

# Converting Colors

XYZ(106.9484, 100.0000,  
34.3226)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(106.9484, 100.0000, 34.3226)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(75.7770, 83.9941,  
32.9875)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEE81
RGB	255, 238, 129
RGB Percent	100%, 93%, 51%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0666, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.49, 0.00
HSL	52°, 100%, 75%
HSV	52°, 49%, 100%
XYZ	75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875
YIQ	230.6570, 45.1210, -30.2950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

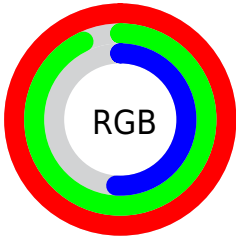
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">149, 255, 129</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16772737</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">93.45, -8.13, 54.38</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">93, 54.982, 98.504</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">83.9941, 0.3931, 0.4357</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294962817</a> (0xFFFFEE81)
YUV	<a href="#">230.6570, -50.1169, 21.3488</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">91.6483, -12.7965, 42.8132</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **37.3819, 32.4439, 98.8995**, and the grayscale version is **76.0397, 79.9997, 87.1197**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.6517, 96.2407, 59.4094**, and **40.7974, 45.7135, 13.5108** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.2981, 81.4187, 24.8169**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.7020, 86.7847, 43.3951**.

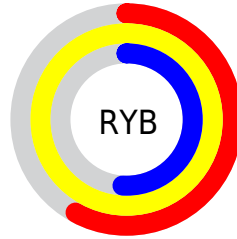
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (93%)

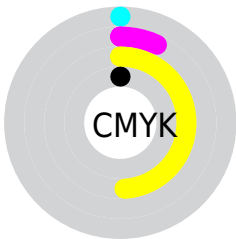
Blue (51%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (51%)

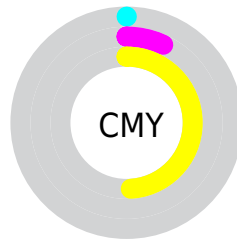


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (49%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)


Yellow (49%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 75.7770, 83.9941,  
32.9875

 75.7770, 83.9941,  
32.9875


469.5401,  
508.2936, 330.2237


 56.5461, 63.0106,  
21.8458


 126.3937,  
138.9669, 65.4718

 40.8796, 45.8498,  
13.5464


 158.5101,  
173.7250, 87.6515

 28.4123, 32.1273,  
7.6708


 195.6525,  
213.8434, 114.3477

 18.7787, 21.4587,  
3.8003

238.1861,  
259.7065, 145.9788

 11.6136, 13.4597,  
1.5164

286.4763,  
311.6986, 182.9634

 6.5514, 7.7459,  
0.2301

340.8885,

 3.2270, 3.9328,

370.2043, 225.7200

0.0000

401.7880,  
435.6078, 274.6673

■ 1.2749, 1.6360,  
0.0000

■ 0.1643, 0.3817,  
0.0000

■ 75.7770, 83.9941,  
32.9875

■ 75.7770, 83.9941,  
32.9875

■ 73.2981, 81.4187,  
24.8169

■ 78.7020, 86.7847,  
43.3951

■ 71.2270, 79.0338,  
18.7093

■ 82.0960, 89.7906,  
56.1860

■ 69.5291, 76.8285,  
14.4734

■ 85.9873, 93.0263,  
71.5003

■ 68.1607, 74.7850,  
11.8796

■ 90.4002, 96.5018,  
89.4656

■ 67.0547, 72.8765, 95.0499, 99.9999,  
10.5756 108.9000

■ 66.9930, 72.7663,  
10.5144

# Harmonies

## Analogous

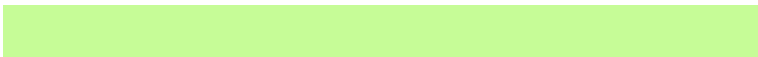
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.5055, 83.9941, 35.4171



