

# Converting Colors

XYZ(101.2977, 139.1312,  
85.3119)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(101.2977, 139.1312, 85.3119)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(77.4128, 91.5907,  
77.2170)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCFFD6
RGB	220, 255, 214
RGB Percent	86%, 100%, 84%
CMY	0.1372, 0.0000, 0.1608
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	111°, 100%, 92%
HSV	111°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170
YIQ	239.8610, -7.6990, -20.1710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

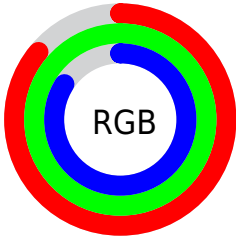
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	214, 255, 249
Decimal	14483414
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	96.65, -18.63, 15.88
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 24.478, 139.567
Yxy	91.5907, 0.3144, 0.3720
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292673494 (0xFFDCFFD6)
YUV	239.8610, -12.7495, -17.4181
Hunter-Lab	95.7030, -23.0942, 19.1546

# Details

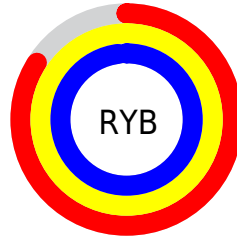
The XYZ color **77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **81.1643, 75.4540, 104.8940**, and the grayscale version is **82.8161, 87.1290, 94.8835**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.9691, 50.8907, 40.4118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.2414, 87.2100, 61.0977**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.9533, 96.6183, 96.0643**.

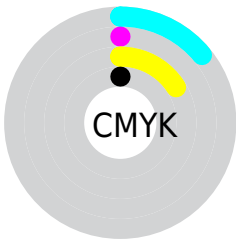
# Distribution



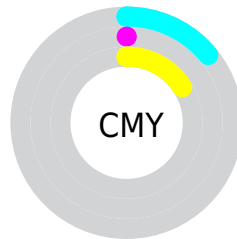
- Red (86%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77.4128, 91.5907,  
77.2170

77.4128, 91.5907,  
77.2170

475.0407,  
533.1919, 504.9609

57.8928, 69.3007,  
56.9184

128.6918,  
149.5460, 131.2216

41.9654, 50.9567,  
40.5308

161.1815,  
185.9801, 165.7646

29.2652, 36.1741,  
27.6357

198.7252,  
227.8977, 205.8928

19.4268, 24.5687,  
17.8146

241.6882,  
275.6832, 252.0247

12.0849, 15.7560,  
10.6489

290.4359,  
329.7209, 304.5790

6.8742, 9.3517,  
5.7201

345.3337,

3.4292, 4.9713,

390.3954, 363.9741

2.6096

406.7468,  
458.0909, 430.6285

■ 1.3846, 2.2304,  
0.8974

■ 0.2452, 0.7365,  
0.0000

■ 77.4128, 91.5907,  
77.2170

■ 77.4128, 91.5907,  
77.2170

■ 68.2414, 87.2100,  
61.0977

■ 87.9533, 96.6183,  
96.0643

■ 60.3807, 83.4487,  
47.5761

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 53.7707, 80.2791,  
36.5176

■ 48.3461, 77.6705,  
27.7736

■ 44.0355, 75.5898,  
21.1799

■ 40.7597, 74.0001,  
16.5504

■ 38.4284, 72.8597,  
13.6674

■ 36.9349, 72.1193,  
12.2610

■ 36.5343, 71.9192,  
11.9562

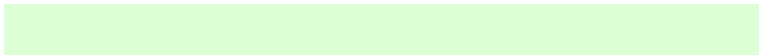
# Harmonies

## Analogous

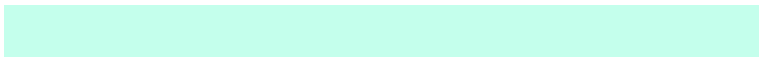
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.7191, 91.5907, 68.2511



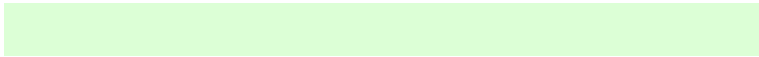
77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170



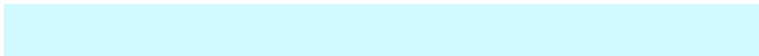
74.7378, 91.5907, 93.0532

# Triad

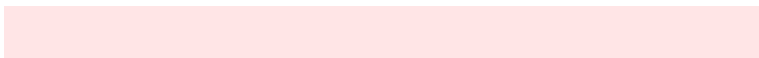
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170



