

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.8931, 11.7679,
16.7362)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	54626F
RGB	84, 98, 111
RGB Percent	33%, 38%, 44%
CMY	0.6706, 0.6157, 0.5647
CMYK	0.24, 0.12, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	209°, 14%, 38%
HSV	209°, 24%, 44%
XYZ	10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362
YIQ	95.2960, -12.5170, 1.0750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

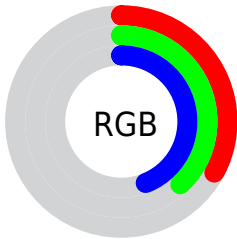
Format	Color
R_{YB}	84, 93, 111
Decimal	5530223
CIE Lab	40.84, -2.15, -9.13
CIE LCh	41, 9.376, 256.740
Yxy	11.7679, 0.2765, 0.2987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283720303 (0xFF54626F)
YUV	95.2960, 7.7421, -9.9066
Hunter-Lab	34.3044, -3.3513, -4.9130

Details

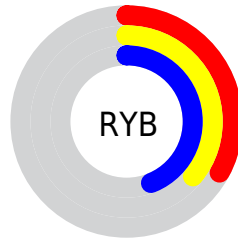
The XYZ color **10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**, and the color name is **black coral**. A complement of this color would be **12.4306, 12.5690, 10.1587**, and the grayscale version is **10.9327, 11.5020, 12.5257**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.1898, 29.2076, 38.8549**, and **2.9245, 3.2269, 5.1713** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.4939, 10.3292, 16.5324**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.4839, 13.3556, 16.9590**.

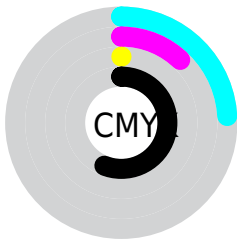
Distribution



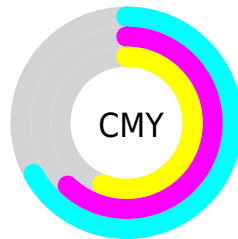
- Red (33%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.8931, 11.7679,
16.7362

■ 10.8931, 11.7679,
16.7362

190.8561,
202.8626, 245.6398

■ 6.0618, 6.5858,
9.8866

■ 27.0970, 29.0717,
38.6561

■ 2.9237, 3.2045,
5.2192

■ 39.2003, 41.9622,
54.5634

■ 1.1135, 1.2394,
2.3155

■ 54.4583, 58.1909,
74.3272

■ 0.0364, 0.0935,
0.7399

■ 73.2364, 78.1424,
98.3658

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 95.8998, 102.2009,
127.0978

122.8140,

130.7508, 160.9418

154.3443,
164.1766, 200.3163

■ 10.8931, 11.7679,
16.7362

■ 10.8931, 11.7679,
16.7362

■ 9.4939, 10.3292,
16.5324

■ 12.4839, 13.3556,
16.9590

■ 8.2771, 9.0328,
16.3463

■ 14.2728, 15.0955,
17.2006

■ 7.2346, 7.8739,
16.1776

■ 16.2672, 16.9929,
17.4617

■ 6.3567, 6.8465,
16.0256

■ 18.4738, 19.0520,
17.7428

■ 5.6332, 5.9442,
15.8895

■ 20.8992, 21.2770,
18.0444

■ 5.0523, 5.1598,
15.7688

■ 23.5494, 23.6719,
18.3670

■ 4.5953, 4.4827,
15.6621

■ 26.4304, 26.2405,
18.7110

■ 4.3603, 4.1297,
15.6064

■ 29.5478, 28.9867,
19.0768

■ 32.9070, 31.9140,
19.4647

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.3280, 11.7679, 15.6822



10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362



11.5590, 11.7679, 16.6672

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362



12.4603, 11.7679, 11.7830



10.2758, 11.7679, 10.4547

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362



12.4306, 12.5690, 10.1587

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8193, 11.7679, 9.6045



10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362



12.0883, 11.7679, 10.3174

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362



12.4820, 11.7679, 13.6753



11.4821, 11.7679, 9.5569



9.9812, 11.7679, 11.9882

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362



11.9708, 11.7679, 15.9918



11.4821, 11.7679, 9.5569



10.4344, 11.7679, 10.0865

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8935, 11.7684, 16.7365



24.6020, 26.1090, 30.6727



11.4799, 14.1095, 13.3303



5.8803, 6.2433, 7.3649



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8935, 11.7684, 16.7365



18.0950, 19.6320, 29.7654



9.7663, 9.5141, 16.3608



3.3473, 3.5599, 4.2649



5.1118, 4.8140, 18.3814



24.5965, 22.2449, 91.2765

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.9308, 10.6023, 12.9735



20.3141, 17.2737, 21.6845



13.7427, 15.1932, 10.5961



3.4500, 3.4277, 3.8963



8.5986, 4.3318, 4.9619



42.3952, 21.4034, 22.4109

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

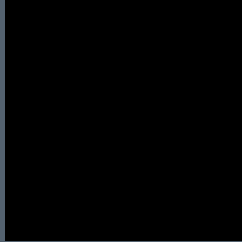
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

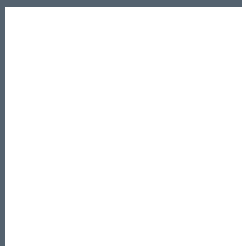
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362.

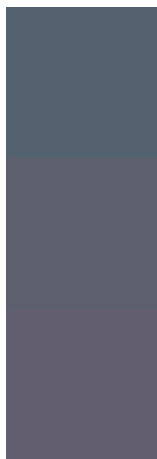


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8931, 11.7679,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362

Protanopia

11.4686, 11.6682, 16.1157

Deuteranopia

11.9643, 11.7719, 16.9709



Tritanopia

10.6830, 11.8242, 15.6292

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362

Protanomaly

11.2138, 11.6652, 16.4124

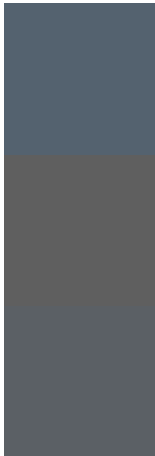
Deuteranomaly

11.5310, 11.6814, 16.9762

Tritanomaly

10.7359, 11.8454, 15.9079

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362

Achromatopsia

10.8771, 11.4435, 12.4620

Achromatomaly

10.8462, 11.5295, 13.9657

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(84, 98, 111) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 98, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 98, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 98, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 98, 111) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 98, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 98, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 98, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 98, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 98,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.8931, 11.7679, 16.7362 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 98, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 98,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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