

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.8748, 8.6242, 17.0118)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.8748, 8.6242, 17.0118)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.8840, 8.6049,
17.0069)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	674772
RGB	103, 71, 114
RGB Percent	40%, 28%, 45%
CMY	0.5961, 0.7216, 0.5529
CMYK	0.10, 0.38, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	285°, 23%, 36%
HSV	285°, 38%, 45%
XYZ	10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069
YIQ	85.4700, 5.2690, 20.1570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

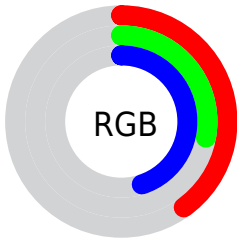
Format	Color
RYB	103, 71, 114
Decimal	6768498
CIELab	35.21, 22.06, -19.41
CIELCh	35, 29.385, 318.654
Yxy	8.6049, 0.2982, 0.2358
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284958578 (0xFF674772)
YUV	85.4700, 14.0653, 15.3738
Hunter-Lab	29.3341, 14.8952, -13.8404

Details

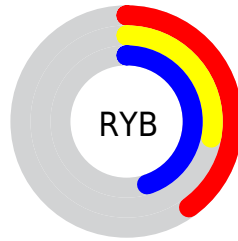
The XYZ color **10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **10.6346, 14.2836, 8.1581**, and the grayscale version is **8.7040, 9.1573, 9.9723**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.1170, 23.1547, 39.1165**, and **2.9283, 1.9444, 5.3752** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8973, 7.1192, 16.7723**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.0190, 10.3694, 17.2878**.

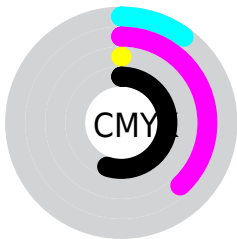
Distribution



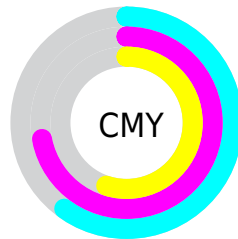
- Red (40%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.8840, 8.6049,
17.0069

■ 10.8840, 8.6049,
17.0069

190.7948,
180.4025, 247.2574

■ 6.0556, 4.4844,
10.0774

■ 27.0803, 23.1360,
39.1285

■ 2.9199, 1.9480,
5.3440

■ 39.1790, 34.3154,
55.1576

■ 1.1115, 0.5770,
2.3883

■ 54.4317, 48.6166,
75.0570

■ 0.0347, 0.0000,
0.7800

■ 73.2039, 66.4239,
99.2453

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 95.8610, 88.1217,
128.1409

122.7683,

114.0945, 162.1624

154.2911,
144.7266, 201.7284

■ 10.8840, 8.6049,
17.0069

■ 10.8840, 8.6049,
17.0069

■ 9.8973, 7.1192,
16.7723

■ 12.0190, 10.3694,
17.2878

■ 9.0502, 5.8960,
16.5808

■ 13.3086, 12.4258,
17.6168

■ 8.3347, 4.9188,
16.4299

■ 14.7598, 14.7877,
17.9961

■ 7.7411, 4.1687,
16.3164

■ 16.3787, 17.4672,
18.4280

■ 7.2587, 3.6243,
16.2368

■ 18.1714, 20.4762,
18.9143

6.8577, 3.2263,
16.1811

20.1434, 23.8257,
19.4569

6.7689, 3.1386,
16.1688

22.3000, 27.5262,
20.0575

24.6464, 31.5878,
20.7178

27.1876, 36.0202,
21.4394

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.2685, 8.6049, 21.3205



10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069



11.8173, 8.6049, 11.3327

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069



8.8383, 8.6049, 2.8649



5.4579, 8.6049, 12.6910

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069



10.6346, 14.2836, 8.1581

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.3761, 8.6049, 7.6468



10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069



7.1778, 8.6049, 3.0073

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069



10.5317, 8.6049, 3.9551



5.9635, 8.6049, 4.4488



6.2052, 8.6049, 18.2925

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069



11.8514, 8.6049, 8.0311



5.9635, 8.6049, 4.4488



5.3560, 8.6049, 10.8484

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8843, 8.6053, 17.0071



24.9946, 24.4433, 31.3762



8.6887, 8.6600, 17.1334



5.7214, 5.5568, 7.2408



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8843, 8.6053, 17.0071



17.6461, 12.8865, 29.5328



11.6899, 9.0830, 14.2251



3.4352, 3.4126, 4.2319



7.5192, 3.4857, 17.9981



36.6276, 16.9366, 89.6177

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7159, 8.6934, 9.0962



17.3849, 13.1117, 13.2618



10.1026, 13.9690, 9.9553



3.4163, 3.4142, 3.7189



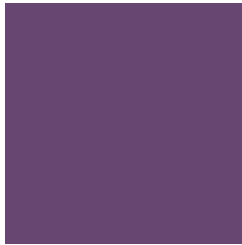
7.9678, 4.0795, 1.6404



39.3863, 20.1998, 6.5662

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

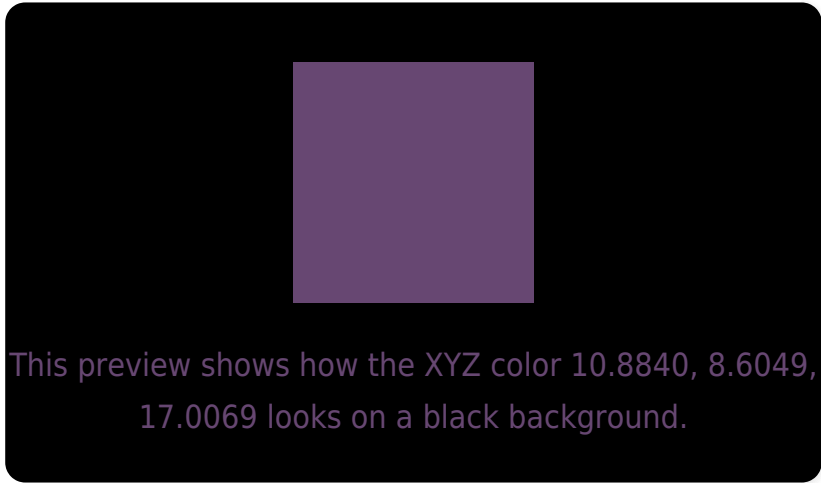
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8840, 8.6049,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069

Protanopia

9.0467, 8.7299, 19.9471

Deuteranopia

8.8436, 8.7003, 16.5425



Tritanopia

9.2522, 8.5290, 9.3422

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069

Protanomaly

9.5079, 8.5542, 18.9193

Deuteranomaly

9.4513, 8.5723, 16.7793

Tritanomaly

9.7920, 8.5496, 11.7238

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069

Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927

Achromatomaly

9.3936, 8.8572, 12.2808

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 71, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 71, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 71, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 71, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 71, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 71, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 71, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 71, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 71, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 71,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.8840, 8.6049, 17.0069 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 71, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103, 71,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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