

# Converting Colors

XYZ(105.1764, 100.0000,  
232.5480)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(105.1764, 100.0000, 232.5480)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(81.4490, 90.6513,  
107.8124)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBFAFF
RGB	219, 250, 255
RGB Percent	86%, 98%, 100%
CMY	0.1412, 0.0196, 0.0000
CMYK	0.14, 0.02, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	188°, 100%, 93%
HSV	188°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124
YIQ	241.3010, -20.0810, -5.0170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

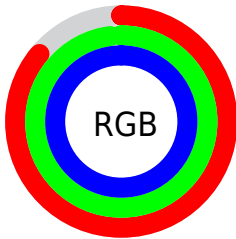
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	219, 236, 255
Decimal	14416639
CIE Lab	96.27, -8.99, -5.78
CIE LCh	96, 10.686, 212.744
Yxy	90.6513, 0.2910, 0.3239
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292606719 (0xFFDBFAFF)
YUV	241.3010, 6.7536, -19.5580
Hunter-Lab	95.2110, -13.9199, -0.4895

# Details

The XYZ color **81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **80.6813, 79.6842, 78.1476**, and the grayscale version is **83.8080, 88.1725, 96.0199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **44.7947, 50.5533, 60.8229** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.2687, 84.8197, 107.1179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.8298, 97.1372, 108.5699**.

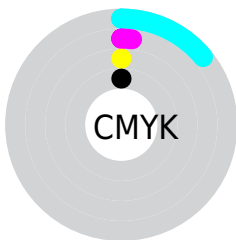
# Distribution



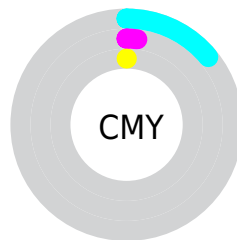
- Red (86%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



81.4490, 90.6513,  
107.8124

81.4490, 90.6513,  
107.8124

488.4652,  
530.1472, 606.4193

61.2240, 68.5210,  
82.1877

134.3409,  
148.2427, 173.9977

44.6592, 50.3217,  
60.9835

167.7385,  
184.4726, 215.3953

31.3892, 35.6691,  
43.7814

206.2578,  
226.1712, 262.8877

21.0487, 24.1787,  
30.1628

250.2639,  
273.7227, 316.8933

13.2723, 15.4662,  
19.7091

300.1224,  
327.5117, 377.8308

7.6946, 9.1473,  
12.0018

356.1985,

3.9503, 4.8374,

387.9226, 446.1185

6.6223

418.8577,  
455.3396, 522.1752

■ 1.6741, 2.1522,  
3.1522

■ 0.4399, 0.6937,  
1.1729

■ 81.4490, 90.6513,  
107.8124

■ 81.4490, 90.6513,  
107.8124

■ 73.2687, 84.8197,  
107.1179

■ 90.8298, 97.1372,  
108.5699

■ 66.2283, 79.6039,  
106.4822

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 60.2728, 74.9776,  
105.9031

■ 55.3396, 70.9083,  
105.3777

■ 51.3594, 67.3604,  
104.9027

■ 48.2545, 64.2935,  
104.4744

■ 45.9345, 61.6608,  
104.0885

■ 44.2889, 59.4052,  
103.7398

■ 43.5433, 58.2067,  
103.5478

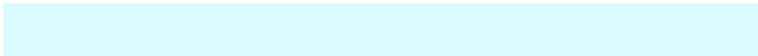
# Harmonies

## Analogous

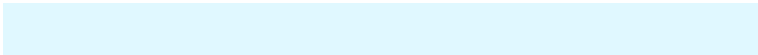
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.5848, 90.6513, 99.4884



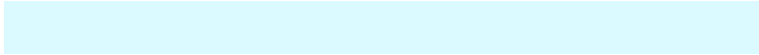
81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124



83.5736, 90.6513, 113.9608

# Triad

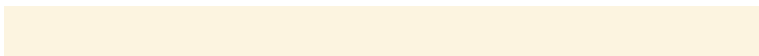
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124



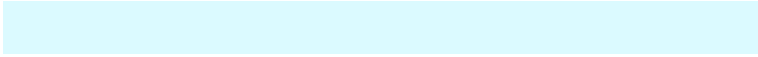
91.3358, 90.6513, 106.3813



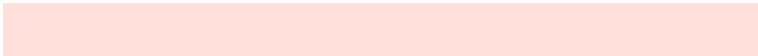
85.8884, 90.6513, 83.2593

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124



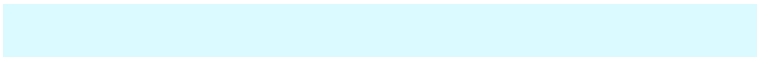
80.6813, 79.6842, 78.1476

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.8020, 90.6513, 84.8733



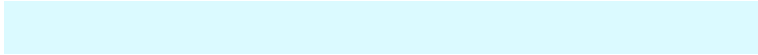
81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124



