

Converting Colors

XYZ(108.1137, 100.0000,
82.3497)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(108.1137, 100.0000, 82.3497)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(85.1576, 88.2135,
80.9452)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEFDD
RGB	255, 239, 221
RGB Percent	100%, 94%, 87%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0627, 0.1333
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	32°, 100%, 93%
HSV	32°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452
YIQ	241.7320, 15.3140, -2.2060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

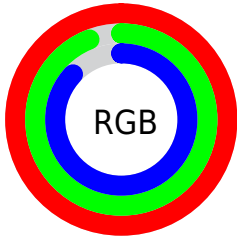
Format	Color
R _Y B	251, 255, 221
Decimal	16773085
CIE Lab	95.25, 2.49, 10.63
CIE LCh	95, 10.921, 76.816
Yxy	88.2135, 0.3348, 0.3469
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963165 (0xFFFFEFDD)
YUV	241.7320, -10.2209, 11.6360
Hunter-Lab	93.9220, -2.5205, 14.6473

Details

The XYZ color **85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **78.1522, 83.1581, 106.5398**, and the grayscale version is **84.2579, 88.6458, 96.5353**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **47.1051, 48.6259, 42.9794** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.6191, 80.1668, 63.2578**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.4496, 96.9404, 101.4319**.

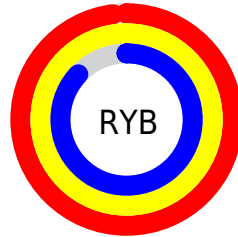
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (94%)

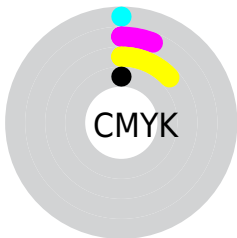
Blue (87%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (87%)

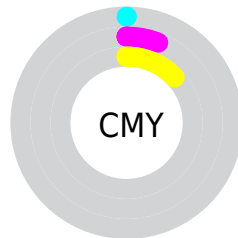


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (6%)


Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 85.1576, 88.2135,
80.9452

 85.1576, 88.2135,
80.9452


500.6252,
522.2021, 517.9031

 64.2945, 66.4999,
59.9657


139.5062,
144.8544, 136.5172

 47.1518, 48.6783,
42.9659


173.7225,
180.5504, 171.9468

 33.3642, 34.3644,
29.5272


213.1206,
221.6761, 213.0302

 22.5661, 23.1737,
19.2310

258.0658,
268.6157, 260.1860

 14.3924, 14.7218,
11.6588

308.9235,
321.7537, 313.8326

 8.4776, 8.6244,
6.3921

366.0591,

 4.4564, 4.4970,

381.4746, 374.3886

3.0123

429.8379,
448.1626, 442.2726

■ 1.9634, 1.9553,
1.1009

■ 0.6133, 0.5813,
0.0000

■ 85.1576, 88.2135,
80.9452

■ 85.1576, 88.2135,
80.9452

■ 78.6191, 80.1668,
63.2578

■ 92.4496, 96.9404,
101.4319

■ 72.8000, 72.7707,
48.2402

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 67.6729, 66.0097,
35.7615

■ 63.2057, 59.8635,
25.6768

■ 59.3636, 54.3103,
17.8270

■ 56.1079, 49.3262,
12.0328

■ 53.3942, 44.8852,
8.0874

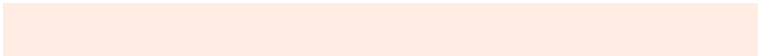
■ 51.1696, 40.9572,
5.7390

■ 49.9097, 38.5995,
4.8199

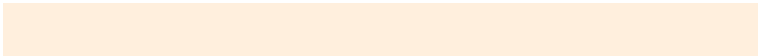
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.8259, 88.2135, 84.5767



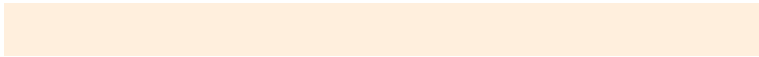
85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452



82.1979, 88.2135, 81.1856

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452



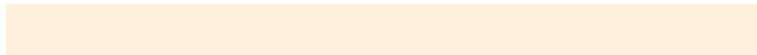
78.4795, 88.2135, 100.8744



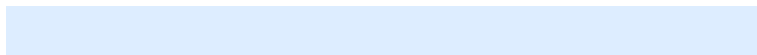
88.0910, 88.2135, 107.7198

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452



78.1522, 83.1581, 106.5398

Split Complementary

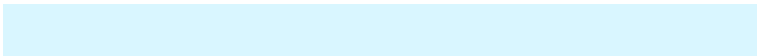
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.5125, 88.2135, 112.6252



