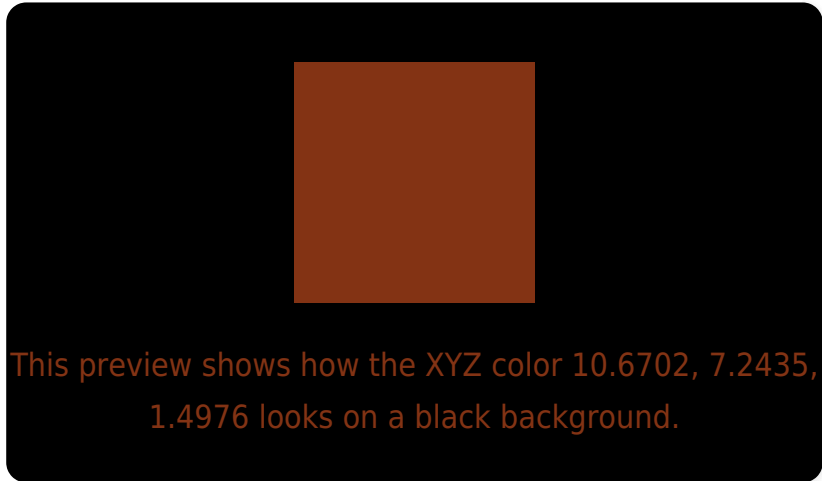
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

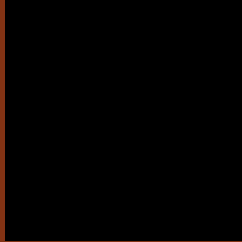
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6702, 7.2435,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976

Protanopia

6.6895, 7.3653, 2.1060

Deuteranopia

7.3616, 7.3262, 1.2845



Tritanopia

11.1702, 7.2585, 3.9443

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976

Protanomaly

7.7115, 7.0250, 1.8137

Deuteranomaly

8.2696, 7.0609, 1.3078

Tritanomaly

10.9970, 7.2554, 2.8283

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976

Achromatopsia

5.9891, 6.3010, 6.8618

Achromatomaly

6.9674, 6.2419, 4.0864

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 51, 20)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 51, 20)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 51, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 51, 20) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 51, 20) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 51, 20) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 51, 20)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 51, 20); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 51, 20);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 51,  
20) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.6702, 7.2435, 1.4976 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 51, 20) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131, 51,  
20) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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