

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.9141, 11.2510, 12.2504)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.9141, 11.2510, 12.2504)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.8645, 11.1782,
12.1747)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	615D5E
RGB	97, 93, 94
RGB Percent	38%, 36%, 37%
CMY	0.6196, 0.6353, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.03, 0.62
HSL	345°, 2%, 37%
HSV	345°, 4%, 38%
XYZ	10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747
YIQ	94.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

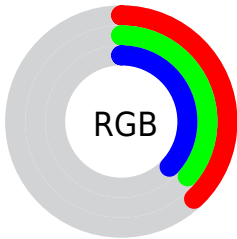
Format	Color
R_{YB}	97, 93, 94
Decimal	6380894
CIE Lab	39.88, 1.80, -0.01
CIE LCh	40, 1.800, 359.703
Yxy	11.1782, 0.3175, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284570974 (0xFF615D5E)
YUV	94.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591
Hunter-Lab	33.4338, -0.5046, 1.8136

Details

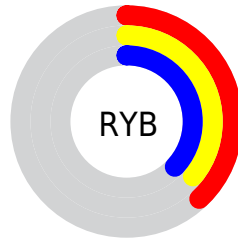
The XYZ color **10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **10.9006, 11.7214, 12.7548**, and the grayscale version is **10.7130, 11.2709, 12.2740**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.0692, 27.9544, 30.3546**, and **2.9153, 2.9502, 3.2121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7553, 9.4579, 10.2691**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.1132, 13.1279, 14.2790**.

Distribution



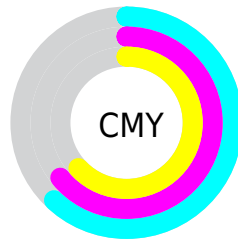
- Red (38%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.8645, 11.1782,
12.1747

■ 10.8645, 11.1782,
12.1747

190.6631,
198.8861, 216.5772

■ 6.0424, 6.1868,
6.7388

■ 27.0445, 27.9892,
30.4820

■ 2.9118, 2.9590,
3.2233

■ 39.1331, 40.5777,
44.1905

■ 1.1073, 1.1104,
1.2098

■ 54.3747, 56.4672,
61.4936

■ 0.0312, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 73.1344, 76.0423,
82.8099

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

95.7778, 99.6874,
108.5578

122.6701,

127.7868, 139.1560

154.1768,
160.7249, 175.0230

■ 10.8645, 11.1782,
12.1747

■ 10.8645, 11.1782,
12.1747

■ 9.7553, 9.4579,
10.2691

■ 12.1132, 13.1279,
14.2790

■ 8.7797, 7.9570,
8.5557

■ 13.5050, 15.3133,
16.5869

■ 7.9329, 6.6673,
7.0286

■ 15.0447, 17.7427,
19.1039

■ 7.2094, 5.5790,
5.6814

■ 16.7364, 20.4233,
21.8352

■ 6.6033, 4.6820,
4.5073

■ 18.5844, 23.3619,
24.7857

■ 6.1081, 3.9651,
3.4992

■ 20.5924, 26.5653,
27.9602

■ 5.7168, 3.4159,
2.6492

■ 22.7642, 30.0398,
31.3634

■ 5.4215, 3.0206,
1.9489

■ 25.1034, 33.7917,
34.9998

■ 5.2074, 2.7515,
1.3871

■ 27.6136, 37.8269,
38.8738

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8315, 11.1782, 12.5185



10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747



10.8328, 11.1782, 11.8363

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747



10.5070, 11.1782, 11.5882



10.5048, 11.1782, 12.7697

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747



10.9006, 11.7214, 12.7548

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4190, 11.1782, 12.5123



10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747



10.4202, 11.1782, 11.8303

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747



10.6258, 11.1782, 11.5017



10.3881, 11.1782, 12.1676



10.6233, 11.1782, 12.8661

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747



10.7793, 11.1782, 11.6583



10.3881, 11.1782, 12.1676



10.4712, 11.1782, 12.6989

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8648, 11.1787, 12.1749



19.2592, 20.1521, 21.9476



10.8962, 11.1790, 12.8929



4.7867, 5.0110, 5.4575



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8648, 11.1787, 12.1749



18.4178, 18.8416, 20.5191



10.9086, 11.3375, 11.9698



2.6980, 2.7572, 3.0027



6.9174, 3.5418, 1.4191



36.6455, 18.7976, 5.9534

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.8648, 11.1787, 12.1749



18.4178, 18.8416, 20.5191



10.8551, 11.5563, 12.9679



2.6980, 2.7572, 3.0027



6.9174, 3.5418, 1.4191



36.6455, 18.7976, 5.9534

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

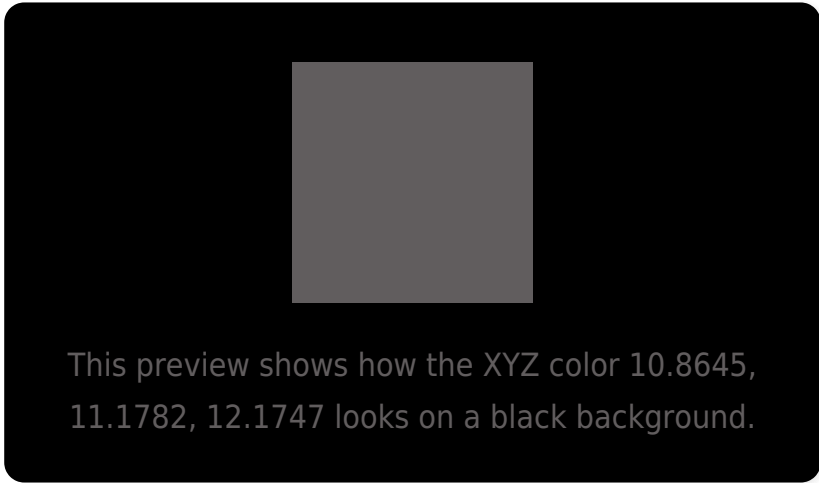
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

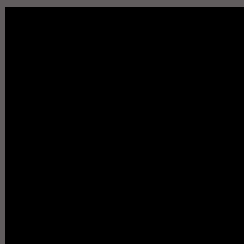
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747.

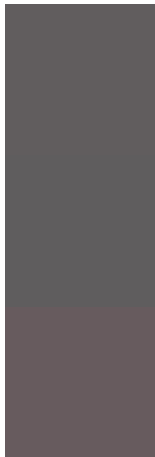


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8645, 11.1782,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747

Protanopia

10.6540, 11.0697, 12.1648

Deuteranopia

11.3550, 11.1739, 12.1480



Tritanopia

11.1163, 11.1518, 13.3710

Trichromacy

**Original Color**

10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747

Protanomaly

10.7586, 11.1237, 12.1697

Deuteranomaly

11.2144, 11.2291, 12.1661

Tritanomaly

11.0218, 11.1140, 12.8736

Monochromacy

**Original Color**

10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747

Achromatopsia

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

Achromatomaly

10.7424, 11.2465, 12.1943

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(97, 93, 94) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 93, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 93, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 93, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 93, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 93, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 93, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 93, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 93, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 93, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.8645, 11.1782, 12.1747 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 93, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 93,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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