

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.7530, 8.1756, 1.7540)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.7530, 8.1756, 1.7540)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.6747, 8.1250,
1.7647)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F3F16
RGB	127, 63, 22
RGB Percent	50%, 25%, 9%
CMY	0.5020, 0.7529, 0.9137
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.83, 0.50
HSL	23°, 70%, 29%
HSV	23°, 83%, 50%
XYZ	10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647
YIQ	77.4620, 51.3050, 0.8170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

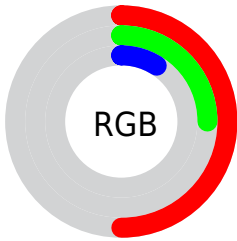
Format	Color
RYB	127, 89, 22
Decimal	8339222
CIELab	34.24, 24.68, 36.01
CIELCh	34, 43.654, 55.579
Yxy	8.1250, 0.5191, 0.3951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286529302 (0xFF7F3F16)
YUV	77.4620, -27.3428, 43.4448
Hunter-Lab	28.5044, 16.9644, 16.2824

Details

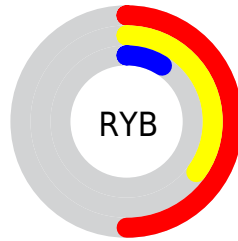
The XYZ color **10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **7.4890, 8.3577, 21.2969**, and the grayscale version is **7.1835, 7.5576, 8.2302**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.6047, 22.1960, 8.3509**, and **2.8729, 1.7786, 0.1919** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.1820, 7.2899, 1.1375**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.2883, 9.1057, 2.7295**.

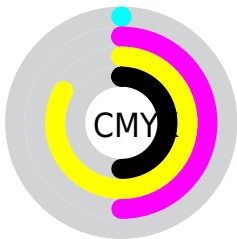
Distribution



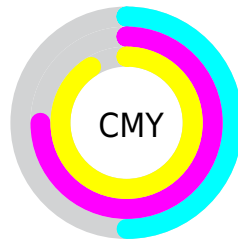
- Red (50%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (9%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (9%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.6747, 8.1250,
1.7647

■ 10.6747, 8.1250,
1.7647

189.3767,
176.7092, 118.6089

■ 5.9142, 4.1750,
0.4045

■ 26.6954, 22.2031,
8.3869

■ 2.8331, 1.7720,
0.0000

■ 38.6862, 33.1001,
14.5874

■ 1.0662, 0.4696,
0.0000

■ 53.8180, 47.0815,
23.2721

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 72.4559, 64.5318,
34.8597

■ 94.9654, 85.8353,
49.7686


■ 121.7118,


111.3764, 68.4174

 153.0605,
141.5396, 91.2247


 10.6747, 8.1250,
1.7647


 10.6747, 8.1250,
1.7647


 10.1820, 7.2899,
1.1375


 11.2883, 9.1057,
2.7295

 9.8757, 6.7587,
0.7841

 12.0325, 10.2385,
4.0739

 12.9164, 11.5310,
5.8339

 13.9480, 12.9898,
8.0409

 15.1345, 14.6210,
10.7234

■ 16.4828, 16.4305,
13.9076

■ 17.9992, 18.4237,
17.6177

■ 19.6896, 20.6060,
21.8761

■ 21.5597, 22.9824,
26.7043

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.7473, 8.1250, 4.2374



10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647



8.0882, 8.1250, 1.0897

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647



3.9394, 8.1250, 7.8552



9.9195, 8.1250, 27.2255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647



7.4890, 8.3577, 21.2969

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.3681, 8.1250, 30.0042



10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647



4.2296, 8.1250, 15.9690

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647



4.4752, 8.1250, 3.2355



5.3721, 8.1250, 25.1018



12.2511, 8.1250, 18.7655

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647



6.5350, 8.1250, 1.2053



5.3721, 8.1250, 25.1018



9.0459, 8.1250, 28.9964

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6749, 8.1254, 1.7648



28.7819, 28.4442, 23.1459



10.7493, 5.7699, 9.5105



6.5702, 6.4338, 5.0203



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6749, 8.1254, 1.7648



17.6156, 11.9496, 1.4257



14.9993, 16.7743, 3.2063



4.4548, 4.5983, 4.5729



9.9588, 6.8139, 0.7903



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.4890, 8.3577, 21.2969



11.5996, 12.1925, 37.6983



4.7408, 2.8613, 20.3808



4.3098, 4.6136, 5.4766



6.5672, 6.9529, 21.2459



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

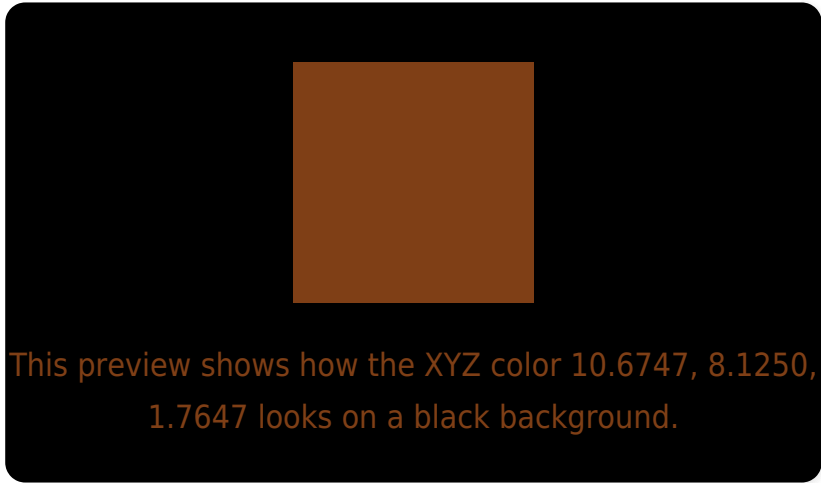
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.6747, 8.1250,

1.7647.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647

Protanopia

7.4546, 8.1881, 2.2245

Deuteranopia

8.2269, 8.1699, 1.6336



Tritanopia

11.5144, 8.1539, 5.6696

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647

Protanomaly

8.3332, 7.9108, 2.0074

Deuteranomaly

8.9821, 8.0579, 1.6542

Tritanomaly

11.0514, 8.0343, 3.7646

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647

Achromatopsia

7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819

Achromatomaly

7.7752, 7.3630, 4.8823

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 63, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 63, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 63, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 63, 22) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 63, 22) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 63, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 63, 22)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 63, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 63, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 63,  
22) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.6747, 8.1250, 1.7647 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 63, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127, 63,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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