

# Converting Colors

XYZ(106.1119, 96.1562,  
92.7192)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(106.1119, 96.1562, 92.7192)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(85.6650, 85.6523,  
92.1383)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE9ED
RGB	255, 233, 237
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 93%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0863, 0.0706
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	349°, 100%, 96%
HSV	349°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383
YIQ	240.0340, 11.8280, 5.9080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

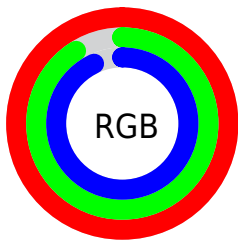
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 233, 237
Decimal	16771565
CIE Lab	94.16, 8.13, 0.77
CIE LCh	94, 8.169, 5.374
Yxy	85.6523, 0.3252, 0.3251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294961645 (0xFFFE9ED)
YUV	240.0340, -1.4958, 13.1252
Hunter-Lab	92.5485, 3.2637, 5.7568

# Details

The XYZ color **85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **86.7796, 95.8100, 105.1899**, and the grayscale version is **82.8577, 87.1728, 94.9311**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.3513, 46.7862, 50.2510** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.0877, 71.0961, 74.7694**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

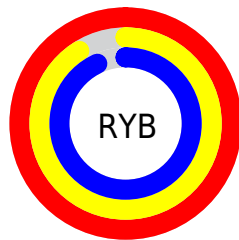
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (91%)

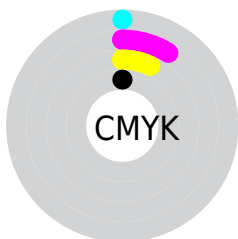
Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (93%)

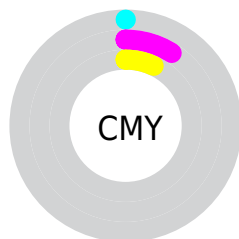


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)


Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.6650, 85.6523,  
92.1383

 85.6650, 85.6523,  
92.1383


502.2765,  
513.7840, 555.7110

 64.7153, 64.3805,  
69.1718

140.2111,  
141.2842, 152.2664

 47.4941, 46.9589,  
50.3790


174.5383,  
176.4130, 190.2651

 33.6360, 33.0032,  
35.3414


214.0554,  
216.9297, 234.1117

 22.7757, 22.1289,  
23.6403

259.1277,  
263.2186, 284.2246

 14.5478, 13.9516,  
14.8573

310.1206,  
315.6641, 341.0225

 8.5869, 8.0870,  
8.5738

367.3995,

 4.5276, 4.1507,

374.6505, 404.9238

4.3712

431.3297,  
440.5624, 476.3471

■ 2.0048, 1.7582,  
1.8311

■ 0.6366, 0.4609,  
0.4484

■ 85.6650, 85.6523,  
92.1383

■ 85.6650, 85.6523,  
92.1383

■ 76.0877, 71.0961,  
74.7694

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 67.8497, 58.6706,  
59.5364

■ 60.8925, 48.2787,  
46.3580

■ 55.1509, 39.8118,  
35.1453

■ 50.5537, 33.1507,  
25.8030

■ 47.0224, 28.1635,  
18.2276

■ 44.4681, 24.6998,  
12.3053

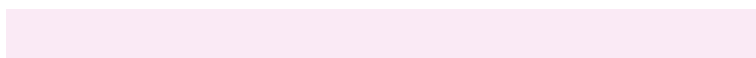
■ 42.7869, 22.5820,  
7.9081

■ 41.8365, 21.5595,  
4.8836

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.2893, 85.6523, 98.3651



85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383



84.8840, 85.6523, 86.4668

# Triad

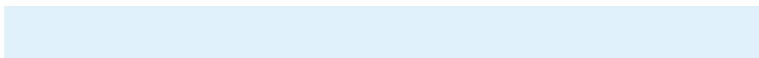
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383



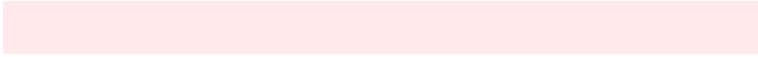
79.0018, 85.6523, 83.7895



79.6718, 85.6523, 104.6323

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



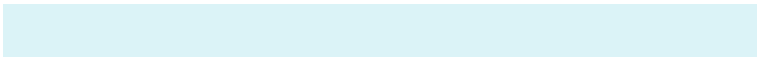
85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383



86.7796, 95.8100, 105.1899

# Split Complementary

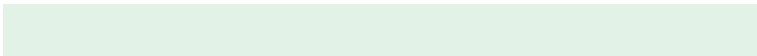
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.0319, 85.6523, 100.4016



