

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.8611, 15.8046, 21.8634)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.8611, 15.8046, 21.8634)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.9093, 15.8960,
21.8953)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007C7D
RGB	0, 124, 125
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 49%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5137, 0.5098
CMYK	1.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	180°, 100%, 25%
HSV	180°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953
YIQ	87.0380, -74.2250, -25.9770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 62, 125
Decimal	31869
CIELab	46.84, -27.86, -8.83
CIELCh	47, 29.228, 197.588
Yxy	15.8960, 0.2240, 0.3264
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221949 (0xFF007C7D)
YUV	87.0380, 18.7153, -76.3323
Hunter-Lab	39.8698, -20.9304, -4.6515

Details

The XYZ color **10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **8.4686, 4.3820, 0.3998**, and the grayscale version is **9.0406, 9.5115, 10.3580**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.1514, 36.4080, 47.7159**, and **3.7533, 5.4194, 7.6857** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.9096, 15.8965, 21.8957**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.0810, 16.0035, 21.9073**.

Distribution



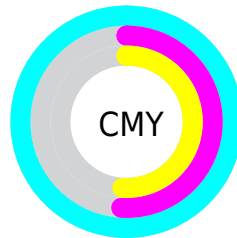
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.9093, 15.8960,
21.8953

10.9093, 15.8960,
21.8953

190.9654,
228.7273, 274.9347

6.0727, 9.4506,
13.5824

27.1268, 36.4176,
47.4729

2.9304, 5.0362,
7.6954

39.2384, 51.2625,
65.5746

1.1171, 2.2685,
3.8157

54.5057, 69.6761,
87.7764

0.0393, 0.7570,
1.5248

73.2941, 92.0427,
114.4967

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.2363

95.9689, 118.7467,
146.1542

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

122.8955,

150.1725, 183.1673

154.4392,
186.7046, 225.9546

■ 10.9093, 15.8960,
21.8953

■ 10.9093, 15.8960,
21.8953

■ 10.9096, 15.8965,
21.8957

■ 11.0810, 16.0035,
21.9073

■ 11.3359, 16.1535,
21.9228

■ 11.7287, 16.3746,
21.9448

■ 12.2758, 16.6753,
21.9740

■ 12.9913, 17.0628,
22.0111

■ 13.8876, 17.5435,
22.0566

■ 14.9761, 18.1234,
22.1112

■ 16.2671, 18.8077,
22.1752

■ 17.7703, 19.6013,
22.2492

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8175, 15.8960, 14.4684



10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953



12.0441, 15.8960, 29.8471

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953



19.0153, 15.8960, 28.5792



16.1845, 15.8960, 6.9153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953



8.4686, 4.3820, 0.3998

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.6535, 15.8960, 8.8889



10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953



20.4067, 15.8960, 20.4969

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953



16.6354, 15.8960, 34.3896



20.2673, 15.8960, 13.4109



13.6784, 15.8960, 7.0945

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953



13.3195, 15.8960, 33.7562



20.2673, 15.8960, 13.4109



17.0513, 15.8960, 7.3193

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.9098, 15.8966, 21.8957



26.6627, 32.3716, 39.5874



7.3339, 14.6676, 2.4449



5.9052, 7.2784, 8.9967



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.9098, 15.8966, 21.8957



19.5308, 28.4555, 39.2074



5.4522, 4.9813, 20.0765



4.4436, 4.8812, 5.5212



11.3860, 16.5904, 22.8521



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.0959, 5.8156, 19.5545



21.6576, 10.4126, 35.0022



10.2079, 7.8606, 0.9796



4.4967, 4.4118, 5.4203



12.6241, 6.0693, 20.4080



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

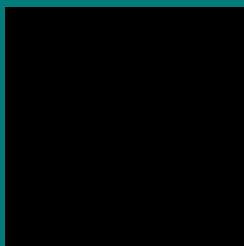
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.9093, 15.8960,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953

Protanopia

15.2839, 15.7923, 18.7657

Deuteranopia

16.1351, 15.8208, 22.9722



Tritanopia

11.6259, 16.0188, 24.6695

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953

Protanomaly

12.0590, 14.9330, 19.6995

Deuteranomaly

12.5861, 14.9709, 22.6484

Tritanomaly

11.2782, 15.8632, 23.5866

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953

Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790

Achromatomaly

8.4817, 10.8662, 13.9623

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 124, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 124, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 124, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 124, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 124, 125) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 124, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 124, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 124, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.9093, 15.8960, 21.8953 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 124, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 124,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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