

# Converting Colors

XYZ(101.2011, 117.3206,  
165.1288)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(101.2011, 117.3206, 165.1288)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(80.6740, 92.5889,  
108.2272)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3FFFF
RGB	211, 255, 255
RGB Percent	83%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.1725, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 91%
HSV	180°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272
YIQ	241.8440, -26.2240, -9.3280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

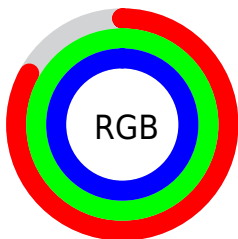
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	211, 233, 255
Decimal	13893631
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	97.06, -13.92, -4.67
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 14.683, 198.527
Yxy	92.5889, 0.2866, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292083711 (0xFFD3FFFF)
<b>YUV</b>	241.8440, 6.4859, -27.0502
Hunter-Lab	96.2231, -18.7351, 0.6696

# Details

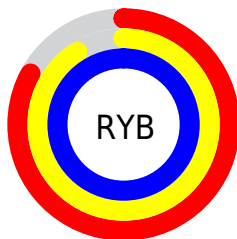
The XYZ color **80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **76.2931, 72.5531, 71.6129**, and the grayscale version is **84.2396, 88.6266, 96.5144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **44.0974, 51.5333, 61.0488** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.9391, 89.1169, 107.9120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.5692, 96.6590, 108.5967**.

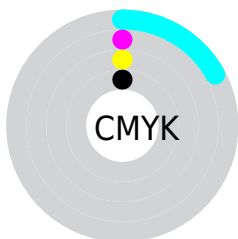
# Distribution



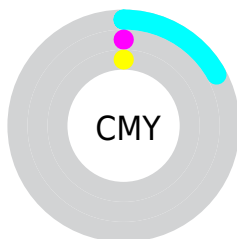
- Red (83%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 80.6740, 92.5889,  
108.2272

 80.6740, 92.5889,  
108.2272


485.9034,  
536.4169, 607.7305

 60.5835, 70.1299,  
82.5339


133.2585,  
150.9293, 174.5683

 44.1404, 51.6324,  
61.2673

166.4832,  
187.5795, 216.0531

 30.9793, 36.7122,  
44.0090


204.8167,  
229.7289, 263.6389

 20.7348, 24.9847,  
30.3403

248.6243,  
277.7618, 317.7441

 13.0417, 16.0657,  
19.8428

298.2714,  
332.0626, 378.7874

 7.5344, 9.5706,  
12.0979

354.1234,

 3.8478, 5.1152,

393.0159, 447.1871

6.6870

416.5456,  
461.0058, 523.3620

■ 1.6164, 2.3150,  
3.1917

■ 0.4031, 0.7816,  
1.1933

■ 80.6740, 92.5889,  
108.2272

■ 80.6740, 92.5889,  
108.2272

■ 73.9391, 89.1169,  
107.9120

■ 88.5692, 96.6590,  
108.5967

■ 68.3077, 86.2139,  
107.6485

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 63.7218, 83.8497,  
107.4339

■ 60.1170, 81.9914,  
107.2652

■ 57.4218, 80.6019,  
107.1390

■ 55.5551, 79.6396,  
107.0517

■ 54.4214, 79.0552,  
106.9986

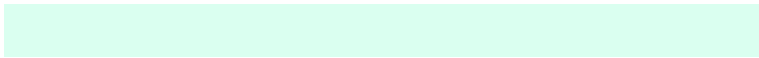
■ 53.8977, 78.7852,  
106.9741

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,  
106.9700

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.4352, 92.5889, 96.3498



80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272



82.8393, 92.5889, 118.8647

# Triad

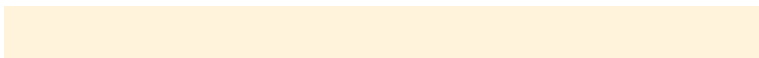
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272



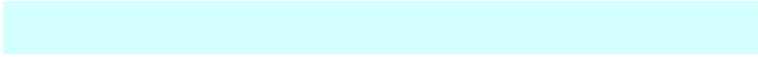
94.0987, 92.5889, 116.6661



89.5947, 92.5889, 80.0948

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



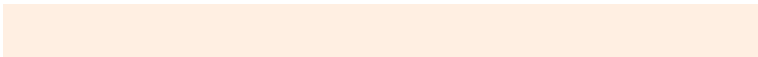
80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272