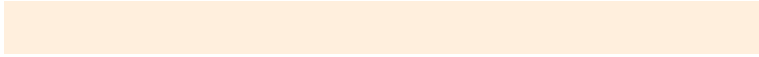
85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452



79.9849, 88.2135, 108.5155

Square

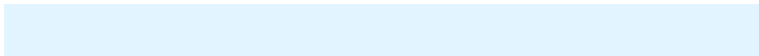
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452



78.3896, 88.2135, 92.3561



82.5445, 88.2135, 112.9248



89.5463, 88.2135, 99.8401

Rectangle

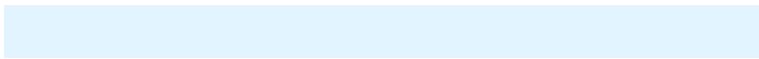
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452



80.4582, 88.2135, 83.5052



82.5445, 88.2135, 112.9248



87.3241, 88.2135, 109.7911

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.1597, 88.2173, 80.9471



91.9392, 96.3370, 99.9754



82.4465, 79.1137, 91.3789



19.5565, 20.4753, 21.0508



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



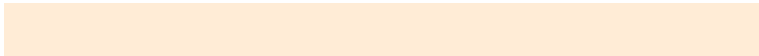
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.1597, 88.2173, 80.9471



83.3430, 86.0049, 75.9603



89.8432, 97.8932, 82.5679



18.8057, 19.5797, 18.9324



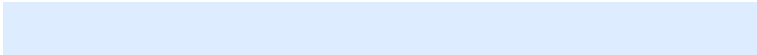
26.2298, 20.4708, 2.5688



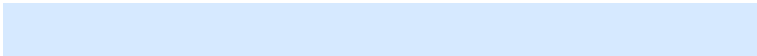
2.6633, 2.2120, 0.2866

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.1522, 83.1581, 106.5398



75.0904, 80.0471, 106.1007



73.8991, 74.3953, 105.0726



17.7076, 18.7868, 22.9429



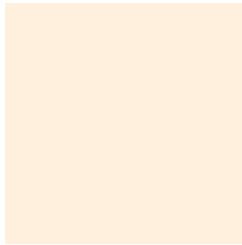
13.0851, 11.0797, 50.8835



1.3823, 1.2953, 4.9904

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

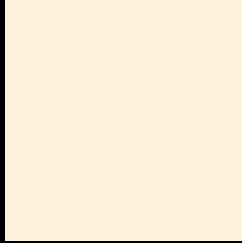
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

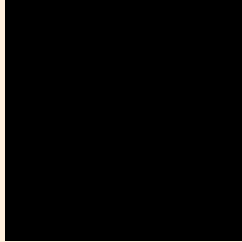
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452.



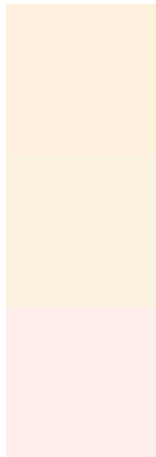
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 85.1576, 88.2135,

80.9452.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452

Protanopia

84.0645, 88.5085, 81.7604

Deuteranopia

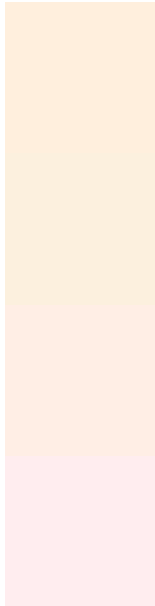
86.5225, 88.2923, 89.5727



Tritanopia

88.4908, 88.1530, 102.7938

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452

Protanomaly

84.4898, 88.2895, 81.6957

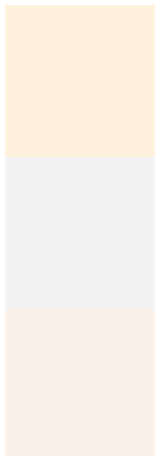
Deuteranomaly

85.9574, 88.0662, 86.5968

Tritanomaly

87.1042, 88.0604, 94.0678

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452

Achromatopsia

84.3971, 88.7923, 96.6948

Achromatomaly

84.6644, 88.6253, 90.4860

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 239, 221) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 239, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 239, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 239, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 239, 221) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 239, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 239, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 239, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 239, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 239,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 85.1576, 88.2135, 80.9452 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 239, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
239, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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