

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.7645, 15.9967, 18.2485)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.7645, 15.9967, 18.2485)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.7931, 16.1064,
18.1628)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C7D71
RGB	28, 125, 113
RGB Percent	11%, 49%, 44%
CMY	0.8902, 0.5098, 0.5569
CMYK	0.78, 0.00, 0.10, 0.51
HSL	173°, 63%, 30%
HSV	173°, 78%, 49%
XYZ	10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628
YIQ	94.6290, -53.9600, -24.2960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

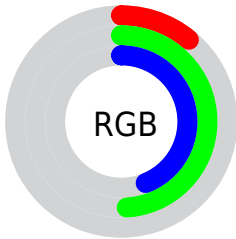
Format	Color
R_{YB}	28, 80, 125
Decimal	1867121
CIE _{Lab}	47.11, -29.92, -1.28
CIE _{LCh}	47, 29.945, 182.448
Yxy	16.1064, 0.2395, 0.3574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280057201 (0xFF1C7D71)
YUV	94.6290, 9.0569, -58.4336
Hunter-Lab	40.1328, -22.2275, 1.2602

Details

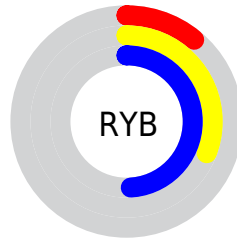
The XYZ color **10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **9.2562, 5.3440, 2.5515**, and the grayscale version is **10.7773, 11.3386, 12.3477**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.9284, 36.7311, 41.2678**, and **3.4702, 5.4138, 5.8631** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4335, 15.9314, 17.6956**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.2972, 16.3565, 18.6452**.

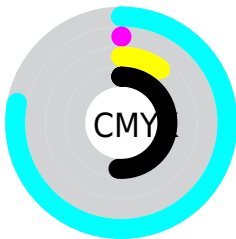
Distribution



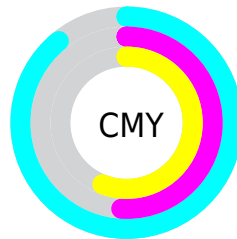
- Red (11%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.7931, 16.1064,
18.1628

■ 10.7931, 16.1064,
18.1628

■ 190.1803,
229.9687, 254.0539

■ 5.9941, 9.5995,
10.8963

■ 26.9133, 36.7828,
41.1322

■ 2.8821, 5.1342,
5.8838

■ 38.9652, 51.7211,
57.6722

■ 1.0917, 2.3262,
2.7069

■ 54.1656, 70.2386,
78.1404

■ 0.0182, 0.7875,
0.9469

■ 72.8796, 92.7198,
102.9554

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 95.4728, 119.5490,
132.5357

■ 122.3104,

151.1106, 167.2999

153.7577,
187.7891, 207.6664

■ 10.7931, 16.1064,
18.1628

■ 10.7931, 16.1064,
18.1628

■ 10.4335, 15.9314,
17.6956

■ 11.2972, 16.3565,
18.6452

■ 10.1809, 15.8110,
17.2408

■ 11.9601, 16.6879,
19.1425

■ 10.1232, 15.7835,
17.1329

■ 12.7961, 17.1084,
19.6557

■ 13.8171, 17.6241,
20.1854

■ 15.0344, 18.2408,
20.7322

■ 16.4581, 18.9637,
21.2966

■ 18.0978, 19.7978,
21.8790

■ 19.9623, 20.7476,
22.4800

■ 22.0599, 21.8174,
23.1000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2499, 16.1064, 11.6566



10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628



11.4266, 16.1064, 26.5083

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628



18.1843, 16.1064, 32.8115



17.7680, 16.1064, 7.5782

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628



9.2562, 5.3440, 2.5515

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.9832, 16.1064, 10.8597



10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628



20.2422, 16.1064, 25.1225

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628



15.5256, 16.1064, 36.3430



20.9351, 16.1064, 16.9260



15.0937, 16.1064, 6.6849

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628



12.4297, 16.1064, 31.7014



20.9351, 16.1064, 16.9260



18.6010, 16.1064, 8.3811

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.7936, 16.1070, 18.1632



27.9070, 33.1634, 37.5295



8.4554, 15.2218, 3.5912



6.1792, 7.4579, 8.4678



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.7936, 16.1070, 18.1632



18.3428, 28.3661, 31.0632



7.7895, 8.9451, 20.7189



4.4243, 4.8780, 5.4053



10.5635, 16.4720, 17.8718



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.2562, 5.3440, 2.5515



15.5068, 8.1516, 1.9980



10.4766, 8.0624, 2.1028



4.3478, 4.3523, 4.6358



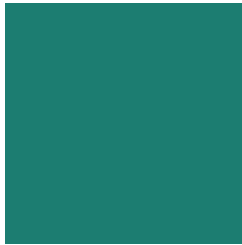
8.9189, 4.5873, 0.8968



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628.

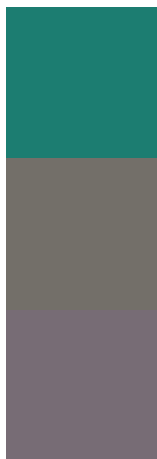


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.7931, 16.1064,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628

Protanopia

15.3045, 16.0336, 15.6528

Deuteranopia

16.1812, 15.9314, 19.0519



Tritanopia

12.0388, 16.0564, 24.2945

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628

Protanomaly

12.5194, 15.4125, 16.5024

Deuteranomaly

13.0075, 15.2740, 18.7856

Tritanomaly

11.5122, 16.0217, 21.8878

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628

Achromatopsia

10.8771, 11.4435, 12.4620

Achromatomaly

10.1508, 12.6070, 14.4688

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 125, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(28, 125, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 125, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 125, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 125, 113) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 125, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(28, 125, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 125, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 125, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 125,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.7931, 16.1064, 18.1628 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 125, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 125,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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