

# Converting Colors

XYZ(102.8876, 138.2894,  
125.1350)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(102.8876, 138.2894, 125.1350)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(77.8974, 91.1575,  
108.0973)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9FFFF
RGB	201, 255, 255
RGB Percent	79%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.2118, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 89%
HSV	180°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973
YIQ	238.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

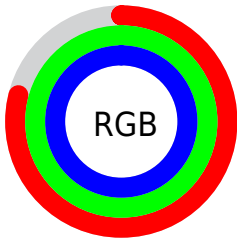
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	201, 228, 255
Decimal	13238271
CIE Lab	96.47, -16.89, -5.60
CIE LCh	96, 17.795, 198.327
Yxy	91.1575, 0.2811, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291428351 (0xFFC9FFFF)
YUV	238.8540, 7.9600, -33.1980
Hunter-Lab	95.4764, -21.4490, -0.2939

# Details

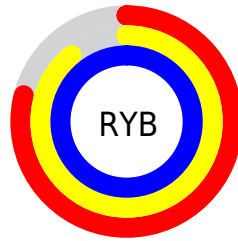
The XYZ color **77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **72.6703, 67.2518, 64.4108**, and the grayscale version is **81.8882, 86.1528, 93.8204**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **42.2412, 50.5764, 60.9620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.6023, 87.9123, 107.8027**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.3320, 94.9902, 108.4452**.

# Distribution



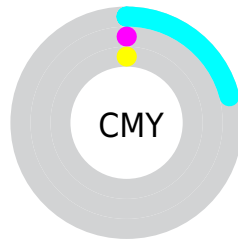
- Red (79%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77.8974, 91.1575,  
108.0973

77.8974, 91.1575,  
108.0973

476.6635,  
531.7890, 607.3200

58.2922, 68.9411,  
82.4255

129.3716,  
148.9452, 174.3896

42.2878, 50.6637,  
61.1784

161.9713,  
185.2852, 215.8472

29.5188, 35.9411,  
43.9377

199.6332,  
227.1019, 263.4037

19.6199, 24.3887,  
30.2847

242.7227,  
274.7796, 317.4778

12.2257, 15.6222,  
19.8009

291.6051,  
328.7028, 378.4879

6.9709, 9.2572,  
12.0678

346.6458,

3.4901, 4.9093,

389.2558, 446.8526

6.6667

408.2102,  
456.8231, 522.9905

■ 1.4179, 2.1942,  
3.1793

■ 0.2689, 0.7168,  
1.1869

■ 77.8974, 91.1575,  
108.0973

■ 77.8974, 91.1575,  
108.0973

■ 71.6023, 87.9123,  
107.8027

■ 85.3320, 94.9902,  
108.4452

■ 66.3882, 85.2243,  
107.5586

■ 93.9559, 99.4360,  
108.8488

■ 62.1950, 83.0626,  
107.3624

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 58.9559, 81.3928,  
107.2108

■ 56.5959, 80.1762,  
107.1004

■ 55.0291, 79.3684,  
107.0271

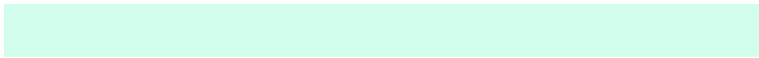
■ 54.1521, 78.9163,  
106.9860

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,  
106.9700

# Harmonies

## Analogous

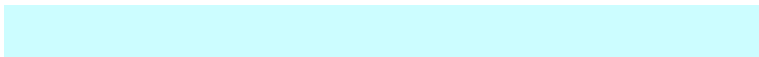
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.6307, 91.1575, 93.8286



77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973



80.4525, 91.1575, 121.0961

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973



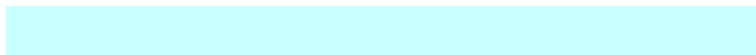
93.9663, 91.1575, 118.5535



88.5872, 91.1575, 74.8284

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



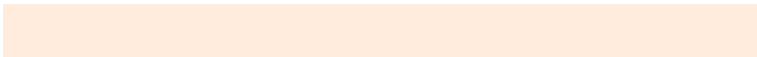
77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973



