

# Converting Colors

XYZ(108.8495, 100.0000,  
98.4658)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(108.8495, 100.0000, 98.4658)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(88.2842, 89.4641,  
97.4092)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEFF3
RGB	255, 239, 243
RGB Percent	100%, 94%, 95%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0627, 0.0471
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	345°, 100%, 97%
HSV	345°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092
YIQ	244.2400, 8.2520, 4.6360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

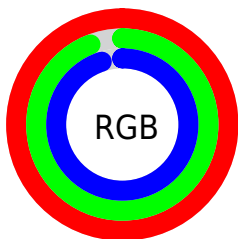
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 239, 243
Decimal	16773107
CIE Lab	95.77, 6.06, 0.00
CIE LCh	96, 6.064, 0.012
Yxy	89.4641, 0.3208, 0.3251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963187 (0xFFFFE0F3)
YUV	244.2400, -0.6113, 9.4365
Hunter-Lab	94.5855, 1.0838, 5.1498

# Details

The XYZ color **88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **88.7719, 96.8371, 105.2831**, and the grayscale version is **86.1831, 90.6714, 98.7411**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **49.1918, 49.4606, 53.9679** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.5989, 74.4784, 80.6631**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

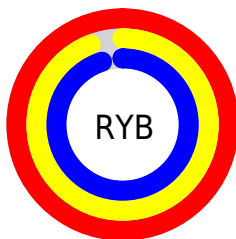
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (94%)

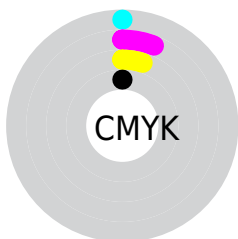
Blue (95%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (95%)

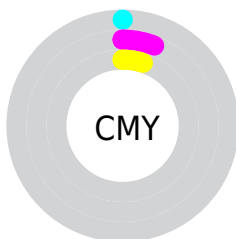


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)


Yellow (5%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 88.2842, 89.4641,  
97.4092

 88.2842, 89.4641,  
97.4092


510.7550,  
526.2860, 573.0295

 66.8900, 67.5363,  
73.5338

143.8433,  
146.5938, 159.6129

 49.2656, 49.5206,  
53.9181

178.7389,  
182.5644, 198.7784

 35.0456, 35.0326,  
38.1435

218.8657,  
223.9848, 243.8776

 23.8647, 23.6880,  
25.7914

264.5890,  
271.2392, 295.3292

 15.3575, 15.1023,  
16.4433

316.2743,  
324.7122, 353.5516

 9.1586, 8.8912,  
9.6806

374.2868,

 4.9027, 4.6703,

384.7880, 418.9635

5.0849

438.9919,  
451.8512, 491.9833

■ 2.2245, 2.0551,  
2.2375

■ 0.7556, 0.6392,  
0.6959

■ 88.2842, 89.4641,  
97.4092

■ 88.2842, 89.4641,  
97.4092

■ 78.5989, 74.4784,  
80.6631

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 70.2129, 61.6244,  
65.7887

■ 63.0714, 50.8080,  
52.7214

■ 57.1138, 41.9240,  
41.3910

■ 52.2740, 34.8573,  
31.7223

■ 48.4793, 29.4809,  
23.6345

■ 45.6479, 25.6511,  
17.0397

■ 43.6851, 23.2000,  
11.8404

■ 42.4752, 21.9192,  
7.9255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

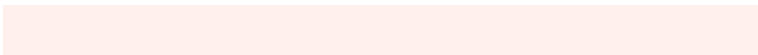
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.8442, 89.4641, 102.0797



88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092



87.8435, 89.4641, 92.8839

# Triad

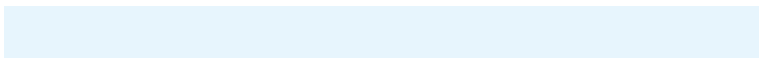
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092



83.4371, 89.4641, 89.6639



83.4383, 89.4641, 105.5944

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092



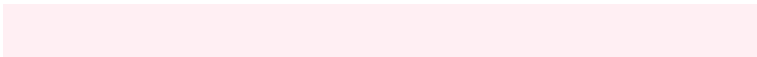
88.7719, 96.8371, 105.2831

# Split Complementary

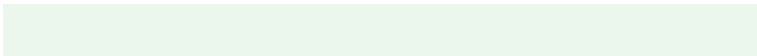
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.2830, 89.4641, 102.0833



