

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.8269, 12.0360, 13.2656)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.8269, 12.0360, 13.2656)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.8816, 12.1200,
13.3212)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	596462
RGB	89, 100, 98
RGB Percent	35%, 39%, 38%
CMY	0.6510, 0.6078, 0.6157
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.02, 0.61
HSL	169°, 6%, 37%
HSV	169°, 11%, 39%
XYZ	10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212
YIQ	96.4830, -5.9140, -2.9540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

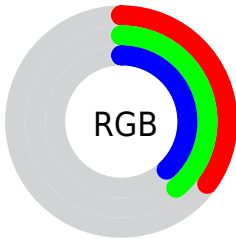
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 95, 100
Decimal	5858402
CIE _{Lab}	41.41, -4.66, -0.31
CIE _{LCh}	41, 4.666, 183.815
Yxy	12.1200, 0.2996, 0.3337
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284048482 (0xFF596462)
YUV	96.4830, 0.7479, -6.5626
Hunter-Lab	34.8138, -5.1311, 1.6828

Details

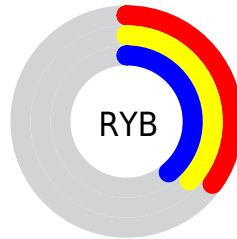
The XYZ color **10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **10.7166, 10.6097, 11.3811**, and the grayscale version is **11.2352, 11.8203, 12.8724**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.1389, 29.7921, 32.7539**, and **2.8892, 3.3077, 3.7350** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.9016, 11.6249, 12.8323**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9946, 12.6841, 13.8271**.

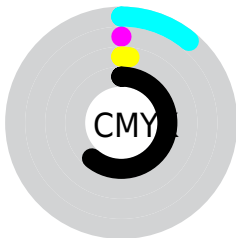
Distribution



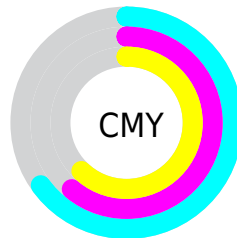
- Red (35%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.8816, 12.1200,
13.3212

■ 10.8816, 12.1200,
13.3212

190.7786,
205.1981, 224.2457

■ 6.0540, 6.8255,
7.5168

■ 27.0759, 29.7135,
32.5792

■ 2.9189, 3.3532,
3.7040

■ 39.1733, 42.7812,
46.8699

■ 1.1110, 1.3188,
1.4644

■ 54.4247, 59.2088,
64.8265

■ 0.0343, 0.1557,
0.1912

■ 73.1954, 79.3806,
86.8674

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 95.8508, 103.6810,
113.4113

122.7562,

132.4945, 144.8766

154.2770,
166.2054, 181.6819

■ 10.8816, 12.1200,
13.3212

■ 10.8816, 12.1200,
13.3212

■ 9.9016, 11.6249,
12.8323

■ 11.9946, 12.6841,
13.8271

■ 9.0484, 11.1947,
12.3591

■ 13.2446, 13.3182,
14.3494

■ 8.3167, 10.8268,
11.9017

■ 14.6366, 14.0253,
14.8886

■ 7.7005, 10.5183,
11.4597

■ 16.1750, 14.8077,
15.4451

■ 7.1933, 10.2658,
11.0328

■ 17.8641, 15.6675,
16.0191

■ 6.7879, 10.0655,
10.6204

■ 19.7080, 16.6068,
16.6109

■ 6.4763, 9.9133,
10.2223

■ 21.7106, 17.6278,
17.2206

■ 6.2487, 9.8043,
9.8377

■ 23.8757, 18.7323,
17.8487

■ 6.0732, 9.7211,
9.5013

■ 26.2070, 19.9222,
18.4952

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.9447, 12.1200, 12.3900



10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212



10.9867, 12.1200, 14.2628

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212



11.8862, 12.1200, 14.8088



11.8097, 12.1200, 11.5916

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212



10.7166, 10.6097, 11.3811

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0697, 12.1200, 12.1849



10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212



12.1145, 12.1200, 14.0375

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212



11.5631, 12.1200, 15.1479



12.1823, 12.1200, 13.0728



11.4764, 12.1200, 11.4206

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212



11.1392, 12.1200, 14.7611



12.1823, 12.1200, 13.0728



11.9088, 12.1200, 11.7468

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8819, 12.1205, 13.3215



20.6005, 22.0195, 24.0521



10.6767, 12.0611, 11.2167



5.0353, 5.4010, 5.9032



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8819, 12.1205, 13.3215



18.6469, 21.0304, 23.1465



10.6506, 11.5047, 13.7164



2.8833, 3.1771, 3.4871



8.1171, 13.0105, 12.6441



42.0408, 67.7389, 64.3963

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7166, 10.6097, 11.3811



18.2999, 17.8581, 19.0723



10.9282, 11.1693, 11.0313



2.8480, 2.8538, 3.0719



7.1716, 3.6816, 1.0360



37.1597, 19.1039, 4.1183

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

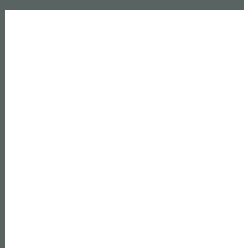
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8816, 12.1200,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212

Protanopia

11.5316, 12.0466, 12.7838

Deuteranopia

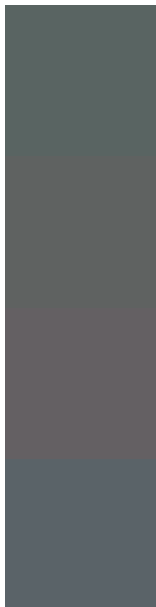
12.1987, 11.9704, 13.4720



Tritanopia

11.3321, 12.1589, 15.6595

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212

Protanomaly

11.2447, 12.0313, 13.0389

Deuteranomaly

11.6905, 11.9759, 13.4998

Tritanomaly

11.1770, 12.0968, 14.8425

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212

Achromatopsia

11.1181, 11.6971, 12.7381

Achromatomaly

10.9466, 11.7396, 12.9983

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(89, 100, 98) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 100, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 100, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 100, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 100, 98) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 100, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 100, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 100, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 100, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 100,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.8816, 12.1200, 13.3212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 100, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 100,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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