

# Converting Colors

XYZ(101.6373, 100.0000,  
126.6375)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(101.6373, 100.0000, 126.6375)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(93.1657, 96.2314,  
108.2719)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF9FF
RGB	255, 249, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 98%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0235, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 99%
HSV	300°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719
YIQ	251.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 249, 255
Decimal	16775679
CIE Lab	98.52, 3.04, -2.17
CIE LCh	99, 3.735, 324.489
Yxy	96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965759 (0xFFFFF9FF)
YUV	251.4780, 1.7363, 3.0888
Hunter-Lab	98.0976, -2.1450, 3.2290

# Details

The XYZ color 93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 91.9289, 98.5008, 103.7949, and the grayscale version is 92.0788, 96.8741, 105.4959.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 52.5517, 54.2229, 61.1224 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 85.8131, 81.5262, 105.8210, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

# Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 93.1657, 96.2314,  
108.2719

 93.1657, 96.2314,  
108.2719


526.3615,  
548.0997, 607.8717

 70.9541, 73.1603,  
82.5712

150.5841,  
155.9647, 174.6298

 52.5872, 54.1070,  
61.2979

186.5217,  
193.3958, 216.1240

 37.6995, 38.6872,  
44.0335


227.7653,  
236.3822, 263.7198

 25.9257, 26.5165,  
30.3595

274.6804,  
285.3085, 317.8358

 16.9004, 17.2104,  
19.8572

327.6321,  
340.5590, 378.8904

 10.2584, 10.3846,  
12.1083

386.9860,

 5.6342, 5.6547,

402.5181, 447.3022

6.6940

453.1074,  
471.5702, 523.4898

■ 2.6625, 2.6363,  
3.1960

■ 0.9779, 0.9449,  
1.1955

■ 93.1657, 96.2314,  
108.2719

■ 93.1657, 96.2314,  
108.2719

■ 85.8131, 81.5262,  
105.8210

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 79.4855, 68.8709,  
103.7118

■ 74.1390, 58.1781,  
101.9297

■ 69.7247, 49.3493,  
100.4582

■ 66.1890, 42.2781,  
99.2797

■ 63.4734, 36.8468,  
98.3745

■ 61.5120, 32.9239,  
97.7207

■ 60.2286, 30.3572,  
97.2929

■ 59.5315, 28.9631,  
97.0605

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.3285, 96.2314, 110.2851



93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719



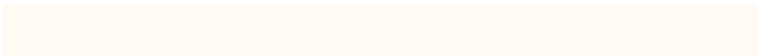
93.5475, 96.2314, 105.3518

# Triad

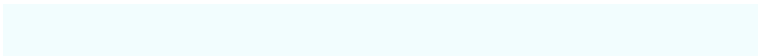
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719



91.6646, 96.2314, 98.9712



89.5884, 96.2314, 107.2640

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719



91.9289, 98.5008, 103.7949

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.4138, 96.2314, 104.2096



93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719



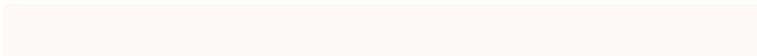
90.6070, 96.2314, 99.4606

# Square

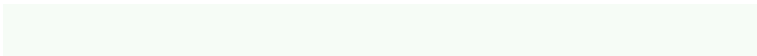
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719



92.6765, 96.2314, 100.0132



89.7852, 96.2314, 101.3633



90.2643, 96.2314, 109.6952



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719



93.4902, 96.2314, 103.2988



89.7852, 96.2314, 101.3633



89.4694, 96.2314, 106.2745

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.1676, 96.2351, 108.2725



94.2419, 98.3838, 108.6306



90.9966, 95.1160, 108.1709



20.1802, 21.0752, 23.2543



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.1676, 96.2351, 108.2725



92.6579, 95.2158, 108.1026



92.6887, 96.0436, 105.7510



19.6993, 20.1134, 23.0940



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340




# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93.1676, 96.2351, 108.2725



92.6579, 95.2158, 108.1026



92.4003, 98.6893, 106.2769



19.6993, 20.1134, 23.0940



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

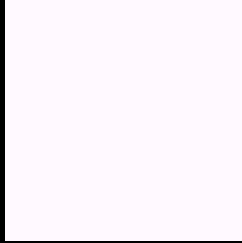
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

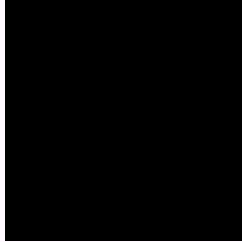
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719

### Protanopia

92.7987, 96.0422, 108.2547

### Deuteranopia

92.6864, 96.0396, 105.7479

## **Tritanopia**

92.3805, 96.2867, 108.3240

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719

## Protanomaly

92.7987, 96.0422, 108.2547

## Deuteranomaly

92.8453, 96.1032, 106.5848

## Tritanomaly

92.7436, 96.4739, 108.3409

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719

## Achromatopsia

91.6934, 96.4686, 105.0543

## Achromatomaly

91.9012, 96.0949, 105.7999

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 249, 255) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 249, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 249, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 249, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 249, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 249, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 249, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 249, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 249, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 249,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 249, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
249, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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