88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092



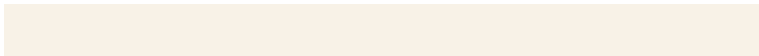
82.2823, 89.4641, 92.8873

# Square

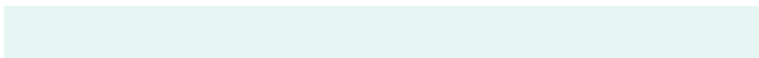
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



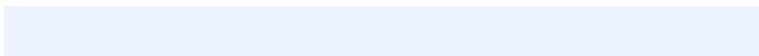
88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092



85.0322, 89.4641, 88.5023



81.8625, 89.4641, 97.4132



85.0336, 89.4641, 106.8987

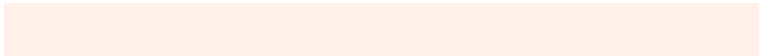


# Rectangle

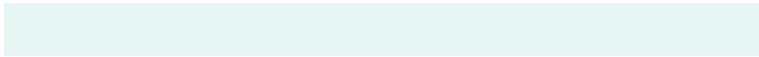
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



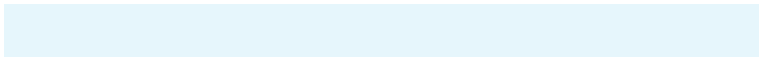
88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092



87.1129, 89.4641, 90.5345



81.8625, 89.4641, 97.4132



82.9863, 89.4641, 104.6276

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.2862, 89.4677, 97.4111



92.8346, 96.5451, 105.1529



88.7025, 89.4661, 107.2013



19.8936, 20.7008, 22.5464



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

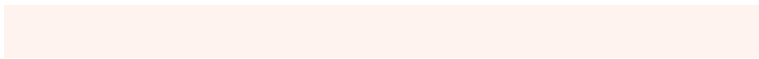
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.2862, 89.4677, 97.4111



86.5170, 86.7211, 94.3806



88.8728, 91.5963, 94.6618



18.1955, 18.0615, 19.6466



22.0777, 11.3204, 3.7937



2.1911, 1.1188, 0.5878



# Inverse Universe

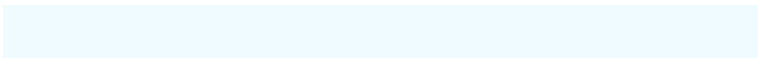
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.2862, 89.4677, 97.4111



86.5170, 86.7211, 94.3806



88.1463, 94.5671, 108.2152



18.1955, 18.0615, 19.6466



22.0777, 11.3204, 3.7937

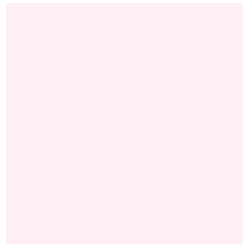


2.1911, 1.1188, 0.5878



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

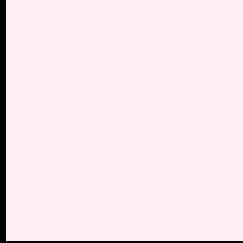
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092.



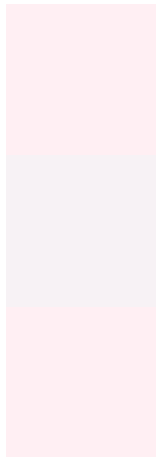
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.2842, 89.4641,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092

### Protanopia

86.5913, 89.8710, 99.1692

### Deuteranopia

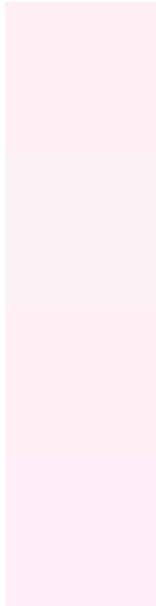
88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092



## Tritanopia

89.7039, 89.5648, 106.3258

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092

## Protanomaly

87.2088, 89.7662, 98.3182

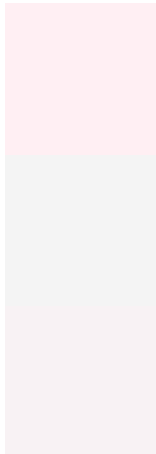
## Deuteranomaly

88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092

## Tritanomaly

89.0699, 89.3112, 102.9868

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092

## Achromatopsia

85.9880, 90.4661, 98.5176

## Achromatomaly

86.7927, 89.9924, 98.3838

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 239, 243) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 239, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 239, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 239, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 239, 243) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 239, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 239, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 239, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 239, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 239,  
243) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 88.2842, 89.4641, 97.4092 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 239, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
239, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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