

# Converting Colors

XYZ(102.3872, 91.1300,  
79.5337)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(102.3872, 91.1300, 79.5337)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(80.9514, 80.2249,  
78.2362)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE1DB
RGB	255, 225, 219
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 86%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1176, 0.1412
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.14, 0.00
HSL	10°, 100%, 93%
HSV	10°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362
YIQ	233.2860, 19.8060, 4.4940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

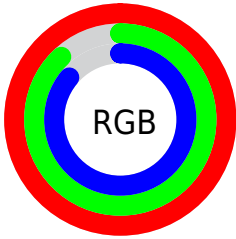
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 226, 219
Decimal	16769499
CIE Lab	91.79, 9.36, 6.70
CIE LCh	92, 11.509, 35.619
Yxy	80.2249, 0.3381, 0.3351
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959579 (0xFFFFE1DB)
YUV	233.2860, -7.0430, 19.0432
Hunter-Lab	89.5684, 4.5827, 10.9092

# Details

The XYZ color **80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **81.1382, 90.0289, 107.7086**, and the grayscale version is **77.7101, 81.7571, 89.0335**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **44.3643, 43.4356, 41.1676** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.4575, 68.2042, 60.0918**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.6781, 93.8876, 99.3307**.

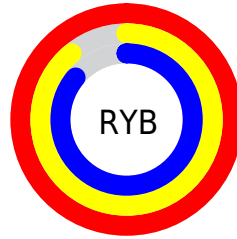
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

Blue (86%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (86%)

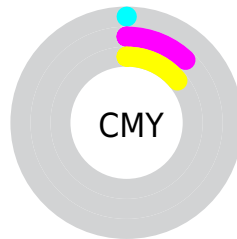


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)


Yellow (14%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 80.9514, 80.2249,  
78.2362

 80.9514, 80.2249,  
78.2362


486.8212,  
495.6904, 508.5178

 60.8127, 59.9034,  
57.7504


133.6460,  
133.6819, 132.6719

 44.3260, 43.3408,  
41.1947


166.9327,  
167.5862, 167.4590

 31.1259, 30.1526,  
28.1504


205.3328,  
206.7869, 207.8502

 20.8470, 19.9545,  
18.1990

249.2116,  
251.6684, 254.2641

 13.1241, 12.3619,  
10.9221

298.9345,  
302.6152, 307.1193

 7.5916, 6.9907,  
5.9009

354.8668,

 3.8844, 3.4563,

360.0115, 366.8343

2.7171

417.3739,  
424.2418, 433.8276

■ 1.6369, 1.3743,  
0.9520

■ 0.4163, 0.1977,  
0.0000

■ 80.9514, 80.2249,  
78.2362

■ 80.9514, 80.2249,  
78.2362

■ 72.4575, 68.2042,  
60.0918

■ 90.6781, 93.8876,  
99.3307

■ 65.1412, 57.7536,  
44.7608

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 58.9517, 48.8110,  
32.1035

■ 53.8319, 41.3063,  
21.9658

■ 49.7199, 35.1637,  
14.1781

■ 46.5469, 30.3004,  
8.5498

■ 44.2354, 26.6242,  
4.8600

■ 42.6940, 24.0300,  
2.8400

■ 42.0870, 22.9540,  
2.2123

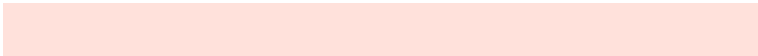
# Harmonies

## Analogous

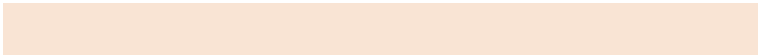
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.0312, 80.2249, 85.7719



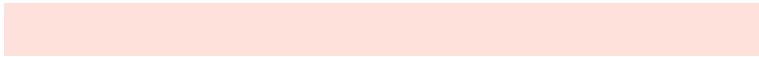
80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362



78.6147, 80.2249, 73.3873

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362



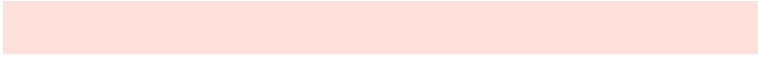
71.2055, 80.2249, 80.8215



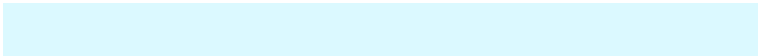
76.8076, 80.2249, 104.5187

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



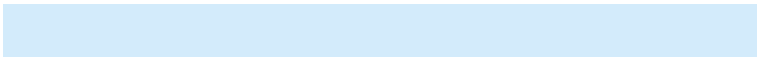
80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362



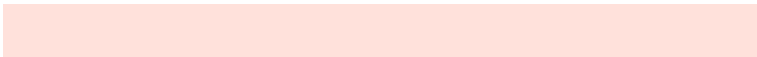
81.1382, 90.0289, 107.7086

# Split Complementary

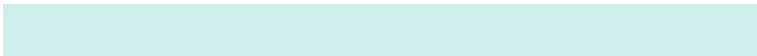
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.9359, 80.2249, 102.9829



