

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.7784, 5.4287,
6.2741)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	850046
RGB	133, 0, 70
RGB Percent	52%, 0%, 27%
CMY	0.4784, 1.0000, 0.7255
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.47, 0.48
HSL	328°, 100%, 26%
HSV	328°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741
YIQ	47.7470, 56.7980, 49.9660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

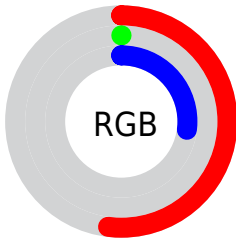
Format	Color
R_{YB}	133, 0, 70
Decimal	8716358
CIE Lab	27.92, 52.69, -1.52
CIE LCh	28, 52.714, 358.347
Yxy	5.4287, 0.4794, 0.2415
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286906438 (0xFF850046)
YUV	47.7470, 10.9707, 74.7669
Hunter-Lab	23.2996, 41.8000, 0.3441

Details

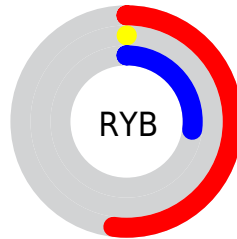
The XYZ color **10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **9.2853, 17.1343, 7.5222**, and the grayscale version is **2.7668, 2.9109, 3.1700**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.9460, 16.7647, 18.9552**, and **3.2584, 1.6569, 1.1850** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.7783, 5.4287, 6.2733**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1359, 5.8084, 7.4266**.

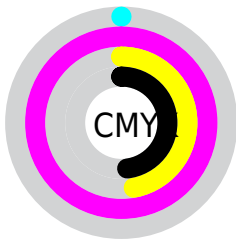
Distribution



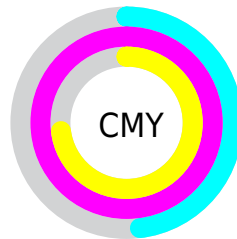
- Red (52%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (48%)





- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.7784, 5.4287,
6.2741


 10.7784, 5.4287,
6.2741


190.0807,
153.8826, 170.8832


 5.9842, 2.5009,
2.9410


 26.8863, 16.7337,
18.9846


 2.8761, 0.8771,
1.0646

 38.9306, 25.8798,
29.1991


 1.0886, 0.0000,
0.0000

 54.1225, 37.8674,
42.5445

 0.0155, 0.0000,
0.0000


 72.8271, 53.0810,
59.4392

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 95.4099, 71.9049,
80.3019

 122.2362, 94.7235,


105.5512


 153.6713,
121.9213, 135.6054

 10.7784, 5.4287,
6.2741


 10.7784, 5.4287,
6.2741

 10.7783, 5.4287,
6.2733

 11.1359, 5.8084,
7.4266

 11.6020, 6.3711,
8.7214

 12.2278, 7.2178,
10.1783

 13.0305, 8.3820,
11.8059

 14.0248, 9.8925,
13.6118

■ 15.2241, 11.7749,
15.6030

■ 16.6403, 14.0521,
17.7859

■ 18.2843, 16.7456,
20.1668

■ 20.1663, 19.8749,
22.7514

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.7670, 5.4287, 15.0428



10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741



9.9585, 5.4287, 1.7737

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741



3.3720, 5.4287, 0.1223



3.2124, 5.4287, 23.8744

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741



9.2853, 17.1343, 7.5222

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.2202, 5.4287, 13.9225



10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741



2.2918, 5.4287, 1.5114

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741



5.2851, 5.4287, 0.0000



1.9394, 5.4287, 5.5621



5.0365, 5.4287, 28.8259

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741



8.5871, 5.4287, 0.6121



1.9394, 5.4287, 5.5621



2.7927, 5.4287, 20.7627

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.7785, 5.4290, 6.2742



29.6112, 24.8594, 31.5697



6.2250, 2.7202, 22.3874



6.4589, 5.2576, 6.7906



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.7785, 5.4290, 6.2742



19.2216, 9.6897, 10.8128



9.6974, 4.9966, 0.5809



4.7673, 4.7266, 5.3871



10.2705, 5.1726, 5.9969



0.0393, 0.0194, 0.0402

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7785, 5.4290, 6.2742



19.2216, 9.6897, 10.8128



12.3215, 18.3487, 23.5107



4.7673, 4.7266, 5.3871



10.2705, 5.1726, 5.9969



0.0393, 0.0194, 0.0402

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

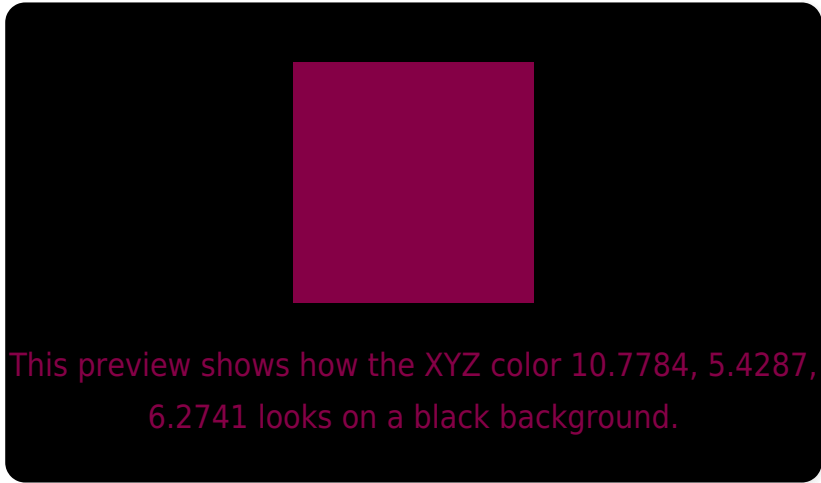
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.7784, 5.4287,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741

Protanopia

6.2197, 6.0036, 13.1429

Deuteranopia

6.0745, 6.0042, 5.6893



Tritanopia

9.9849, 5.7396, 1.6802

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741

Protanomaly

6.5471, 4.4444, 10.1856

Deuteranomaly

6.8842, 4.7178, 5.7020

Tritanomaly

10.1681, 5.5126, 2.8136

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741

Achromatopsia

2.8094, 2.9557, 3.2187

Achromatomaly

4.4282, 2.9278, 4.0731

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 0, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 0, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 0, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 0, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 0, 70) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 0, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 0, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 0, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 0, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 0, 70)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.7784, 5.4287, 6.2741 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 0, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133, 0,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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