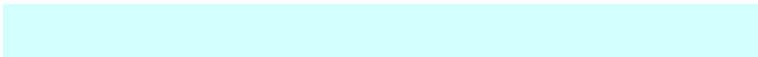
76.2931, 72.5531, 71.6129

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.3769, 92.5889, 84.6893



80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272



96.0312, 92.5889, 105.4131

# Square

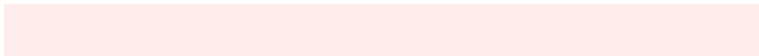
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272



90.5549, 92.5889, 123.9939



95.7629, 92.5889, 93.7465

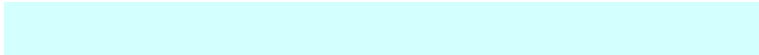


85.4995, 92.5889, 80.7188

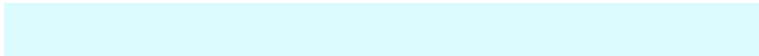


# Rectangle

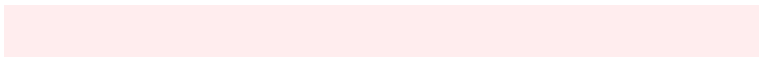
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272



85.1231, 92.5889, 123.5347



95.7629, 92.5889, 93.7465



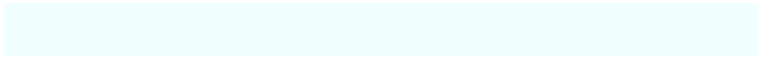
90.9471, 92.5889, 81.0646

# Sweetspot

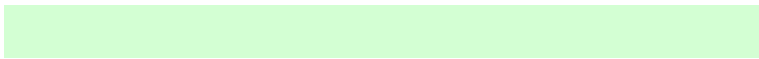
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.6747, 92.5893, 108.2272



90.5138, 97.6615, 108.6877



74.3829, 90.0726, 75.0951



19.2425, 20.8360, 23.2575



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

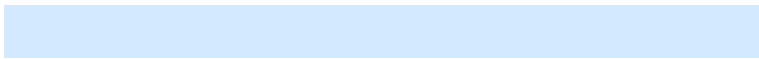
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.6747, 92.5893, 108.2272



78.0186, 91.2200, 108.1029



74.0540, 79.3479, 106.0203



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.5849, 75.0699, 104.7450



80.2817, 70.4634, 103.9772



82.1375, 84.2419, 73.5610



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741

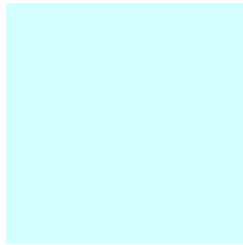


3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

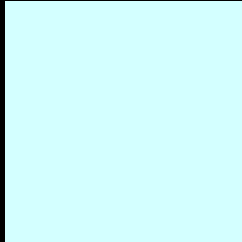
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272.



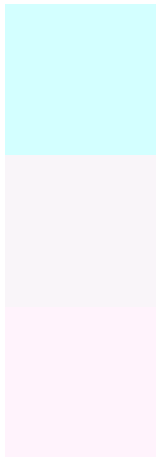
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.6740, 92.5889,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272

### Protanopia

88.8182, 92.2841, 102.7539

### Deuteranopia

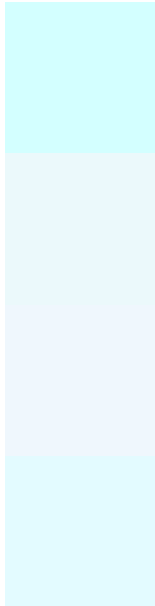
90.8613, 92.3895, 105.1395



## **Tritanopia**

86.2095, 92.1877, 107.8580

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272

## Protanomaly

85.5492, 92.3786, 104.5887

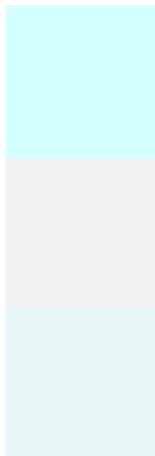
## Deuteranomaly

86.5870, 91.9641, 106.1157

## Tritanomaly

84.2257, 92.5453, 108.0316

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272

## Achromatopsia

84.3971, 88.7923, 96.6948

## Achromatomaly

83.0043, 90.2259, 101.0362

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 255, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 255, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 255,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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