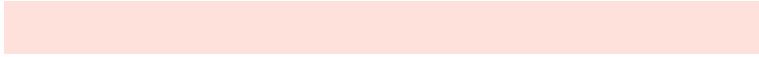
80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362



70.7496, 80.2249, 88.9500

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362



72.9984, 80.2249, 74.8112



71.7369, 80.2249, 97.1482



79.5995, 80.2249, 101.2197

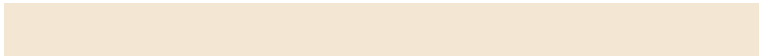


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



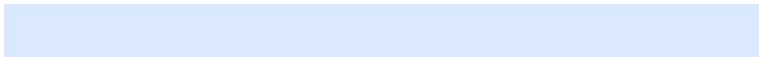
80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362



76.6851, 80.2249, 72.1479



71.7369, 80.2249, 97.1482



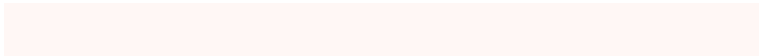
75.8193, 80.2249, 104.5532

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.9533, 80.2283, 78.2379



90.7994, 94.0573, 99.5954



83.6709, 78.7635, 100.4157



19.2686, 19.8994, 20.9548



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

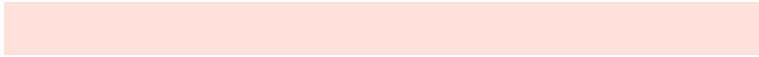


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

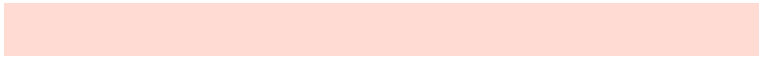


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.9533, 80.2283, 78.2379



78.3800, 76.5966, 72.7097



86.0772, 90.4761, 79.9458



18.2541, 18.4764, 18.7485



22.0626, 12.1365, 1.1797

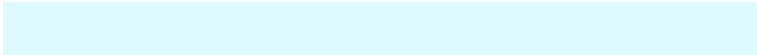


2.2136, 1.3126, 0.1367

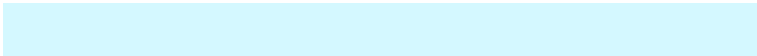


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.1382, 90.0289, 107.7086



78.5971, 88.1581, 107.4814



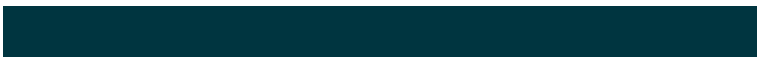
75.8401, 79.4328, 105.9426



18.2818, 19.9352, 23.1343



21.8899, 28.6893, 53.8185

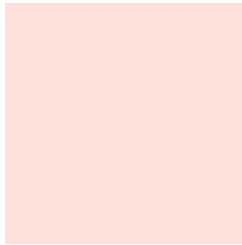


2.1967, 2.9242, 5.2619



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

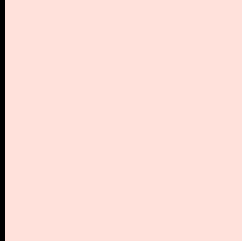
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

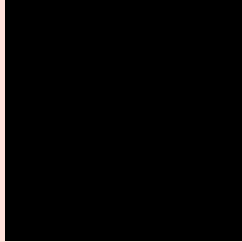
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

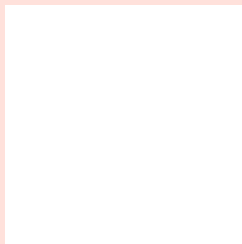
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362.



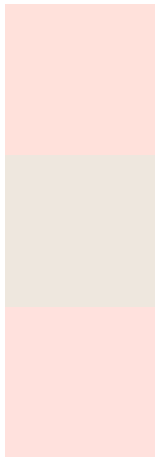
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 80.9514, 80.2249,

78.2362.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362

### Protanopia

77.0206, 80.6029, 80.6057

### Deuteranopia

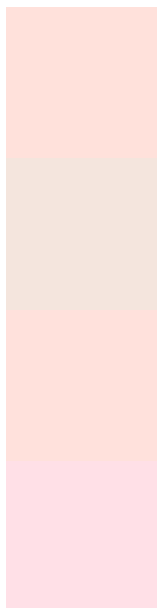
81.2164, 80.3309, 79.6315



## Tritanopia

83.0603, 80.2084, 91.9929

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362

## Protanomaly

78.3787, 80.4922, 79.8122

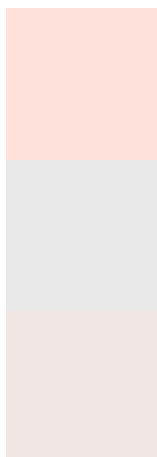
## Deuteranomaly

81.0835, 80.2777, 78.9317

## Tritanomaly

82.3195, 80.3408, 86.7699

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362

## Achromatopsia

77.4512, 81.4847, 88.7368

## Achromatomaly

78.5760, 80.8958, 84.8718

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 225, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 225, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 225, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 225, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 225, 219) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 225, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 225, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 225, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 80.9514, 80.2249, 78.2362 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 225, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
225, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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