

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.9197, 5.4780, 7.3472)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.9197, 5.4780, 7.3472)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.9774, 5.5083,
7.3221)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85004C
RGB	133, 0, 76
RGB Percent	52%, 0%, 30%
CMY	0.4784, 1.0000, 0.7020
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.43, 0.48
HSL	326°, 100%, 26%
HSV	326°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221
YIQ	48.4310, 54.8720, 51.8320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

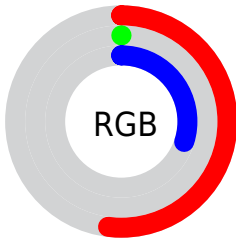
Format	Color
RYB	133, 0, 76
Decimal	8716364
CIELab	28.14, 53.25, -5.23
CIELCh	28, 53.509, 354.387
Yxy	5.5083, 0.4611, 0.2314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286906444 (0xFF85004C)
YUV	48.4310, 13.5915, 74.1670
Hunter-Lab	23.4698, 42.4168, -2.0685

Details

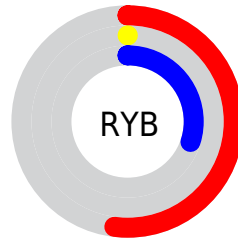
The XYZ color **10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **9.1265, 17.0708, 6.6863**, and the grayscale version is **2.8384, 2.9863, 3.2520**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.1270, 16.8081, 21.2166**, and **3.3213, 1.6821, 1.5161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.9773, 5.5083, 7.3213**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.3325, 5.8871, 8.4621**.

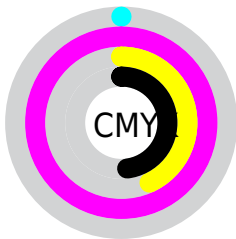
Distribution



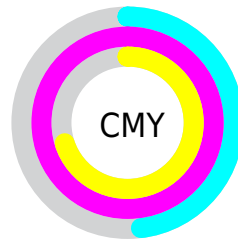
- Red (52%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.9774, 5.5083,
7.3221


 10.9774, 5.5083,
7.3221


191.4239,
154.6202, 180.0451


 6.1188, 2.5485,
3.5829


 27.2517, 16.9021,
21.1421


 2.9588, 0.9008,
1.3994

 39.3981, 26.1048,
32.0600


 1.1320, 0.0000,
0.1413

 54.7045, 38.1574,
46.2078

 0.0517, 0.0000,
0.0000

 73.5363, 53.4440,
64.0041

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 96.2588, 72.3493,
85.8675

 123.2373, 95.2574,

112.2164

154.8372,
122.5529, 143.4694

10.9774, 5.5083,
7.3221

10.9774, 5.5083,
7.3221

10.9773, 5.5083,
7.3213

11.3325, 5.8871,
8.4621

11.7927, 6.4474,
9.7259

12.4090, 7.2903,
11.1327

13.1984, 8.4491,
12.6901

14.1754, 9.9527,
14.4049

■ 15.3533, 11.8265,
16.2834

■ 16.7438, 14.0935,
18.3314

■ 18.3578, 16.7750,
20.5543

■ 20.2054, 19.8904,
22.9572

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.7107, 5.5083, 16.7931



10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221



10.3777, 5.5083, 2.1436

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221



3.6151, 5.5083, 0.0000



3.0614, 5.5083, 23.2832

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221



9.1265, 17.0708, 6.6863

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.1547, 5.5083, 12.8850



10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221



2.4027, 5.5083, 1.2352

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221



5.6795, 5.5083, 0.0000



1.9548, 5.5083, 4.8433



4.8152, 5.5083, 29.4552

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221



9.0695, 5.5083, 0.7748



1.9548, 5.5083, 4.8433



2.6705, 5.5083, 19.9142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.9776, 5.5086, 7.3222



29.8002, 24.9349, 32.5647



5.8326, 2.5179, 22.3690



6.5053, 5.2761, 7.0350



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.9776, 5.5086, 7.3222



19.5781, 9.8323, 12.6902



9.7340, 5.0112, 0.7737



4.7757, 4.7300, 5.4313



10.4601, 5.2484, 6.9951



0.0399, 0.0196, 0.0435

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.9776, 5.5086, 7.3222



19.5781, 9.8323, 12.6902



11.8955, 18.1783, 21.2675



4.7757, 4.7300, 5.4313



10.4601, 5.2484, 6.9951



0.0399, 0.0196, 0.0435

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

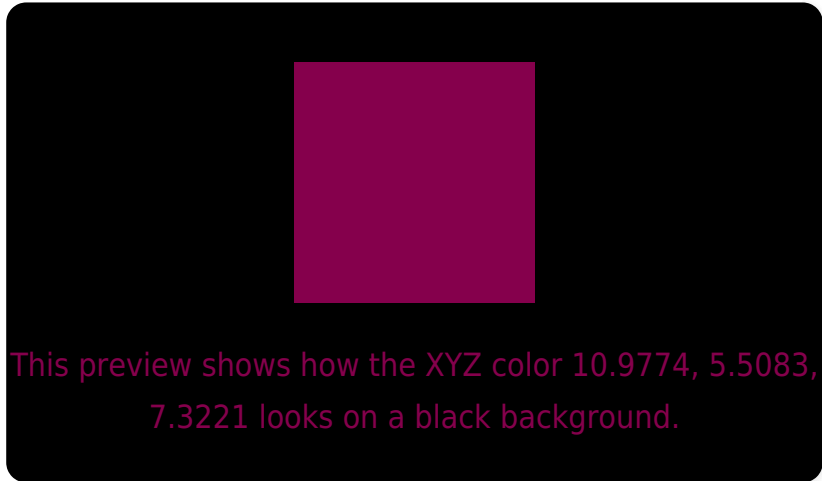
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

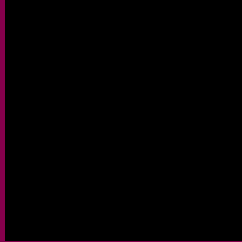
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.9774, 5.5083,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221

Protanopia

6.4640, 6.1726, 15.3187

Deuteranopia

6.1531, 6.1129, 6.6500



Tritanopia

10.0717, 5.8528, 1.8952

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221

Protanomaly

6.6256, 4.5034, 11.8293

Deuteranomaly

6.9633, 4.7370, 6.6782

Tritanomaly

10.2617, 5.5765, 3.2248

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221

Achromatopsia

2.8094, 2.9557, 3.2187

Achromatomaly

4.4782, 2.9477, 4.3359

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 0, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 0, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 0, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 0, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 0, 76) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 0, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 0, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 0, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 0, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 0, 76)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.9774, 5.5083, 7.3221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 0, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133, 0,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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