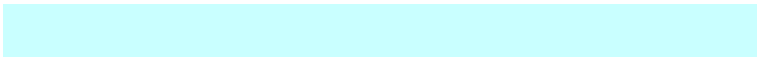
72.6703, 67.2518, 64.4108

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.1421, 91.1575, 80.2119



77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973



96.3260, 91.1575, 104.8867

# Square

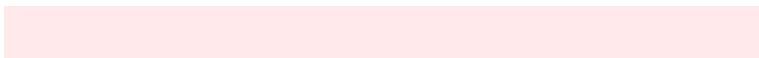
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



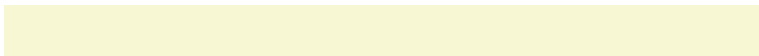
77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973



89.6773, 91.1575, 127.5187



96.0187, 91.1575, 90.9086

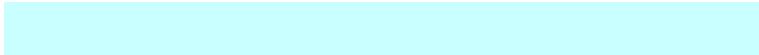


83.6769, 91.1575, 75.5104



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



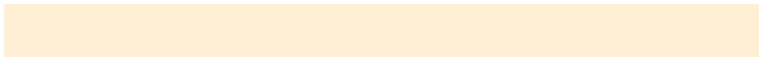
77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973



83.1665, 91.1575, 126.8749



96.0187, 91.1575, 90.9086



90.2140, 91.1575, 75.9660

# Sweetspot

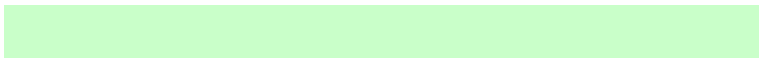
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.8982, 91.1579, 108.0973



89.6434, 97.2128, 108.6470



70.3911, 88.1551, 68.5657



19.0671, 20.7455, 23.2493



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

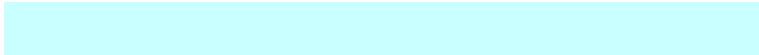


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

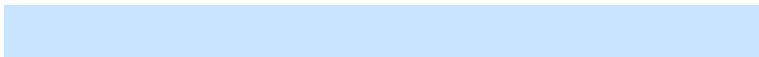
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.8982, 91.1579, 108.0973



75.3588, 89.8488, 107.9785



69.8819, 75.1255, 105.4252



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.1773, 70.2546, 103.9424



77.9754, 65.8507, 103.2085



79.5267, 80.9648, 66.6963



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741

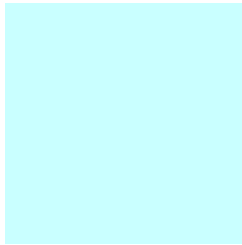


3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

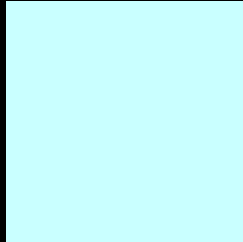
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973.



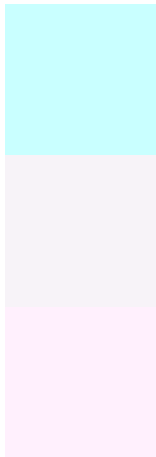
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.8974, 91.1575,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973

### Protanopia

87.3516, 90.6527, 101.7007

### Deuteranopia

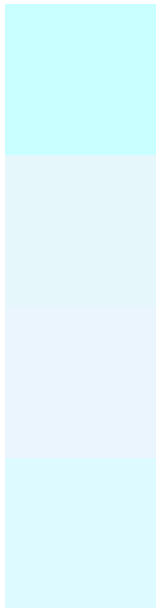
90.1297, 90.6720, 105.6796



## Tritanopia

84.2658, 90.7305, 107.6792

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973

## Protanomaly

83.3065, 90.3096, 104.3076

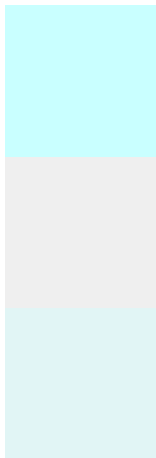
## Deuteranomaly

84.8028, 90.1227, 106.6918

## Tritanomaly

81.7508, 90.8069, 107.8265

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973

## Achromatopsia

82.0431, 86.3157, 93.9978

## Achromatomaly

80.1852, 87.9049, 99.1273

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 255, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 255, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 255,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 77.8974, 91.1575, 108.0973 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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