

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.9575, 4.8600, 2.0184)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.9575, 4.8600, 2.0184)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.4738, 5.8782,
2.1989)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E0024
RGB	142, 0, 36
RGB Percent	56%, 0%, 14%
CMY	0.4431, 0.9999, 0.8588
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.75, 0.44
HSL	345°, 100%, 28%
HSV	345°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989
YIQ	46.5620, 73.0760, 41.3000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

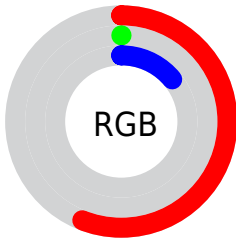
Format	Color
RYB	142, 0, 36
Decimal	9306148
CIELab	29.10, 52.70, 23.30
CIElCh	29, 57.622, 23.850
Yxy	5.8782, 0.5869, 0.3007
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287496228 (0xFF8E0024)
YUV	46.5620, -5.2071, 83.6991
Hunter-Lab	24.2450, 42.0453, 11.5942

Details

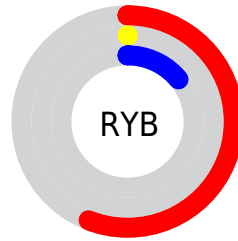
The XYZ color **11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **12.2758, 20.3871, 16.9293**, and the grayscale version is **2.6566, 2.7950, 3.0437**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.0583, 17.6422, 9.5159**, and **3.5673, 1.8390, 0.1669** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.4735, 5.8780, 2.1977**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.8204, 6.2728, 3.2351**.

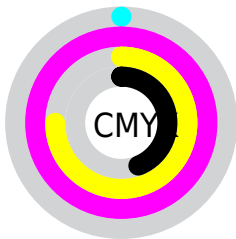
Distribution



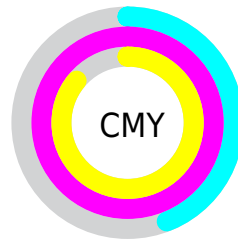
- Red (56%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.4738, 5.8782,
2.1989

■ 11.4738, 5.8782,
2.1989

194.7318,
157.9871, 125.3926

■ 6.4561, 2.7712,
0.6737

■ 28.1583, 17.6779,
9.5778

■ 3.1676, 1.0135,
0.0000

■ 40.5558, 27.1393,
16.2968

■ 1.2430, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 56.1439, 39.4877,
25.5935

■ 0.1399, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 75.2881, 55.1074,
37.8866


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 98.3536, 74.3828,
53.5945


■ 125.7058, 97.6982,


73.1358

 157.7101,
125.4382, 96.9290


 11.4738, 5.8782,
2.1989


 11.4738, 5.8782,
2.1989


 11.4735, 5.8780,
2.1977

 11.8204, 6.2728,
3.2351

 12.3242, 6.8988,
4.5795

 13.0428, 7.8660,
6.2684

 13.9993, 9.2152,
8.3251

 15.2133, 10.9812,
10.7706

■ 16.7025, 13.1950,
13.6241

■ 18.4830, 15.8846,
16.9038

■ 20.5695, 19.0757,
20.6266

■ 22.9758, 22.7921,
24.8083

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.1250, 5.8782, 8.0487



11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989



9.0599, 5.8782, 0.2551

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989



2.4590, 5.8782, 1.1415



5.0716, 5.8782, 33.5274

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989



12.2758, 20.3871, 16.9293

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.1390, 5.8782, 26.1342



11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989



1.9603, 5.8782, 4.9940

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989



3.8094, 5.8782, 0.0000



2.1638, 5.8782, 14.0493



7.8462, 5.8782, 30.2245

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989



7.0859, 5.8782, 0.0000



2.1638, 5.8782, 14.0493



4.3160, 5.8782, 32.1016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.4739, 5.8786, 2.1990



32.3771, 27.6828, 29.4166



10.6077, 4.9048, 25.9787



6.9619, 5.7743, 6.0778



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.4739, 5.8786, 2.1990



20.1751, 10.3425, 3.5725



11.7034, 6.8468, 0.7053



5.4615, 5.4451, 5.9281



10.3082, 5.2803, 2.0082



0.1064, 0.0536, 0.0604

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.4739, 5.8786, 2.1990



20.1751, 10.3425, 3.5725



10.3376, 12.8629, 27.5290



5.4615, 5.4451, 5.9281



10.3082, 5.2803, 2.0082



0.1064, 0.0536, 0.0604

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

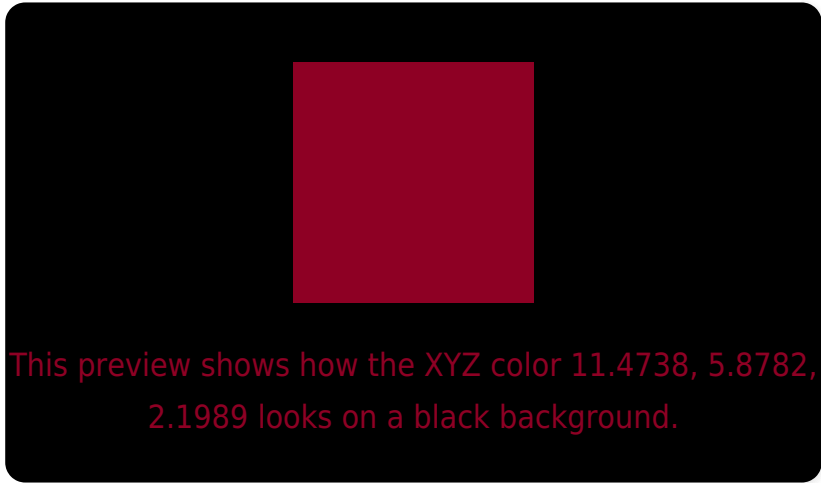
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.4738, 5.8782,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989

Protanopia

6.0438, 6.4789, 4.4220

Deuteranopia

6.5542, 6.5137, 2.0104



Tritanopia

11.3809, 6.1143, 0.8675

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989

Protanomaly

6.8569, 4.9259, 3.2787

Deuteranomaly

7.4547, 5.1515, 1.8978

Tritanomaly

11.3814, 6.0149, 1.1772

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989

Achromatopsia

2.7019, 2.8426, 3.0956

Achromatomaly

4.3800, 2.8968, 2.6138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 0, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 0, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 0, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 0, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 0, 36) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 0, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 0, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 0, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 0, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 0, 36)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 0, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142, 0,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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