91.9894, 90.6513, 97.9234

# Square

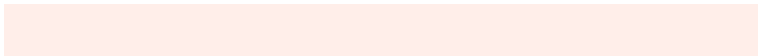
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124



89.2857, 90.6513, 113.1018



91.0520, 90.6513, 90.1233

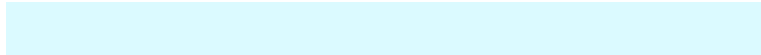


83.1107, 90.6513, 85.5828

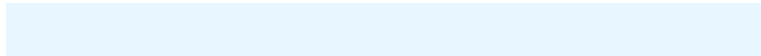


# Rectangle

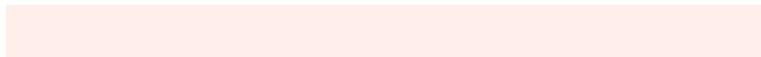
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124



85.4424, 90.6513, 115.8244



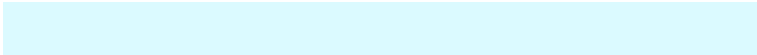
91.0520, 90.6513, 90.1233



86.8843, 90.6513, 83.3595

# Sweetspot

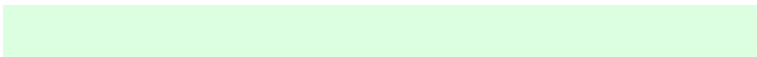
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.4514, 90.6550, 107.8130



90.9466, 97.2169, 108.5791



78.4018, 91.9515, 83.9964



19.3059, 20.6990, 23.2277



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

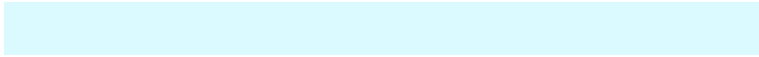


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

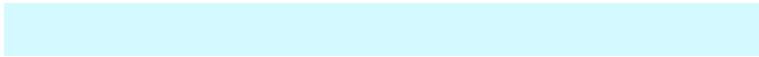


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.4514, 90.6550, 107.8130



78.9717, 88.9073, 107.6063



76.1774, 80.1071, 106.0550



18.3273, 20.0263, 23.1495



22.8352, 30.5799, 54.1336



2.2800, 3.0907, 5.2897



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.8283, 78.8267, 101.2437



81.7927, 75.0108, 99.7781



85.7193, 89.7603, 79.8269



18.6779, 18.2545, 22.1868



28.3143, 13.8150, 36.6354

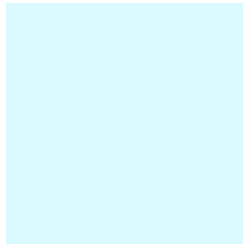


2.7854, 1.3565, 3.7175



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

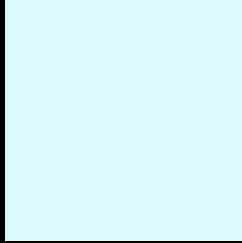
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124.



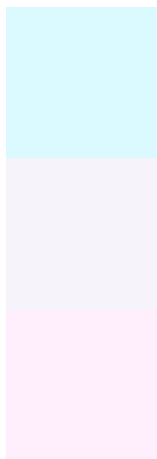
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.4490, 90.6513,

107.8124.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124

### Protanopia

87.4692, 90.6590, 104.1556

### Deuteranopia

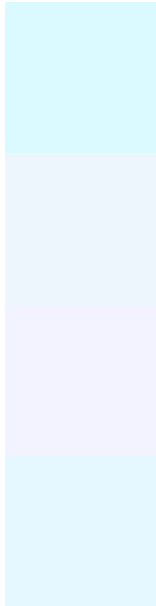
89.8361, 90.0849, 105.5817



## Tritanopia

84.9375, 90.6240, 107.6232

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124

## Protanomaly

85.1185, 90.7727, 105.1301

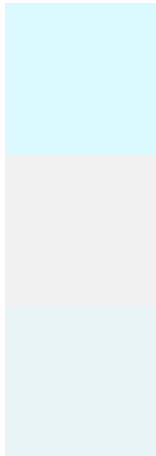
## Deuteranomaly

86.5579, 90.1342, 106.6015

## Tritanomaly

83.6239, 90.3995, 107.6491

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124

## Achromatopsia

83.6081, 87.9622, 95.7909

## Achromatomaly

82.5895, 88.6788, 99.9526

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 250, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 250, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 250, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 250, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 250, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 250, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 250, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 250, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 250, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 250,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 81.4490, 90.6513, 107.8124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 250, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
250, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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