

# Converting Colors

XYZ(107.8371, 100.0000,  
96.7203)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(107.8371, 100.0000, 96.7203)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(88.2773, 89.9311,  
95.9248)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF0F1
RGB	255, 240, 241
RGB Percent	100%, 94%, 95%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0588, 0.0549
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	356°, 100%, 97%
HSV	356°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248
YIQ	244.5990, 8.6190, 3.4910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

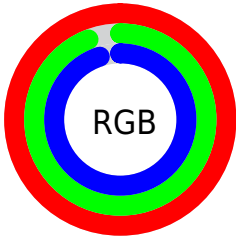
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 240, 241
Decimal	16773361
CIE Lab	95.97, 5.21, 1.32
CIE LCh	96, 5.379, 14.206
Yxy	89.9311, 0.3220, 0.3281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963441 (0xFFFFF0F1)
YUV	244.5990, -1.7743, 9.1217
Hunter-Lab	94.8320, 0.2062, 6.4092

# Details

The XYZ color **88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **89.5874, 97.2024, 107.8099**, and the grayscale version is **86.4798, 90.9835, 99.0810**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **49.1861, 49.7895, 52.9169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.9646, 74.6296, 76.0743**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

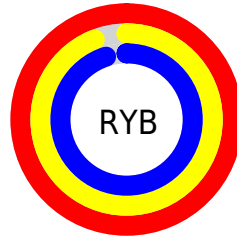
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (94%)

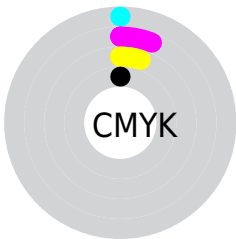
Blue (95%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (95%)

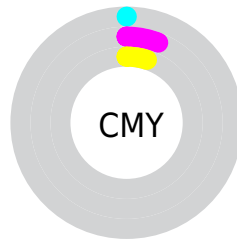


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 88.2773, 89.9311,  
95.9248

 88.2773, 89.9311,  
95.9248


510.7327,  
527.8067, 568.1812

 66.8843, 67.9235,  
72.3038


143.8337,  
147.2427, 157.5482

 49.2610, 49.8355,  
52.9185


178.7278,  
183.3155, 196.3876

 35.0419, 35.2827,  
37.3505


218.8530,  
224.8454, 241.1370

 23.8618, 23.8807,  
25.1810

264.5747,  
272.2169, 292.2148

 15.3553, 15.2452,  
15.9917

316.2581,  
325.8144, 350.0396

 9.1571, 8.9916,  
9.3640

374.2687,

 4.9017, 4.7357,

386.0223, 415.0299

4.8793

438.9718,  
453.2249, 487.6042

■ 2.2239, 2.0931,  
2.1191

■ 0.7553, 0.6607,  
0.6271

■ 88.2773, 89.9311,  
95.9248

■ 88.2773, 89.9311,  
95.9248

■ 77.9646, 74.6296,  
76.0743

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 69.1079, 61.5254,  
58.9124

■ 61.6434, 50.5209,  
44.3252

■ 55.5001, 41.5070,  
32.1885

■ 50.6010, 34.3647,  
22.3678

■ 46.8609, 28.9623,  
14.7154

■ 44.1839, 25.1510,  
9.0670

■ 42.4586, 22.7572,  
5.2345

■ 41.5489, 21.5661,  
2.9940

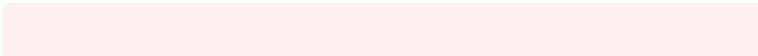
# Harmonies

## Analogous

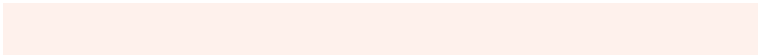
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.2564, 89.9311, 100.1643



88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248



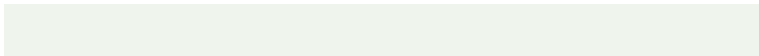
87.5418, 89.9311, 92.3232

# Triad

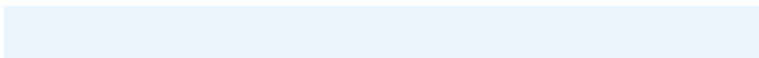
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248



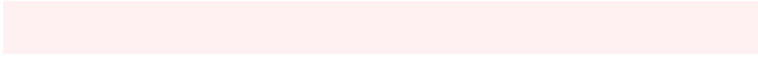
83.4997, 89.9311, 92.1690



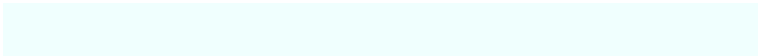
84.7013, 89.9311, 106.0084

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



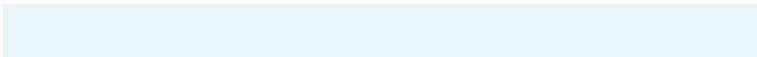
88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248



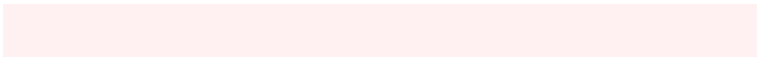
89.5874, 97.2024, 107.8099

# Split Complementary

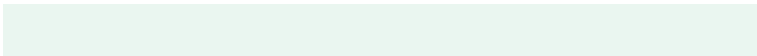
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.4445, 89.9311, 103.7379



