

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.8301, 14.1462, 23.1779)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.8301, 14.1462, 23.1779)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.8876, 14.2482,
23.2954)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	247382
RGB	36, 115, 130
RGB Percent	14%, 45%, 51%
CMY	0.8588, 0.5490, 0.4902
CMYK	0.72, 0.12, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	190°, 57%, 33%
HSV	190°, 72%, 51%
XYZ	10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954
YIQ	93.0890, -51.8990, -12.0830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

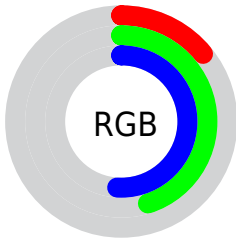
Format	Color
R_{YB}	36, 79, 130
Decimal	2388866
CIE _{Lab}	44.59, -18.32, -15.16
CIE _{LCh}	45, 23.779, 219.605
Yxy	14.2482, 0.2248, 0.2942
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280578946 (0xFF247382)
YUV	93.0890, 18.1971, -50.0671
Hunter-Lab	37.7468, -14.5707, -10.1680




Details

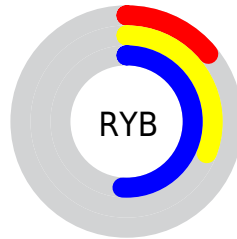
The XYZ color **10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **10.7088, 7.2417, 2.5031**, and the grayscale version is **10.3935, 10.9348, 11.9080**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.0853, 33.4892, 49.8363**, and **3.4924, 4.6084, 8.4900** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2798, 13.5879, 23.2003**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.6665, 15.0052, 23.4007**.

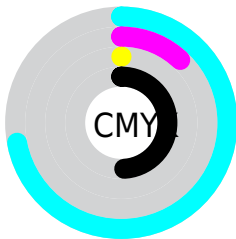
Distribution







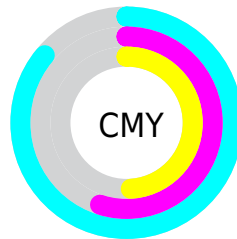
-  Red (14%)
-  Green (45%)
-  Blue (51%)






-  Red (14%)
-  Yellow (31%)
-  Blue (51%)



-  Cyan (72%)
-  Magenta (12%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (49%)



-  Cyan (86%)
-  Magenta (55%)
-  Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.8876, 14.2482,
23.2954

■ 10.8876, 14.2482,
23.2954

■ 190.8190,
218.7695, 282.4096

■ 6.0580, 8.2935,
14.6044

■ 27.0869, 33.5288,
49.8072

■ 2.9214, 4.2833,
8.3987

■ 39.1874, 47.6234,
68.4652

■ 1.1123, 1.8333,
4.2597

■ 54.4422, 65.2002,
91.2826

■ 0.0354, 0.5078,
1.7689

■ 73.2168, 86.6435,
118.6779

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.4073

■ 95.8764, 112.3376,
151.0697

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 122.7864,

142.6671, 188.8766

154.3121,
178.0162, 232.5170

■ 10.8876, 14.2482,
23.2954

■ 10.8876, 14.2482,
23.2954

■ 10.2798, 13.5879,
23.2003

■ 11.6665, 15.0052,
23.4007

■ 9.8229, 13.0130,
23.1134

■ 12.6312, 15.8656,
23.5160

■ 9.5252, 12.6035,
23.0500

■ 13.7964, 16.8374,
23.6421

■ 15.1748, 17.9272,
23.7798

■ 16.7782, 19.1411,
23.9296

■ 18.6174, 20.4847,
24.0920

■ 20.7024, 21.9632,
24.2675

■ 23.0429, 23.5816,
24.4565

■ 25.6478, 25.3447,
24.6596

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.2127, 14.2482, 17.3497



10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954



12.2938, 14.2482, 27.7139

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954



17.3143, 14.2482, 19.5066



12.9345, 14.2482, 7.2370

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954



10.7088, 7.2417, 2.5031

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.8730, 14.2482, 7.5515



10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954



17.5272, 14.2482, 13.8124

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954



16.0403, 14.2482, 25.1918



16.5973, 14.2482, 9.6926



11.3184, 14.2482, 8.6991

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954



13.5170, 14.2482, 28.7028



16.5973, 14.2482, 9.6926



13.5680, 14.2482, 7.1482

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8881, 14.2487, 23.2957



29.4878, 33.6643, 42.1362



9.2886, 16.5719, 5.7389



6.5269, 7.5096, 9.5238



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8881, 14.2487, 23.2957



17.5394, 23.2382, 40.7535



6.8795, 6.2316, 21.9596



4.3899, 4.7737, 5.5033



9.1371, 12.0928, 22.1025



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.9318, 7.2460, 16.9371



21.6027, 10.9693, 27.7401



13.8089, 13.4418, 3.5365



4.4696, 4.4010, 5.2775



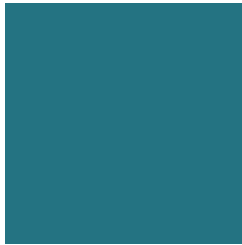
11.4890, 5.6153, 14.4306



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

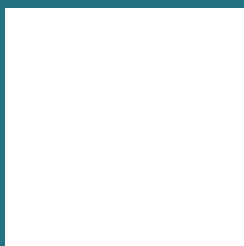
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954.

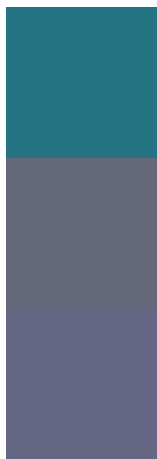


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8876, 14.2482,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954

Protanopia

13.8923, 14.0974, 20.7278

Deuteranopia

14.4507, 14.1607, 24.1619



Tritanopia

10.5743, 14.2948, 21.6039

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954

Protanomaly

12.1890, 13.8093, 21.7617

Deuteranomaly

12.4831, 13.7591, 23.8276

Tritanomaly

10.7358, 14.3632, 22.2852

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954

Achromatopsia

10.4043, 10.9462, 11.9204

Achromatomaly

9.9277, 11.7257, 15.3757

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 115, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 115, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 115, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 115, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 115, 130) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 115, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 115, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 115, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 115, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 115,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.8876, 14.2482, 23.2954 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 115, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 115,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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