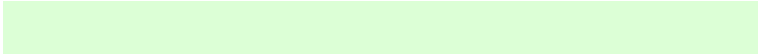
84.6917, 91.5907, 141.5940



100.0580, 91.5907, 87.6248

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170



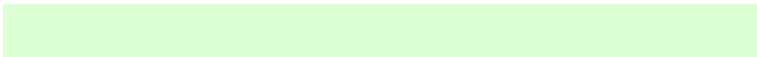
81.1643, 75.4540, 104.8940

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.6545, 91.5907, 106.7118



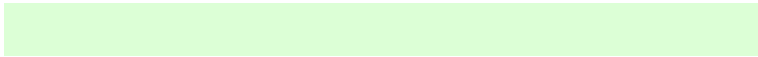
77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170



91.5382, 91.5907, 139.6401

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



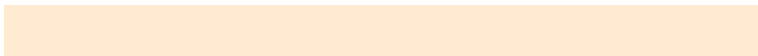
77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170



78.7917, 91.5907, 131.2672



97.4647, 91.5907, 126.2340

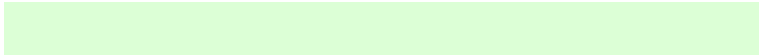


95.8751, 91.5907, 73.6923

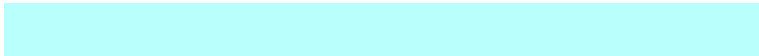


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170



74.7065, 91.5907, 106.1251



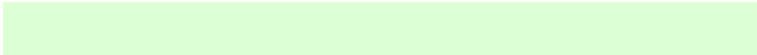
97.4647, 91.5907, 126.2340



100.6926, 91.5907, 93.5908

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.4135, 91.5910, 77.2184



89.1730, 97.1996, 98.2629



87.2073, 93.7740, 77.1236



18.9161, 20.7234, 20.7246



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

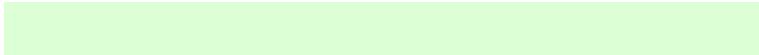


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

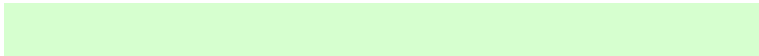


# Same Dimension

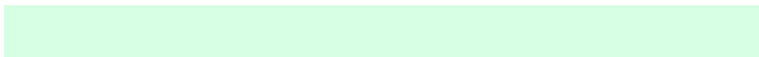
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.4135, 91.5910, 77.2184



74.5940, 90.2450, 72.2310



77.5446, 91.4374, 87.2169



18.0188, 20.2956, 19.1121



19.1639, 37.6174, 6.2509



1.9361, 3.6989, 0.6119



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.1643, 75.4540, 104.8940



78.9335, 71.5680, 104.2615



81.1121, 75.6842, 93.2792



18.5161, 18.1578, 22.7788



24.5899, 11.5871, 50.3751



2.4624, 1.1633, 4.9080



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

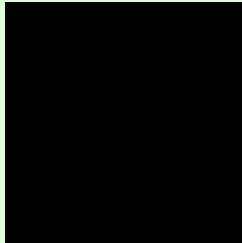
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

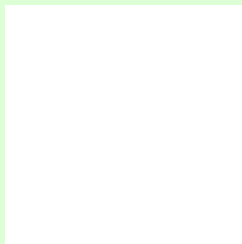
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170.



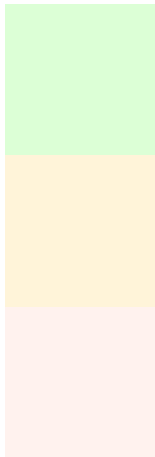
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.4128, 91.5907,

77.2170.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170

### Protanopia

86.1151, 90.9711, 78.6661

### Deuteranopia

88.4247, 90.9373, 93.7811



## Tritanopia

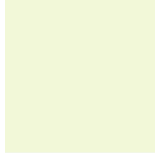
86.2657, 91.3087, 107.6854

# Trichromacy



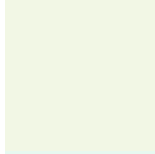
## Original Color

77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170



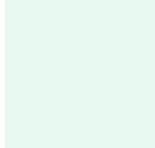
## Protanomaly

82.5800, 90.9699, 78.1723



## Deuteranomaly

84.0216, 91.0559, 87.2759



## Tritanomaly

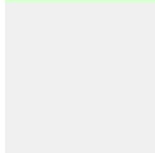
82.5589, 91.0316, 95.6576

# Monochromacy



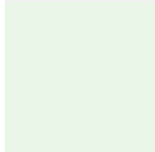
## Original Color

77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170



## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919



## Achromatomaly

80.6805, 88.3980, 88.4115

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 255, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 255, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 255, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 255, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 255, 214) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 255, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 255, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 255, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 255, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 255,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 77.4128, 91.5907, 77.2170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 255, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
255, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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