

# Converting Colors

XYZ(11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(11.0813, 10.5433,  
34.2519)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	2D5B9F
RGB	45, 91, 159
RGB Percent	18%, 36%, 62%
CMY	0.8235, 0.6431, 0.3765
CMYK	0.72, 0.43, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	216°, 56%, 40%
HSV	216°, 72%, 62%
XYZ	11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519
YIQ	84.9980, -49.2440, 11.3960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

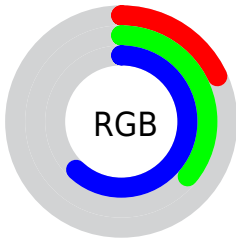
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	45, 78, 159
Decimal	2972575
CIE Lab	38.80, 8.05, -41.54
CIE LCh	39, 42.311, 280.971
Yxy	10.5433, 0.1983, 0.1887
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281162655 (0xFF2D5B9F)
YUV	84.9980, 36.4830, -35.0782
Hunter-Lab	32.4704, 4.0940, -39.8136




# Details

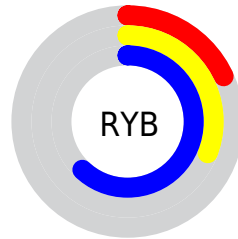
The XYZ color **11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **20.6779, 19.3723, 5.1327**, and the grayscale version is **8.5683, 9.0145, 9.8168**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.4882, 26.9081, 67.3633**, and **3.6308, 3.0155, 14.3006** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7487, 8.7279, 33.9720**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.7807, 12.7002, 34.5789**.

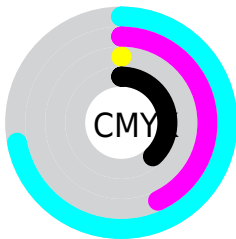
# Distribution







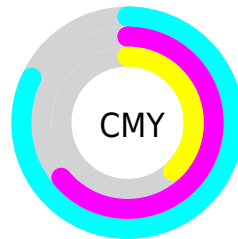
-  Red (18%)
-  Green (36%)
-  Blue (62%)






-  Red (18%)
-  Yellow (31%)
-  Blue (62%)



-  Cyan (72%)
-  Magenta (43%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (38%)



-  Cyan (82%)
-  Magenta (64%)
-  Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 11.0813, 10.5433,  
34.2519

■ 11.0813, 10.5433,  
34.2519

■ 192.1213,  
194.5069, 336.0572

■ 6.1892, 5.7606,  
22.8083

■ 27.4420, 26.8125,  
67.4636

■ 3.0022, 2.7001,  
14.2480

■ 39.6414, 39.0678,  
90.0687

■ 1.1549, 0.9772,  
8.1527

■ 55.0073, 54.5828,  
117.2314

■ 0.0703, 0.0000,  
4.1036

■ 73.9050, 73.7419,  
149.3701

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.6824

■ 96.6999, 96.9295,  
186.9036

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3486

■ 123.7573,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

124.5299, 230.2502

0.0000

155.4427,  
156.9276, 279.8286

■ 11.0813, 10.5433,  
34.2519

■ 11.0813, 10.5433,  
34.2519

■ 9.7487, 8.7279,  
33.9720

■ 12.7807, 12.7002,  
34.5789

■ 8.7465, 7.2292,  
33.7355

■ 14.8759, 15.2185,  
34.9545

■ 8.1001, 6.1873,  
33.5685

■ 17.3938, 18.1174,  
35.3814

■ 20.3589, 21.4143,  
35.8615

■ 23.7933, 25.1253,  
36.3967

■ 27.7178, 29.2656,  
36.9891

■ 32.1517, 33.8494,  
37.6401

■ 37.1135, 38.8905,  
38.3516

■ 42.6204, 44.4017,  
39.1252

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.3659, 10.5433, 33.1026



11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519



13.9829, 10.5433, 27.5052

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519



14.6617, 10.5433, 4.0462



5.7437, 10.5433, 7.1500

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519



20.6779, 19.3723, 5.1327

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.8887, 10.5433, 3.3288



11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519



11.8814, 10.5433, 2.2014

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519



16.2919, 10.5433, 8.7877



9.0308, 10.5433, 2.0201



5.6096, 10.5433, 14.6723



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519



15.5056, 10.5433, 20.7075



9.0308, 10.5433, 2.0201



6.0115, 10.5433, 5.5046

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.0817, 10.5436, 34.2522



42.1366, 44.4897, 65.1100



16.3778, 26.5133, 19.4390



9.1343, 9.6383, 14.6226



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.0817, 10.5436, 34.2522



16.3257, 13.9706, 60.5796



8.7454, 5.1789, 33.3398



6.4935, 6.8527, 8.3871



6.4366, 4.9647, 26.5263



0.1554, 0.1694, 0.4877



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.1252, 10.0037, 10.9261



28.3727, 15.0069, 13.6076



25.3581, 31.4228, 7.2120



6.7384, 6.6883, 7.4736



12.0471, 6.1234, 4.4990



0.2357, 0.1176, 0.1875



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

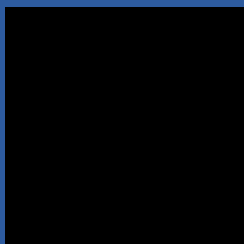
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.0813, 10.5433,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519

### Protanopia

11.5826, 10.5712, 33.3283

### Deuteranopia

10.7783, 10.5148, 34.2624



## Tritanopia

7.4140, 10.4115, 16.0869

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519

## Protanomaly

11.4033, 10.5932, 33.7914

## Deuteranomaly

10.9219, 10.5888, 34.2691

## Tritanomaly

8.3191, 10.1919, 21.6074

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519

## Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927

## Achromatomaly

8.8586, 9.2883, 16.6552

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 91, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 91, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 91, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 91, 159) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 91, 159) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 91, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 91, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 91, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 91, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 91,  
159) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.0813, 10.5433, 34.2519 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 91, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 91,  
159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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