

# Converting Colors

XYZ(101.7614, 100.0000,  
225.2032)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(101.7614, 100.0000, 225.2032)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(79.4698, 91.0259,  
107.9890)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1FDFF
RGB	209, 253, 255
RGB Percent	82%, 99%, 100%
CMY	0.1804, 0.0078, 0.0000
CMYK	0.18, 0.01, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	183°, 100%, 91%
HSV	183°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890
YIQ	240.0720, -26.8660, -8.7060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

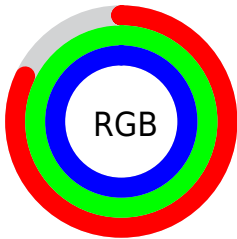
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	209, 231, 255
Decimal	13762047
CIE Lab	96.42, -13.53, -5.62
CIE LCh	96, 14.653, 202.562
Yxy	91.0259, 0.2854, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291952127 (0xFFD1FDFF)
YUV	240.0720, 7.3595, -27.2501
Hunter-Lab	95.4075, -18.2813, -0.3234

# Details

The XYZ color **79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **76.0426, 72.4508, 70.2999**, and the grayscale version is **82.8421, 87.1564, 94.9133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.2594, 50.4271, 60.8795** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.4770, 86.9066, 107.5625**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.6240, 95.7518, 108.4714**.

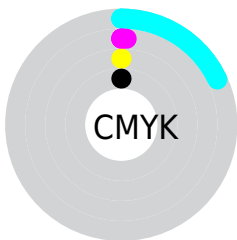
# Distribution



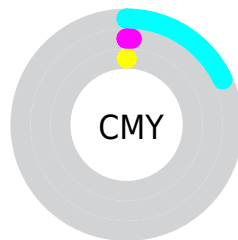
- Red (82%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



79.4698, 91.0259,  
107.9890

79.4698, 91.0259,  
107.9890

481.9080,  
531.3624, 606.9777

59.5891, 68.8318,  
82.3351

131.5745,  
148.7626, 174.2406

43.3357, 50.5748,  
61.1043

164.5292,  
185.0740, 215.6754

30.3443, 35.8703,  
43.8783

202.5726,  
226.8600, 263.2076

20.2494, 24.3340,  
30.2383

246.0701,  
274.5050, 317.2556

12.6858, 15.5816,  
19.7660

295.3871,  
328.3933, 378.2381

7.2880, 9.2286,  
12.0427

350.8888,

3.6908, 4.8906,

388.9094, 446.5736

6.6498

412.9407,  
456.4376, 522.6806

■ 1.5287, 2.1832,  
3.1690

■ 0.3453, 0.7108,  
1.1816

■ 79.4698, 91.0259,  
107.9890

■ 79.4698, 91.0259,  
107.9890

■ 72.4770, 86.9066,  
107.5625

■ 87.6240, 95.7518,  
108.4714

■ 66.5838, 83.3547,  
107.1875

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 61.7331, 80.3433,  
106.8619

■ 57.8602, 77.8390,  
106.5826

■ 54.8930, 75.8045,  
106.3463

■ 52.7494, 74.1976,  
106.1491

■ 51.3325, 72.9683,  
105.9865

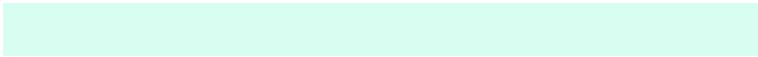
■ 50.5109, 72.0489,  
105.8524

■ 50.3830, 71.8860,  
105.8277

# Harmonies

## Analogous

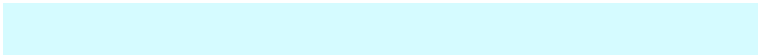
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.9656, 91.0259, 96.2303



79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890



81.8333, 91.0259, 118.0528

# Triad

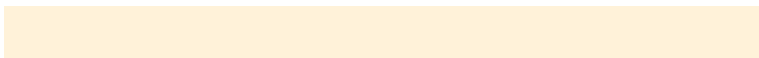
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890



92.9003, 91.0259, 113.4140



87.5374, 91.0259, 78.4515

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890



76.0426, 72.4508, 70.2999

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.3769, 91.0259, 82.3135



79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890



94.5359, 91.0259, 102.0501

# Square

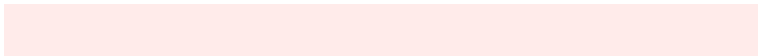
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890



