

Converting Colors

XYZ(103.4810, 111.4102,
64.9112)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(103.4810, 111.4102, 64.9112)
contains.

XYZ(86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(86.2943, 96.4977,
62.7929)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFBE
RGB	255, 255, 190
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 75%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.2549
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.25, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 87%
HSV	60°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929
YIQ	247.5900, 20.8650, -20.2150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

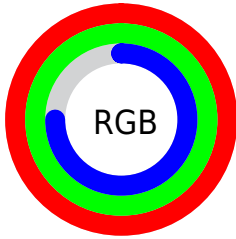
Format	Color
R _Y B	190, 255, 190
Decimal	16777150
CIE Lab	98.63, -9.94, 31.16
CIE LCh	99, 32.709, 107.688
Yxy	96.4977, 0.3514, 0.3929
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967230 (0xFFFFFFFFBE)
YUV	247.5900, -28.3919, 6.4986
Hunter-Lab	98.2332, -15.1025, 30.8638

Details

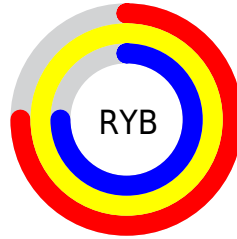
The XYZ color **86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.6997, 54.9954, 102.1818**, and the grayscale version is **89.0998, 93.7399, 102.0827**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.7885, 99.4954, 102.2570**, and **47.9267, 54.1715, 31.2227** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.7463, 95.4785, 49.3756**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.3304, 97.7122, 78.7810**.

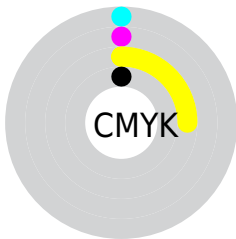
Distribution



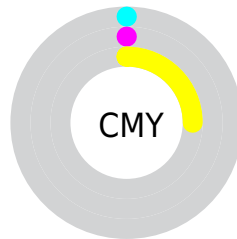
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86.2943, 96.4977,
62.7929

 86.2943, 96.4977,
62.7929

504.3205,
548.9487, 452.9047

 65.2374, 73.3821,
45.2338


 141.0848,
156.3321, 110.4534

 47.9191, 54.2885,
31.2973


175.5492,
193.8198, 141.3918

 33.9738, 38.8324,
20.5650


215.2135,
236.8669, 177.6270

 23.0362, 26.6293,
12.6183

260.4430,
285.8579, 219.5776

 14.7411, 17.2950,
7.0386

311.6031,
341.1772, 267.6622

 8.7230, 10.4451,
3.4074

369.0591,

 4.6166, 5.6950,

403.2092, 322.2992

1.3062

433.1765,
472.3382, 383.9072

■ 2.0566, 2.6605,
0.0669

■ 0.6654, 0.9572,
0.0000

■ 86.2943, 96.4977,
62.7929

■ 86.2943, 96.4977,
62.7929

■ 83.7463, 95.4785,
49.3756

■ 89.3304, 97.7122,
78.7810

■ 81.6604, 94.6441,
38.3912

■ 92.8775, 99.1310,
97.4599

■ 80.0090, 93.9836,
29.6952

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 78.7615, 93.4846,
23.1262

■ 77.8834, 93.1333,
18.5017

■ 77.3340, 92.9136,
15.6086

■ 77.0634, 92.8053,
14.1836

■ 77.0000, 92.7800,
13.8500

Harmonies

Analogous

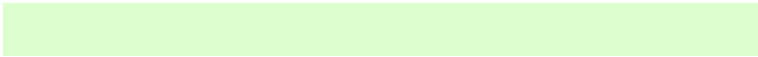
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.6575, 96.4977, 61.8987



86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929



78.8967, 96.4977, 73.7190

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929



79.9944, 96.4977, 148.5611



110.6906, 96.4977, 116.5909

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929



57.6997, 54.9954, 102.1818

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105.8585, 96.4977, 144.2452



86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929



87.8885, 96.4977, 164.7231

Square

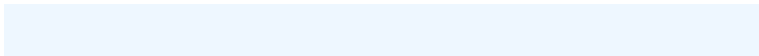
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



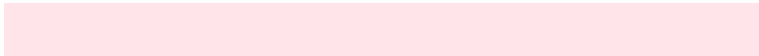
86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929



75.4353, 96.4977, 121.7302



97.3647, 96.4977, 163.0201



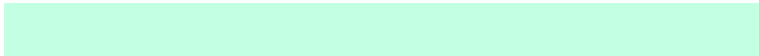
110.1901, 96.4977, 90.0030

Rectangle

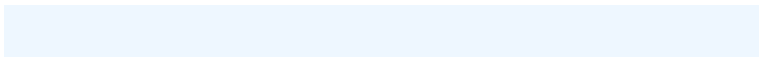
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929



75.8775, 96.4977, 86.4823



97.3647, 96.4977, 163.0201



109.6230, 96.4977, 126.1458

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.2945, 96.4978, 62.7942



91.9377, 98.7551, 92.5106



68.9485, 61.8057, 57.0122



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

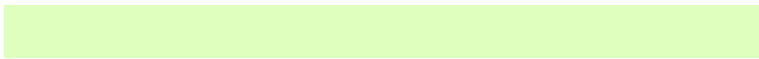
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.2945, 96.4978, 62.7942



84.8315, 95.9126, 55.0902



75.3325, 90.8467, 62.2812



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2342, 48.4795, 7.2369



3.9175, 4.7203, 0.7046

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.6997, 54.9954, 102.1818



51.4587, 47.4753, 101.0592



66.7419, 59.6568, 102.6050



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



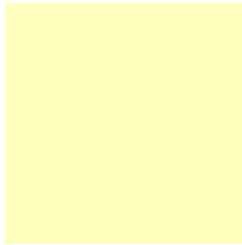
9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657



0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

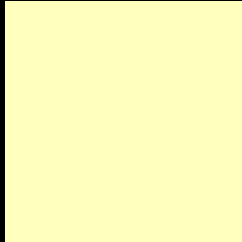
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

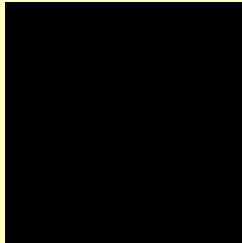
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.2943, 96.4977,

62.7929.

Color Blindness Simulation

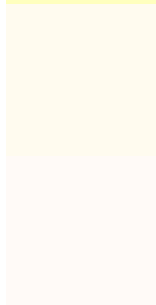
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929



Protanopia

91.3172, 96.4864, 95.4722

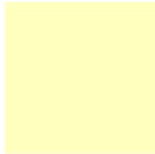
Deuteranopia

92.2141, 96.3466, 101.7322

Tritanopia

93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929



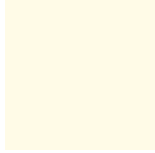
Protanomaly

89.1015, 96.1013, 82.2599



Deuteranomaly

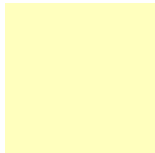
89.7779, 96.3718, 85.8213



Tritanomaly

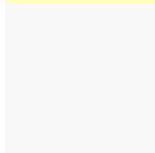
90.1610, 96.0239, 89.3838

Monochromacy



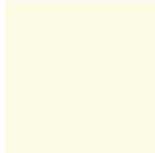
Original Color

86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929



Achromatopsia

89.2221, 93.8686, 102.2229



Achromatomaly

88.1460, 95.0496, 86.3737

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 190) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 190); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 190); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 86.2943, 96.4977, 62.7929 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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