75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875



63.6865, 83.9941, 42.0762

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875



59.9217, 83.9941, 150.7974



108.7235, 83.9941, 123.9880

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875



37.3819, 32.4439, 98.8995

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.5030, 83.9941, 169.3633



75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875



70.0360, 83.9941, 187.8225

# Square

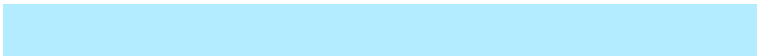
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875



55.2874, 83.9941, 103.7931



84.0330, 83.9941, 195.4888



110.7444, 83.9941, 80.1362

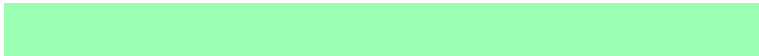


# Rectangle

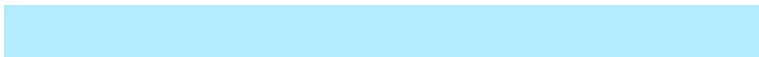
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875



58.3200, 83.9941, 55.7255



84.0330, 83.9941, 195.4888



106.0782, 83.9941, 139.9002

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.7790, 83.9980, 32.9892



87.8682, 94.5294, 79.0901



54.4281, 39.0963, 32.6542



18.6123, 20.0782, 16.1382



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.7790, 83.9980, 32.9892



73.3919, 81.5210, 25.1106



66.5581, 86.9391, 34.0429



19.3400, 20.6482, 19.1105



35.0864, 38.1841, 5.5210



3.4716, 3.8285, 0.5560



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.3819, 32.4439, 98.8995



31.1365, 24.8230, 97.7580



43.1567, 31.8172, 98.4741



17.2005, 17.7726, 22.7738



9.7963, 4.5023, 49.7873

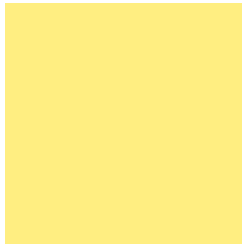


1.0116, 0.5540, 4.8669



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

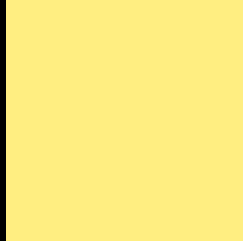
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875.



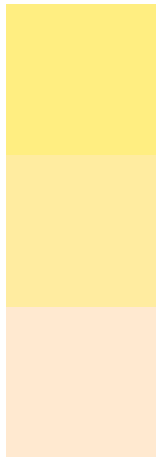
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.7770, 83.9941,

32.9875.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875

### Protanopia

77.5806, 83.7890, 45.3417

### Deuteranopia

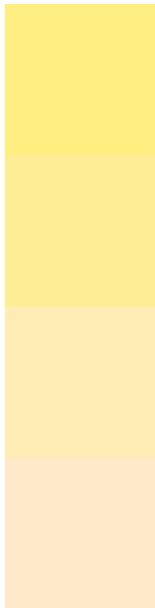
81.7641, 84.0919, 71.5964



## Tritanopia

85.2650, 84.1449, 94.1857

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875

## Protanomaly

76.9490, 83.9983, 40.5914

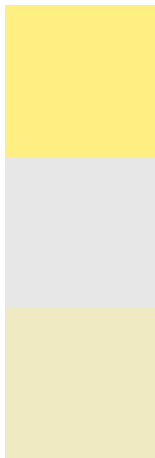
## Deuteranomaly

79.0850, 83.9313, 54.6800

## Tritanomaly

80.8042, 83.7080, 66.5420

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875

## Achromatopsia

75.9547, 79.9103, 87.0223

## Achromatomaly

75.0956, 81.2659, 62.7669

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 238, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 238, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 238, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 238, 129) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 238, 129) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 238, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 238, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 238, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 238, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 238,  
129) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.7770, 83.9941, 32.9875 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 238, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
238, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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