

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.9334, 5.6276, 0.9083)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.9334, 5.6276, 0.9083)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.8945, 5.6072,
0.9236)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C000E
RGB	140, 0, 14
RGB Percent	55%, 0%, 5%
CMY	0.4510, 0.9999, 0.9451
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.90, 0.45
HSL	354°, 100%, 27%
HSV	354°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236
YIQ	43.4560, 78.9460, 34.0340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

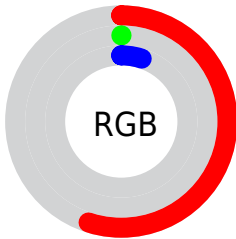
Format	Color
RYB	140, 0, 14
Decimal	9175054
CIELab	28.40, 51.51, 35.75
CIElCh	28, 62.699, 34.767
Yxy	5.6072, 0.6252, 0.3218
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287365134 (0xFF8C000E)
YUV	43.4560, -14.5218, 84.6691
Hunter-Lab	23.6795, 40.6853, 14.2631

Details

The XYZ color **10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **13.1454, 20.2630, 22.9633**, and the grayscale version is **2.3499, 2.4723, 2.6923**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.0161, 17.0932, 5.7463**, and **3.3083, 1.7055, 0.1548** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.8943, 5.6071, 0.9229**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1657, 5.9673, 1.5763**.

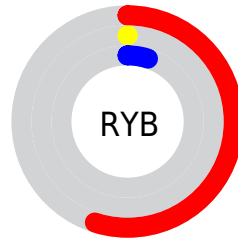
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (0%)

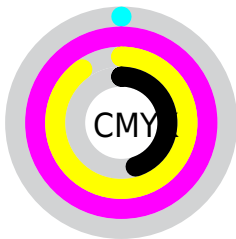
Blue (5%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (5%)

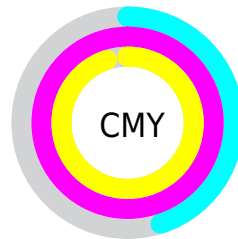


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)


Magenta (100%)


Yellow (95%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.8945, 5.6072,
0.9236


 10.8945, 5.6072,
0.9236


 190.8656,
155.5300, 102.4316


 6.0627, 2.6077,
0.0000


 27.0996, 17.1105,
5.8063


 2.9243, 0.9306,
0.0000

 39.2036, 26.3832,
10.7793


 1.1138, 0.0000,
0.0000

 54.4624, 38.5157,
17.9983

 0.0367, 0.0000,
0.0000

 73.2413, 53.8925,
27.8817

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 95.9058, 72.8979,
40.8483

 122.8211, 95.9164,


57.3164


 154.3525,
123.3323, 77.7047


 10.8945, 5.6072,
0.9236


 10.8945, 5.6072,
0.9236


 10.8943, 5.6071,
0.9229

 11.1657, 5.9673,
1.5763

 11.6005, 6.5547,
2.5911

 12.2593, 7.4790,
4.0235

 13.1674, 8.7806,
5.9124

 14.3465, 10.4943,
8.2925

■ 15.8160, 12.6508,
11.1946

■ 17.5936, 15.2781,
14.6476

■ 19.6954, 18.4018,
18.6777

■ 22.1366, 22.0455,
23.3098

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4393, 5.6072, 4.9416



10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236



7.8889, 5.6072, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236



1.8567, 5.6072, 1.6831



5.7767, 5.6072, 36.5774

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236



13.1454, 20.2630, 22.9633

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.3938, 5.6072, 32.2128



10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236



1.6282, 5.6072, 7.4387

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236



2.8658, 5.6072, 0.0000



2.0806, 5.6072, 19.2773



8.9093, 5.6072, 28.5803

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236



5.8217, 5.6072, 0.0000



2.0806, 5.6072, 19.2773



4.8658, 5.6072, 36.5423

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8946, 5.6076, 0.9237



30.7988, 26.6105, 25.4002



13.3382, 6.3296, 25.3294



6.8159, 5.7159, 5.3091



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8946, 5.6076, 0.9237



19.1776, 9.8737, 1.4709



12.2300, 8.4050, 0.9783



5.0519, 5.0562, 5.3616



9.6841, 4.9837, 0.8406



0.0666, 0.0340, 0.0177

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.8946, 5.6076, 0.9237



19.1776, 9.8737, 1.4709



7.9048, 8.2355, 25.9837



5.0519, 5.0562, 5.3616



9.6841, 4.9837, 0.8406



0.0666, 0.0340, 0.0177

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

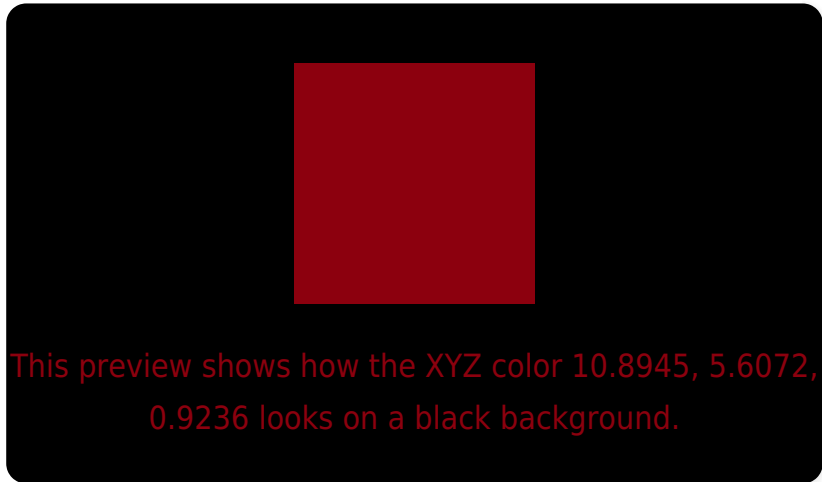
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8945, 5.6072,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236

Protanopia

5.6641, 6.2433, 1.8838

Deuteranopia

6.1270, 6.1382, 0.8619



Tritanopia

10.7914, 5.7768, 0.5463

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236

Protanomaly

6.4500, 4.7014, 1.3266

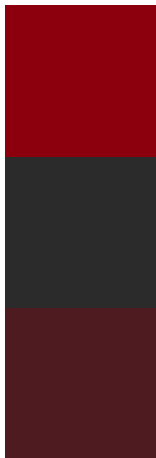
Deuteranomaly

7.0756, 4.9269, 0.7216

Tritanomaly

10.7617, 5.6736, 0.6715

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236

Achromatopsia

2.2962, 2.4158, 2.6308

Achromatomaly

3.7945, 2.5079, 1.6506

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 0, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 0, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 0, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 0, 14) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 0, 14) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 0, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 0, 14)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 0, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 0, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 0, 14)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.8945, 5.6072, 0.9236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 0, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 0,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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