

# Converting Colors

XYZ(108.5390, 69.4417,  
43.5625)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(108.5390, 69.4417, 43.5625)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(57.7959, 43.3592,  
41.3994)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF8EA6
RGB	255, 142, 166
RGB Percent	100%, 56%, 65%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4431, 0.3490
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.35, 0.00
HSL	347°, 100%, 78%
HSV	347°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994
YIQ	178.5230, 59.6440, 31.4200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

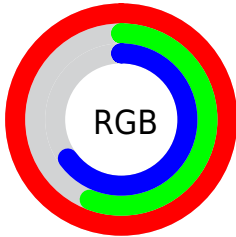
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 142, 166
Decimal	16748198
CIE Lab	71.80, 45.16, 6.49
CIE LCh	72, 45.623, 8.172
Yxy	43.3592, 0.4054, 0.3042
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294938278 (0xFFFF8EA6)
YUV	178.5230, -6.1738, 67.0703
Hunter-Lab	65.8477, 41.4397, 8.8169

# Details

The XYZ color **57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **61.3412, 83.0412, 88.4014**, and the grayscale version is **42.6049, 44.8236, 48.8129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.4852, 66.8686, 77.3878**, and **29.1153, 19.9618, 18.2380** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.7258, 35.9407, 31.3181**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.0239, 52.6325, 53.2871**.

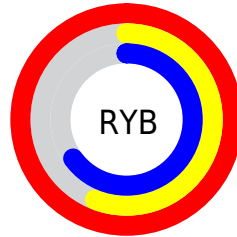
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (56%)

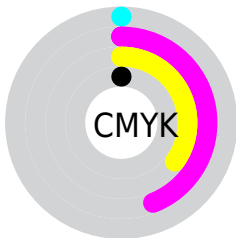
Blue (65%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (65%)

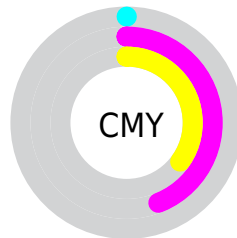


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)


Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 57.7959, 43.3592,  
41.3994


 57.7959, 43.3592,  
41.3994


406.3911,  
360.0869, 367.7131

 41.8872, 30.1671,  
28.3093

 100.7503, 80.2526,  
78.5501

 29.2037, 19.9654,  
18.3178


 128.5266,  
104.7227, 103.4477

 19.3800, 12.3699,  
11.0066

160.9896,  
133.7209, 133.1182

 12.0508, 6.9961,  
5.9571

198.5046,  
167.6315, 167.9801

 6.8508, 3.4597,  
2.7506

241.4368,  
206.8390, 208.4520

 3.4144, 1.3762,  
0.9688

290.1518,

 1.3765, 0.1991,

251.7279, 254.9525

0.0000

345.0148,  
302.6823, 307.9000

■ 0.2394, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.7959, 43.3592,  
41.3994

■ 57.7959, 43.3592,  
41.3994

■ 52.7258, 35.9407,  
31.3181

■ 64.0239, 52.6325,  
53.2871

■ 48.7366, 30.2454,  
22.9507

■ 71.4729, 63.8677,  
67.0623

■ 45.7478, 26.1344,  
16.1997

■ 80.2058, 77.1714,  
82.8044

■ 43.6651, 23.4445,  
10.9564

■ 90.2799, 92.6405,  
100.5870

■ 42.3748, 21.9762, 95.0500, 100.0000,  
7.0973 108.9000

■ 41.9093, 21.5277,  
5.4548

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.6542, 43.3592, 64.9279



57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994



54.0750, 43.3592, 25.4383

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994



32.6693, 43.3592, 20.9756



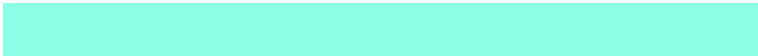
35.9143, 43.3592, 98.9578

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994



61.3412, 83.0412, 88.4014

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.5694, 43.3592, 78.8113



57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994



28.8660, 43.3592, 33.0511

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994



39.1291, 43.3592, 16.3094



28.1485, 43.3592, 53.5421



43.3668, 43.3592, 103.3232



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994



49.5825, 43.3592, 19.4372



28.1485, 43.3592, 53.5421



33.8403, 43.3592, 93.5590

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.7971, 43.3614, 41.4002



81.4489, 79.0739, 85.0177



60.5237, 43.4770, 99.8096



16.9883, 16.2440, 17.4039



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.7971, 43.3614, 41.4002



53.3273, 36.8124, 32.5401



61.2633, 53.4937, 32.6905



18.1672, 18.0502, 19.4975



21.9423, 11.2662, 3.0806



2.1743, 1.1121, 0.4992



# Inverse Universe

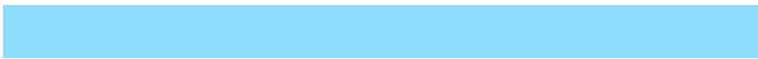
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.7971, 43.3614, 41.4002



53.3273, 36.8124, 32.5401



55.5903, 65.7389, 104.3666



18.1672, 18.0502, 19.4975



21.9423, 11.2662, 3.0806



2.1743, 1.1121, 0.4992



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

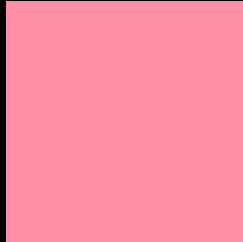
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.7959, 43.3592,

41.3994.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994

### Protanopia

42.2184, 43.5098, 52.0720

### Deuteranopia

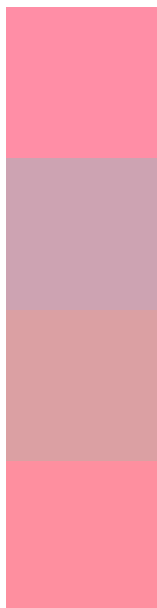
44.3609, 43.4648, 39.7697



## Tritanopia

56.7627, 43.3839, 36.3926

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994

## Protanomaly

46.3099, 42.3879, 47.8604

## Deuteranomaly

48.3951, 42.8460, 40.3697

## Tritanomaly

56.9535, 43.2190, 38.1412

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994

## Achromatopsia

42.8472, 45.0786, 49.0906

## Achromatomaly

47.0083, 43.5938, 45.9812

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 142, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 142, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 142, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 142, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 142, 166) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 142, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 142, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 142, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 142, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 142,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.7959, 43.3592, 41.3994 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 142, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
142, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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