

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.9567, 5.3164, 15.5123)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.9567, 5.3164, 15.5123)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.8953, 5.2853,
15.4848)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A006F
RGB	122, 0, 111
RGB Percent	48%, 0%, 44%
CMY	0.5216, 1.0000, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.09, 0.52
HSL	305°, 100%, 24%
HSV	305°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848
YIQ	49.1320, 37.0810, 60.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

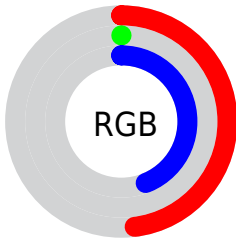
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 0, 111
Decimal	7995503
CIE _{Lab}	27.53, 55.25, -29.34
CIE _{LCh}	28, 62.553, 332.029
Yxy	5.2853, 0.3441, 0.1669
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286185583 (0xFF7A006F)
YUV	49.1320, 30.5009, 63.9052
Hunter-Lab	22.9898, 44.3625, -23.8420

Details

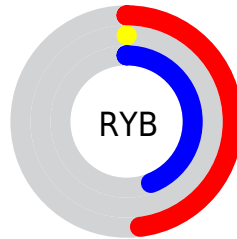
The XYZ color **10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **7.0202, 13.9435, 2.6383**, and the grayscale version is **2.8990, 3.0499, 3.3214**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.1611, 16.4896, 36.4016**, and **3.3514, 1.6241, 4.8395** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4846**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.0904, 5.5778, 15.8506**.

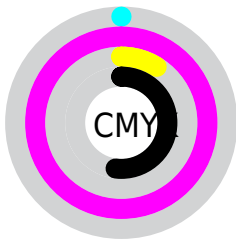
Distribution



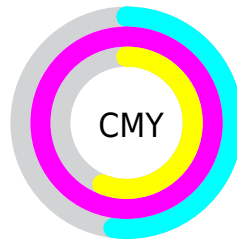
- Red (48%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.8953, 5.2853,
15.4848

10.8953, 5.2853,
15.4848

190.8710,
152.5415, 238.0231

6.0632, 2.4156,
9.0099

27.1011, 16.4292,
36.4557

2.9246, 0.8339,
4.6508

39.2055, 25.4722,
51.7888

1.1140, 0.0000,
1.9887

54.4647, 37.3417,
70.9118

0.0368, 0.0000,
0.5483


73.2442, 52.4222,
94.2431

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

95.9092, 71.0980,
122.2014

122.8251, 93.7535,

155.2051


 154.3572,
120.7732, 193.6729


 10.8953, 5.2853,
15.4848


 10.8953, 5.2853,
15.4848

 10.8953, 5.2853,
15.4846

 11.0904, 5.5778,
15.8506

 11.3532, 6.0047,
16.2426

 11.7301, 6.6584,
16.6764

 12.2342, 7.5655,
17.1563

 12.8771, 8.7490,
17.6862

■ 13.6689, 10.2291,
18.2695

■ 14.6190, 12.0243,
18.9092

■ 15.7357, 14.1517,
19.6083

■ 17.0269, 16.6269,
20.3694

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.1869, 5.2853, 28.6014



10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848



11.9029, 5.2853, 5.2602

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848



4.8477, 5.2853, 0.0000



1.8546, 5.2853, 17.2556

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848



7.0202, 13.9435, 2.6383

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.4896, 5.2853, 6.2795



10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848



2.8023, 5.2853, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848



7.7675, 5.2853, 0.0000



1.7646, 5.2853, 1.3005



3.0164, 5.2853, 30.1111

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848



11.2682, 5.2853, 1.8692



1.7646, 5.2853, 1.3005



1.6573, 5.2853, 13.0145

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8955, 5.2856, 15.4849



25.5867, 20.9034, 33.1808



3.6404, 1.4711, 18.5047



5.7161, 4.5251, 7.4982



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8955, 5.2856, 15.4849



19.1423, 9.2881, 27.1066



8.6203, 4.3755, 3.5037



4.1396, 4.0716, 4.9331



11.4694, 5.5639, 16.2944



54.5468, 26.4750, 76.8664

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.8955, 5.2856, 15.4849



19.1423, 9.2881, 27.1066



8.1026, 14.3764, 8.3380



4.1396, 4.0716, 4.9331



11.4694, 5.5639, 16.2944



54.5468, 26.4750, 76.8664

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

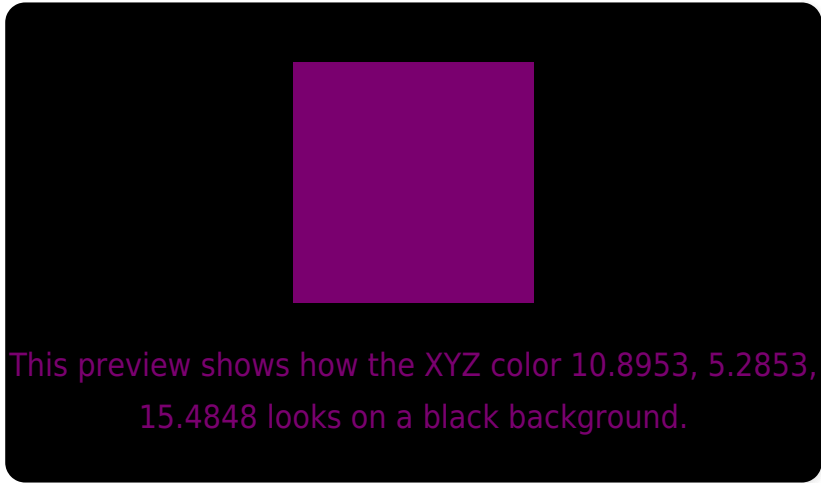
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

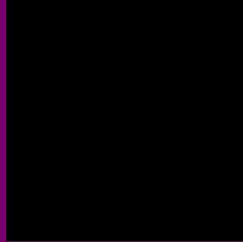
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848

Protanopia

6.6818, 5.7899, 25.5763

Deuteranopia

5.9311, 5.8375, 13.9109



Tritanopia

8.5963, 5.7116, 3.2341

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848

Protanomaly

5.8291, 3.7764, 21.1906

Deuteranomaly

6.5783, 4.3671, 14.4061

Tritanomaly

8.9920, 5.1243, 6.3095

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848

Achromatopsia

2.9193, 3.0713, 3.3447

Achromatomaly

4.6402, 2.9844, 6.4624

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 0, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(122, 0, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 0, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 0, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 0, 111) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 0, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 0, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 0, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 0, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 0,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.8953, 5.2853, 15.4848 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 0, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122, 0,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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