

# Converting Colors

XYZ(104.7516, 100.0000,  
47.6281)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(104.7516, 100.0000, 47.6281)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(79.1283, 86.7438,  
46.2909)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF1A1
RGB	255, 241, 161
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 63%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0549, 0.3686
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.37, 0.00
HSL	51°, 100%, 82%
HSV	51°, 37%, 100%
XYZ	79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909
YIQ	236.0660, 34.0240, -21.9120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

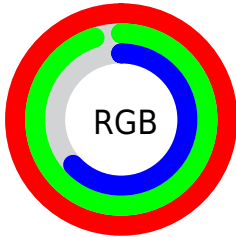
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	177, 255, 161
Decimal	16773537
CIELab	94.63, -6.49, 40.35
CIELCh	95, 40.872, 99.132
Yxy	86.7438, 0.3730, 0.4089
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963617 (0xFFFFF1A1)
YUV	236.0660, -37.0075, 16.6051
Hunter-Lab	93.1364, -11.3357, 35.7270

# Details

The XYZ color **79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **48.0776, 45.4556, 100.8476**, and the grayscale version is **80.0375, 84.2057, 91.7000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.5244, 97.7898, 79.8025**, and **43.0817, 47.6510, 21.1143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.9938, 83.7137, 35.2606**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.7492, 90.0121, 59.7476**.

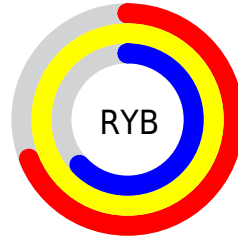
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (95%)

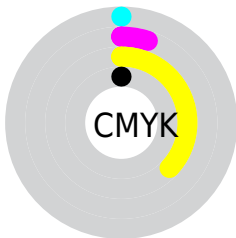
Blue (63%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (63%)

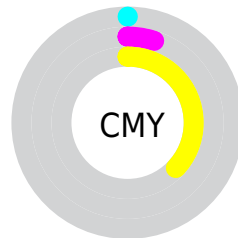


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 79.1283, 86.7438,  
46.2909


 79.1283, 86.7438,  
46.2909


480.7717,  
517.3806, 388.2884

 59.3073, 65.2832,  
32.1251


 131.0964,  
142.8070, 85.9931

 43.1079, 47.6908,  
21.1915


 163.9743,  
178.1784, 112.3665

 30.1646, 33.5821,  
13.0714

201.9351,  
218.9555, 143.6462

 20.1123, 22.5727,  
7.3464

245.3443,  
265.5227, 180.2508

 12.5854, 14.2783,  
3.5980

294.5672,  
318.2644, 222.5988

 7.2187, 8.3145,  
1.4075

349.9692,

 3.6468, 4.2968,

377.5651, 271.1087

0.1476

411.9155,  
443.8090, 326.1991

■ 1.5043, 1.8410,  
0.0000

■ 0.3288, 0.5125,  
0.0000

■ 79.1283, 86.7438,  
46.2909

■ 79.1283, 86.7438,  
46.2909

■ 75.9938, 83.7137,  
35.2606

■ 82.7492, 90.0121,  
59.7476

■ 73.3109, 80.8985,  
26.5036

■ 86.8758, 93.5173,  
75.7607

■ 71.0506, 78.2893,  
19.8576

■ 91.5342, 97.2731,  
94.4574

■ 69.1774, 75.8717,  
15.1367

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 67.6497, 73.6288,  
12.1223

■ 66.4148, 71.5395,  
10.5379

■ 66.0627, 70.9054,  
10.2042

# Harmonies

## Analogous

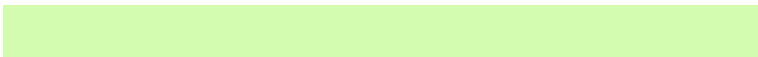
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.2322, 86.7438, 48.3172