89.5640, 91.0259, 121.3527



93.9698, 91.0259, 90.7348



83.5407, 91.0259, 79.7692

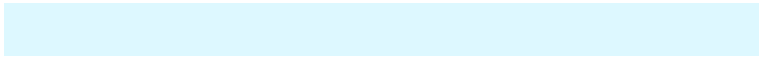


# Rectangle

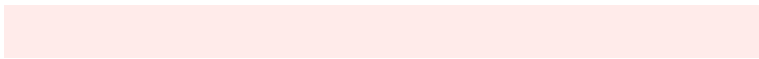
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890



84.1866, 91.0259, 122.1411



93.9698, 91.0259, 90.7348



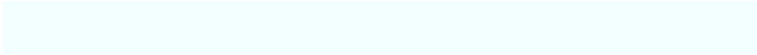
88.8908, 91.0259, 79.1759

# Sweetspot

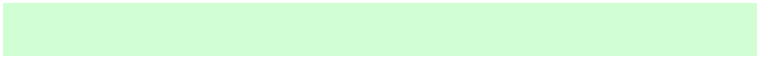
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.4722, 91.0295, 107.9896



90.3377, 97.3092, 108.6290



73.7550, 89.7556, 74.7607



19.1995, 20.7500, 23.2432



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

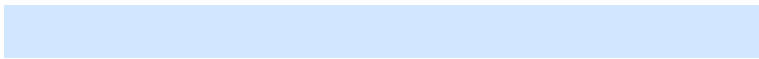
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.4722, 91.0295, 107.9896



76.5654, 89.3259, 107.8139



72.7725, 77.6302, 105.7563



18.4834, 20.3384, 23.2015



26.3559, 37.6214, 55.3071



2.5863, 3.7032, 5.3918



# Inverse Universe

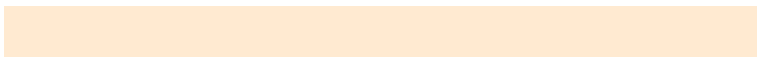
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.7716, 73.9544, 102.8976



79.3011, 69.1251, 101.7302



82.0394, 84.4445, 72.2988



18.7566, 18.2860, 22.6016



30.0914, 14.5259, 45.9935

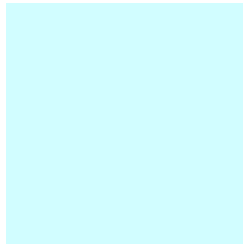


2.9400, 1.4184, 4.5316



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

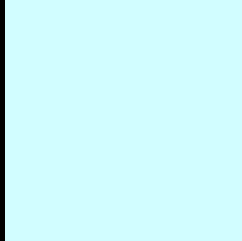
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

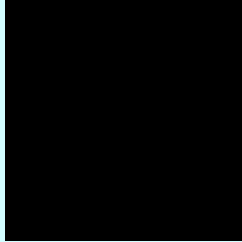
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890.



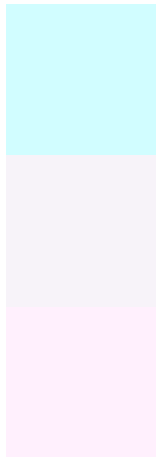
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.4698, 91.0259,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890

### Protanopia

87.5072, 90.7149, 102.5201

### Deuteranopia

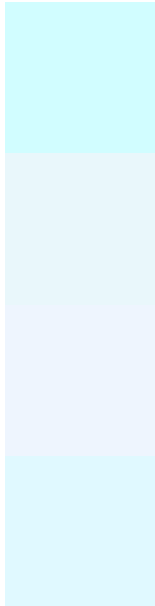
90.1297, 90.6720, 105.6796



## **Tritanopia**

84.5895, 90.8973, 107.6943

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890

## Protanomaly

84.2776, 90.8102, 104.3530

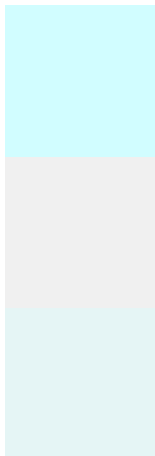
## Deuteranomaly

85.8017, 90.6377, 106.7385

## Tritanomaly

82.6662, 90.8187, 107.7805

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890

## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919

## Achromatomaly

81.4469, 88.5554, 99.1864

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 253, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 253, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 253, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 253, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 253, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 253, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 253, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 253, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 253, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 253,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.4698, 91.0259, 107.9890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 253, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
253, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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