85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383



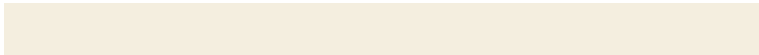
77.6500, 85.6523, 88.3362

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383



81.0170, 85.6523, 81.7866



77.2982, 85.6523, 94.3924



81.8041, 85.6523, 105.7609

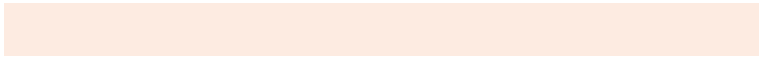


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



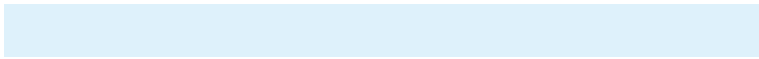
85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383



83.8207, 85.6523, 83.7056



77.2982, 85.6523, 94.3924



79.0459, 85.6523, 103.5169

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.6669, 85.6558, 92.1401



91.6662, 94.8191, 102.8804



86.9627, 86.0045, 106.6249



19.4314, 20.0063, 21.6837



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

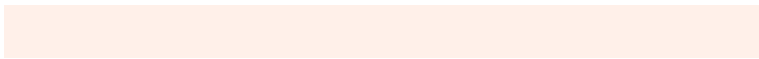
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.6669, 85.6558, 92.1401



84.2682, 83.5239, 89.6220



87.1004, 89.4466, 89.7696



18.1441, 18.0410, 19.3760



21.8484, 11.2286, 2.5860



2.1620, 1.1072, 0.4343



# Inverse Universe

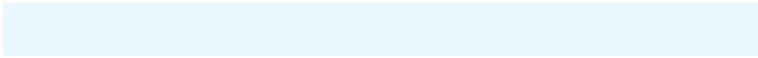
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.6669, 85.6558, 92.1401



84.2682, 83.5239, 89.6220



85.2345, 91.7012, 107.8155



18.1441, 18.0410, 19.3760



21.8484, 11.2286, 2.5860

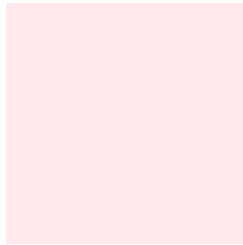


2.1620, 1.1072, 0.4343



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

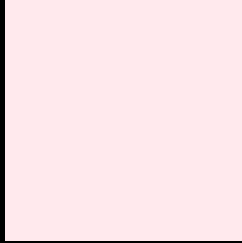
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

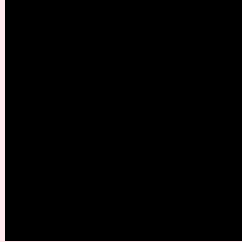
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

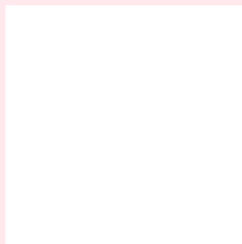
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383.



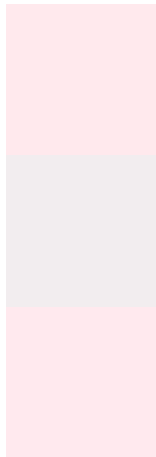
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.6650, 85.6523,

92.1383.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383

### Protanopia

82.4821, 85.6776, 93.8515

### Deuteranopia

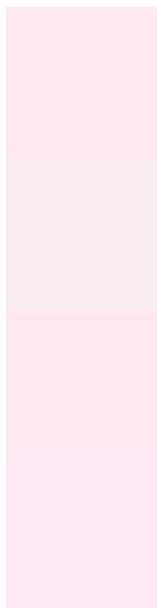
85.8115, 85.7109, 92.9100



## Tritanopia

87.0399, 85.7505, 100.7709

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383

## Protanomaly

83.7858, 85.9381, 93.0606

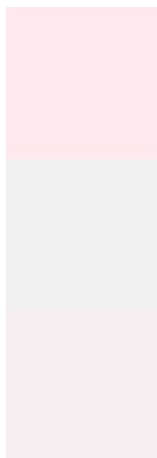
## Deuteranomaly

85.8115, 85.7109, 92.9100

## Tritanomaly

86.4257, 85.5049, 97.5369

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383

## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919

## Achromatomaly

83.5204, 86.2128, 93.9001

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 233, 237) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 233, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 233, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 233, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 233, 237) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 233, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 233, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 233, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 233, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 233,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 85.6650, 85.6523, 92.1383 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 233, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
233, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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