79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909



69.7784, 86.7438, 54.7467

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909



67.0715, 86.7438, 138.1832



103.8859, 86.7438, 117.7703

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909



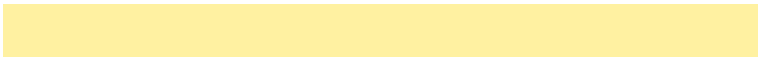
48.0776, 45.4556, 100.8476

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.5639, 86.7438, 149.8086



79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909



75.1237, 86.7438, 163.3001

# Square

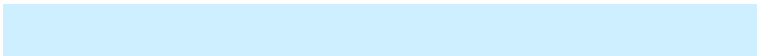
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909



63.2372, 86.7438, 104.4168



85.8580, 86.7438, 167.9728

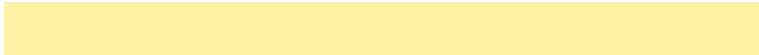


105.2003, 86.7438, 85.1372

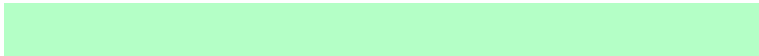


# Rectangle

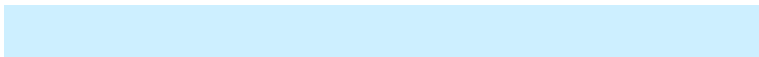
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909



65.5561, 86.7438, 66.5973



85.8580, 86.7438, 167.9728



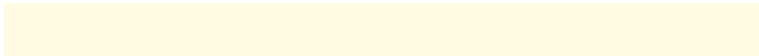
102.0163, 86.7438, 129.1508

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.1305, 86.7478, 46.2927



89.5405, 95.6879, 86.3872



61.7332, 49.8497, 46.9783



19.0299, 20.3720, 17.9465



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

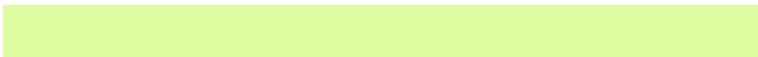
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.1305, 86.7478, 46.2927



76.8438, 84.5592, 38.1787



72.3483, 89.6388, 47.2082



19.3172, 20.6027, 19.1029



34.6067, 37.2247, 5.3611



3.4294, 3.7442, 0.5420



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.0776, 45.4556, 100.8476



41.8279, 38.0115, 99.7401



53.0182, 44.1669, 100.3384



17.2212, 17.8140, 22.7807



9.8580, 4.6256, 49.8078



1.0213, 0.5733, 4.8701



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

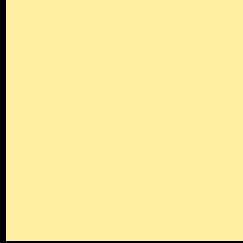
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.1283, 86.7438,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909

### Protanopia

80.6537, 86.4119, 57.2280

### Deuteranopia

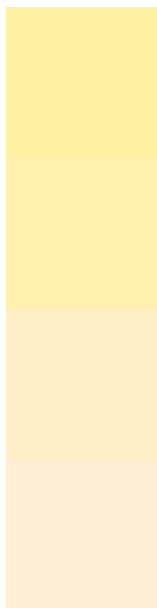
84.1537, 86.4182, 79.9552



## Tritanopia

87.1442, 86.6982, 98.5276

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909

## Protanomaly

80.1380, 86.6753, 53.0637

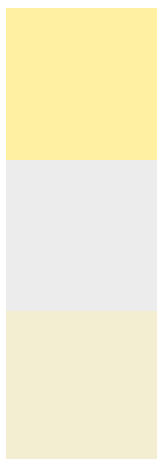
## Deuteranomaly

82.1233, 86.5326, 66.4069

## Tritanomaly

83.6618, 86.6834, 75.9405

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909

## Achromatopsia

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

## Achromatomaly

79.0453, 84.8072, 72.5249

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 241, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 241, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 241, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 241, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 241, 161) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 241, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 241, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 241, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 241, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 241,  
161) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.1283, 86.7438, 46.2909 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 241, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
241, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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