88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248



82.7562, 89.9311, 95.7088

# Square

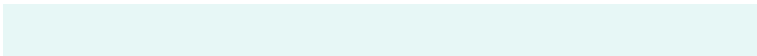
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248



84.7774, 89.9311, 90.1977



82.7362, 89.9311, 99.9420



86.1801, 89.9311, 106.0703

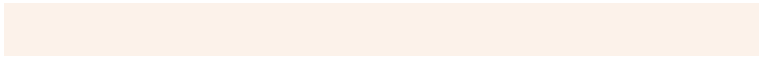


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



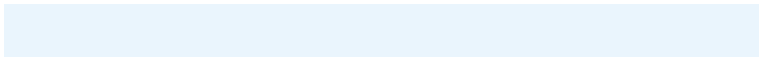
88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248



86.7264, 89.9311, 90.7338



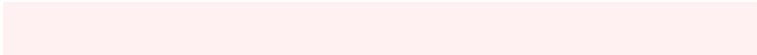
82.7362, 89.9311, 99.9420



84.2393, 89.9311, 105.4752

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.2793, 89.9348, 95.9267



92.6873, 96.4862, 104.3773



90.0851, 90.6147, 107.3501



19.8636, 20.6888, 22.3884



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

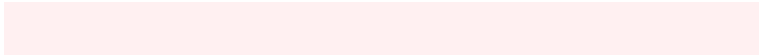


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

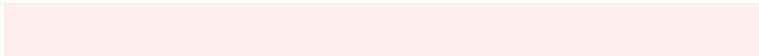


# Same Dimension

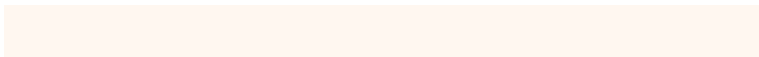
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.2793, 89.9348, 95.9267



87.0496, 88.1080, 93.5659



90.0782, 93.7699, 95.7946



18.4920, 18.6506, 19.7577



21.6195, 11.1371, 1.3808

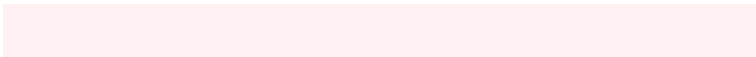


2.1213, 1.0909, 0.2203

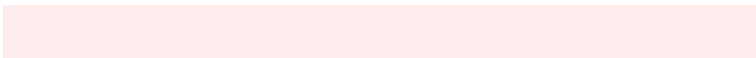


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.2793, 89.9348, 95.9267



87.0496, 88.1080, 93.5659



87.7094, 93.1906, 107.9726



18.4920, 18.6506, 19.7577



21.6195, 11.1371, 1.3808

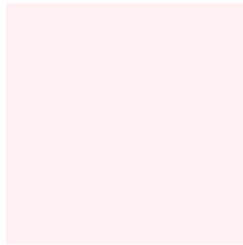


2.1213, 1.0909, 0.2203



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

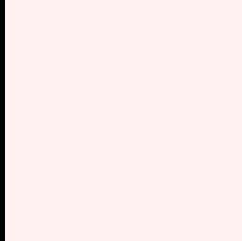
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

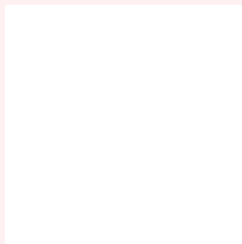
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248.



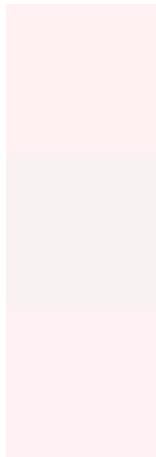
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.2773, 89.9311,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248

### Protanopia

86.4905, 89.8715, 96.7928

### Deuteranopia

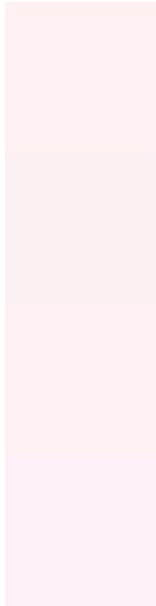
88.5778, 90.0512, 97.5071



## Tritanopia

89.9959, 90.1488, 106.4231

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248

## Protanomaly

87.2660, 89.8306, 96.7440

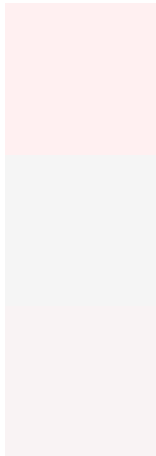
## Deuteranomaly

88.4271, 89.9910, 96.7138

## Tritanomaly

89.2054, 89.8326, 102.2603

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248

## Achromatopsia

86.7900, 91.3099, 99.4364

## Achromatomaly

87.4466, 90.7726, 98.4999

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 240, 241) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 240, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 240, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 240, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 240, 241) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 240, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 240, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 240, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 240, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 240,  
241) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 88.2773, 89.9311, 95.9248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 240, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
240, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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