

Converting Colors

XYZ(103.5753, 155.8342,
131.6410)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(103.5753, 155.8342, 131.6410)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(66.3877, 85.2240,
107.5586)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96FFFF
RGB	150, 255, 255
RGB Percent	59%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.4117, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 79%
HSV	180°, 41%, 100%
XYZ	66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586
YIQ	223.6050, -62.5800, -22.2600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

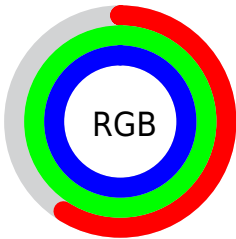
Format	Color
R_{YB}	150, 203, 255
Decimal	9895935
CIE _{Lab}	93.98, -30.42, -9.57
CIE _{LCh}	94, 31.890, 197.456
Y _{xy}	85.2240, 0.2562, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288086015 (0xFF96FFFF)
YUV	223.6050, 15.4777, -64.5516
Hunter-Lab	92.3168, -33.1900, -4.4571

Details

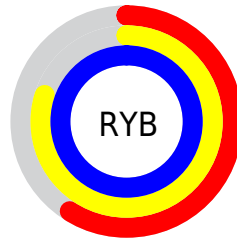
The XYZ color **66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **57.6526, 45.2764, 34.5568**, and the grayscale version is **70.4951, 74.1663, 80.7671**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.1045, 92.2953, 108.2006**, and **34.7015, 46.6895, 60.6091** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.1953, 83.0628, 107.3624**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.6027, 87.9125, 107.8027**.

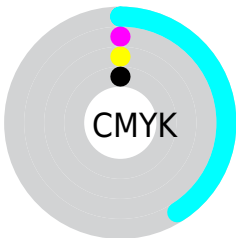
Distribution



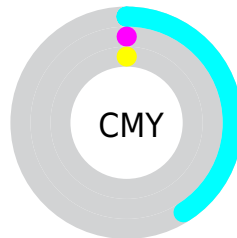
- Red (59%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

66.3877, 85.2240,
107.5586

66.3877, 85.2240,
107.5586

437.2290,
512.3690, 605.6163

48.8561, 64.0265,
81.9759

113.0973,
140.6861, 173.6484

34.7194, 46.6721,
60.8100

143.0059,
175.7195, 214.9927

23.6123, 32.7765,
43.6423

177.7709,
216.1336, 262.4278

15.1694, 21.9553,
30.0542

217.7576,
262.3128, 316.3724

9.0255, 13.8241,
19.6274

263.3314,
314.6416, 377.2450

4.8150, 7.9984,
11.9431

314.8577,

2.1728, 4.0939,

373.5043, 445.4642

6.5829

372.7018,
439.2853, 521.4484

■ 0.7283, 1.7262,
3.1282

■ 0.0000, 0.4406,
1.1604

■ 66.3877, 85.2240,
107.5586

■ 66.3877, 85.2240,
107.5586

■ 62.1953, 83.0628,
107.3624

■ 71.6027, 87.9125,
107.8027

■ 58.9561, 81.3929,
107.2108

■ 77.8987, 91.1582,
108.0973

■ 56.5961, 80.1763,
107.1004

■ 85.3326, 94.9905,
108.4452

■ 55.0292, 79.3685,
107.0271

■ 93.9567, 99.4364,
108.8488

■ 54.1521, 78.9164, 95.0500, 100.0000,
106.9860 108.9000

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.0707, 85.2240, 82.9929



66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586



70.4446, 85.2240, 131.7378

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586



93.6536, 85.2240, 128.1867



84.6055, 85.2240, 54.1863

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586



57.6526, 45.2764, 34.5568

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.5666, 85.2240, 62.3988



66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586



98.0307, 85.2240, 103.3389

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586



86.0061, 85.2240, 145.0042



97.6195, 85.2240, 79.4472



76.1975, 85.2240, 54.9149

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586



74.8956, 85.2240, 143.0982



97.6195, 85.2240, 79.4472



87.4334, 85.2240, 55.9231

Sweetspot

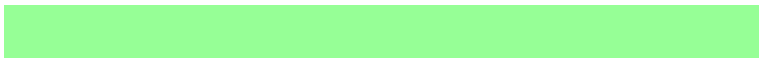
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.3886, 85.2245, 107.5587



84.6746, 94.6513, 108.4144



53.8440, 80.2067, 41.4998



17.9045, 20.1462, 23.1949



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

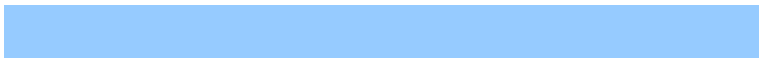
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.3886, 85.2245, 107.5587



63.0236, 83.4898, 107.4012



51.8672, 56.1817, 102.7182



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.1971, 50.2943, 100.6157



67.2793, 44.4586, 99.6431



67.9840, 65.9394, 38.0007



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



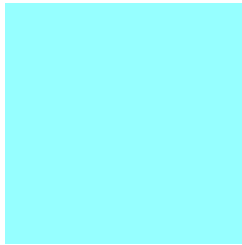
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

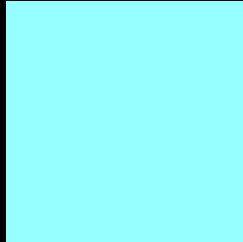
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586.

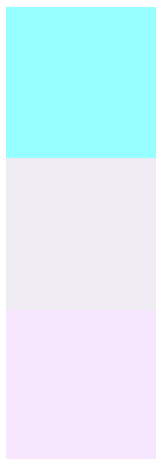


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.3877, 85.2240,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586

Protanopia

81.4826, 84.2384, 96.7591

Deuteranopia

84.6319, 83.9647, 106.3540



Tritanopia

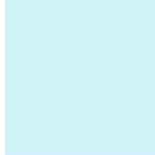
74.4881, 84.3389, 106.9608

Trichromacy



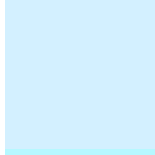
Original Color

66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586



Protanomaly

74.2728, 83.4851, 100.1953



Deuteranomaly

76.0741, 83.3891, 106.6939



Tritanomaly

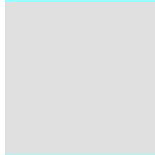
70.9088, 84.2999, 107.1420

Monochromacy



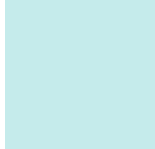
Original Color

66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586



Achromatopsia

70.8507, 74.5404, 81.1745



Achromatomaly

67.7297, 77.2851, 89.9451

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.3877, 85.2240, 107.5586 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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