

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.7430, 15.3932, 28.9727)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.7430, 15.3932, 28.9727)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(12.1170, 16.1795,
28.8699)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007B90
RGB	0, 123, 144
RGB Percent	0%, 48%, 56%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5176, 0.4353
CMYK	1.00, 0.15, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	189°, 100%, 28%
HSV	189°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699
YIQ	88.6170, -80.0490, -19.5450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

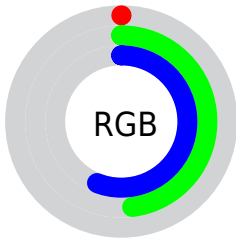
Format	Color
RYB	0, 66, 144
Decimal	31632
CIELab	47.21, -20.81, -19.51
CIELCh	47, 28.521, 223.150
Yxy	16.1795, 0.2120, 0.2830
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221712 (0xFF007B90)
YUV	88.6170, 27.3038, -77.7171
Hunter-Lab	40.2237, -16.6202, -14.3977

Details

The XYZ color **12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **11.7704, 6.4666, 0.6285**, and the grayscale version is **9.3671, 9.8549, 10.7320**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.3745, 37.0127, 59.0220**, and **4.4692, 5.7057, 11.4554** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.1168, 16.1791, 28.8701**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.5683, 16.8034, 28.9669**.

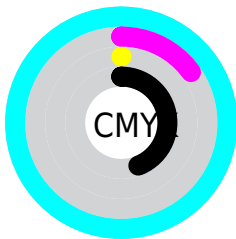
Distribution



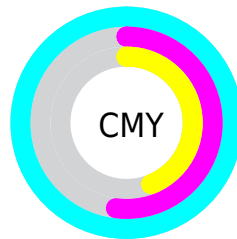
- Red (0%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.1170, 16.1795,
28.8699

12.1170, 16.1795,
28.8699

198.9325,
230.3986, 310.6423

6.8962, 9.6513,
18.7377

29.3230, 36.9095,
58.9100

3.4430, 5.1684,
11.3060

42.0389, 51.8801,
79.6550

1.3921, 2.3464,
6.1563

57.9839, 70.4336,
104.7747

0.2506, 0.7981,
2.8700

77.5234, 92.9544,
134.6876

0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0287

101.0226,
119.8270, 169.8123

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

128.8469,

151.4355, 210.5673

161.3618,
188.1646, 257.3711

■ 12.1170, 16.1795,
28.8699

■ 12.1170, 16.1795,
28.8699

■ 12.1168, 16.1791,
28.8701

■ 12.5683, 16.8034,
28.9669

■ 13.1513, 17.5033,
29.0712

■ 13.9299, 18.3123,
29.1863

■ 14.9277, 19.2429,
29.3134

■ 16.1649, 20.3053,
29.4532

■ 17.6593, 21.5089,
29.6068

■ 19.4271, 22.8621,
29.7748

■ 21.4832, 24.3725,
29.9580

■ 23.8411, 26.0472,
30.1569

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.1385, 16.1795, 20.9543



12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699



14.0203, 16.1795, 34.4462

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699



20.4787, 16.1795, 21.9377



14.3054, 16.1795, 7.2891

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699



11.7704, 6.4666, 0.6285

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.8209, 16.1795, 7.4182



12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699



20.5766, 16.1795, 14.6538

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699



18.9231, 16.1795, 29.7566



19.1774, 16.1795, 9.7496



12.3061, 16.1795, 9.3301

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699



15.6450, 16.1795, 35.3499



19.1774, 16.1795, 9.7496



15.1143, 16.1795, 7.1010

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.1175, 16.1801, 28.8703



34.0530, 40.1643, 52.4957



10.0931, 19.9947, 3.9534



7.5283, 8.9980, 12.0122



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.1175, 16.1801, 28.8703



21.2770, 28.3478, 50.8883



6.2991, 4.5431, 26.9308



5.4942, 5.9841, 6.8942



10.5646, 14.1152, 25.1448



0.1128, 0.1586, 0.2443

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0772, 7.3600, 19.3653



26.5442, 12.9611, 33.9035



15.2608, 13.4474, 1.7919



5.5929, 5.4977, 6.6203



13.1356, 6.4113, 16.8974



0.1316, 0.0637, 0.1930

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

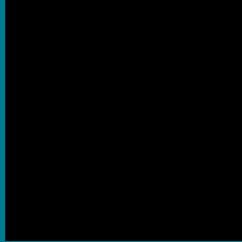
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699.

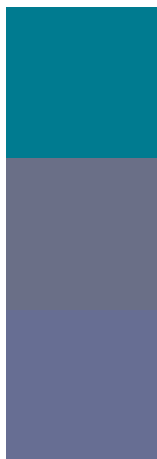


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 12.1170, 16.1795,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699

Protanopia

16.0015, 16.1823, 25.2018

Deuteranopia

16.4359, 16.1420, 29.8532

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699

Protanomaly

13.0329, 15.2897, 26.3091

Deuteranomaly

13.5658, 15.4950, 29.4700

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699

Achromatopsia

9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790

Achromatomaly

9.1013, 11.2813, 16.1658

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 123, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 123, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 123, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 123, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 123, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 123, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 123, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 123, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 123, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 123,  
144) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 12.1170, 16.1795, 28.8699 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 123, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 123,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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