

Converting Colors

XYZ(10.9800, 19.5496, 29.8204)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(10.9800, 19.5496, 29.8204)
contains.

XYZ(14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(14.9333, 21.6893,
30.1874)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008F91
RGB	0, 143, 145
RGB Percent	0%, 56%, 57%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4392, 0.4314
CMYK	1.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	181°, 100%, 28%
HSV	181°, 100%, 57%
XYZ	14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874
YIQ	100.4710, -85.8700, -29.6940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

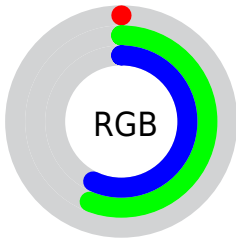
Format	Color
RYB	0, 72, 145
Decimal	36753
CIELab	53.70, -30.61, -10.25
CIELCh	54, 32.282, 198.507
Yxy	21.6893, 0.2235, 0.3246
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278226833 (0xFF008F91)
YUV	100.4710, 21.9528, -88.1131
Hunter-Lab	46.5718, -24.2643, -5.8310

Details

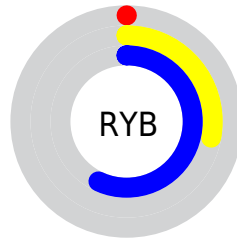
The XYZ color **14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **11.6992, 6.0637, 0.5544**, and the grayscale version is **12.1966, 12.8318, 13.9738**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.2996, 46.1307, 61.1292**, and **5.8927, 8.4805, 12.1528** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.9337, 21.6899, 30.1879**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1530, 21.8476, 30.2068**.

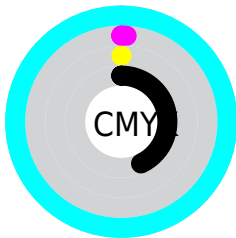
Distribution



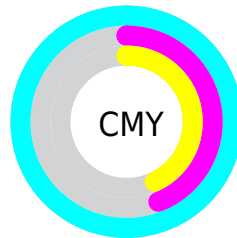
- Red (0%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.9333, 21.6893,
30.1874

■ 14.9333, 21.6893,
30.1874

■ 216.3585,
260.9194, 317.0114

■ 8.8586, 13.6288,
19.7276

■ 34.3087, 46.2319,
61.0229

■ 4.7054, 7.8629,
12.0151

■ 48.3402, 63.4828,
82.2357

■ 2.1085, 4.0074,
6.6313

■ 65.7546, 84.5660,
107.8700

■ 0.6938, 1.6777,
3.1577

■ 86.9173, 109.8658,
138.3442

■ 0.0000, 0.4091,
1.1757

■ 112.1937,
139.7667, 174.0769

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 141.9492,

174.6529, 215.4866

176.5490,
214.9091, 262.9920

■ 14.9333, 21.6893,
30.1874

■ 14.9333, 21.6893,
30.1874

■ 14.9337, 21.6899,
30.1879

■ 15.1530, 21.8476,
30.2068

■ 15.5011, 22.0717,
30.2317

■ 16.0422, 22.3954,
30.2657

■ 16.8003, 22.8311,
30.3098

■ 17.7959, 23.3892,
30.3650

■ 19.0472, 24.0793,
30.4323

■ 20.5705, 24.9096,
30.5123

■ 22.3808, 25.8880,
30.6057

■ 24.4921, 27.0216,
30.7132

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.7642, 21.6893, 20.0231



14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874



16.5180, 21.6893, 40.9338

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874



26.0044, 21.6893, 38.6034



21.9677, 21.6893, 9.4438

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874



11.6992, 6.0637, 0.5544

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.3389, 21.6893, 12.0358



14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874



27.8375, 21.6893, 27.6148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874



22.7974, 21.6893, 46.6532



27.5811, 21.6893, 18.0749



18.5766, 21.6893, 9.7747

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874



18.2747, 21.6893, 46.1213



27.5811, 21.6893, 18.0749



23.1471, 21.6893, 9.9643

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.9340, 21.6901, 30.1879



36.6486, 44.5060, 54.6325



10.1259, 20.2512, 3.3758



7.9151, 9.7715, 12.1411



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.9340, 21.6901, 30.1879



26.7325, 38.8205, 54.0577



7.4617, 6.7455, 27.6972



5.5540, 6.1037, 6.9142



12.8106, 18.6072, 25.8934



0.1238, 0.1805, 0.2480

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.6355, 8.0035, 26.6555



29.7853, 14.3299, 47.7055



14.0278, 10.7209, 1.3306



5.6231, 5.5098, 6.7792



14.2693, 6.8647, 22.8673



0.1371, 0.0659, 0.2221

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

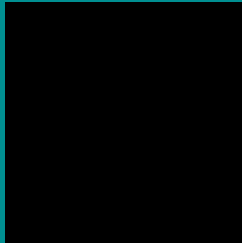
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.9333, 21.6893,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874

Protanopia

20.8646, 21.5172, 25.9752

Deuteranopia

21.9644, 21.5830, 31.4421



Tritanopia

15.7995, 21.8401, 33.5198

Trichromacy



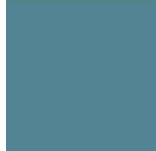
Original Color

14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874



Protanomaly

16.4411, 20.3885, 27.4949



Deuteranomaly

17.1638, 20.4796, 31.0653



Tritanomaly

15.3750, 21.6496, 32.2226

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874



Achromatopsia

12.1130, 12.7438, 13.8780



Achromatomaly

11.5121, 14.8417, 18.7810

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 143, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 143, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 143, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 143, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 143, 145) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 143, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 143, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 143, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 143, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 143,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.9333, 21.6893, 30.1874 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 143, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 143,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor