

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.0994, 16.0173, 22.7566)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.0994, 16.0173, 22.7566)
contains.

XYZ(11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(11.1039, 15.9738,
22.9201)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007C80
RGB	0, 124, 128
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 50%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5137, 0.4980
CMYK	1.00, 0.03, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	182°, 100%, 25%
HSV	182°, 100%, 50%
XYZ	11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201
YIQ	87.3800, -75.1880, -25.0440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

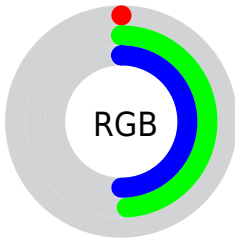
Format	Color
RYB	0, 63, 128
Decimal	31872
CIELab	46.94, -26.87, -10.46
CIELCh	47, 28.829, 201.265
Yxy	15.9738, 0.2221, 0.3195
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221952 (0xFF007C80)
YUV	87.3800, 20.0257, -76.6323
Hunter-Lab	39.9672, -20.3509, -6.0241

Details

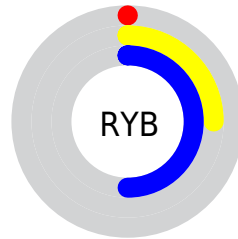
The XYZ color **11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **8.9458, 4.6764, 0.4315**, and the grayscale version is **9.1118, 9.5864, 10.4396**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.5423, 36.5743, 49.3240**, and **3.8601, 5.4621, 8.2480** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.1042, 15.9742, 22.9205**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.3177, 16.1589, 22.9449**.

Distribution



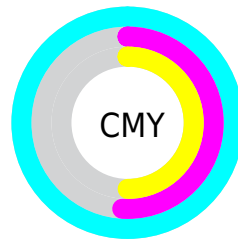
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1039, 15.9738,
22.9201

■ 11.1039, 15.9738,
22.9201

192.2726,
229.1871, 280.4230

■ 6.2046, 9.5056,
14.3298

■ 27.4834, 36.5527,
49.1836

■ 3.0117, 5.0724,
8.2090

■ 39.6943, 51.4322,
67.6939

■ 1.1600, 2.2898,
4.1393

■ 55.0730, 69.8843,
90.3479

■ 0.0744, 0.7683,
1.7021

■ 73.9850, 92.2934,
117.5642

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3622

■ 96.7956, 119.0438,
149.7613

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 123.8702,

150.5199, 187.3578

155.5740,
187.1062, 230.7722

■ 11.1039, 15.9738,
22.9201

■ 11.1039, 15.9738,
22.9201

■ 11.1042, 15.9742,
22.9205

■ 11.3177, 16.1589,
22.9449

■ 11.6211, 16.3902,
22.9735

■ 12.0702, 16.6969,
23.0090

■ 12.6824, 17.0879,
23.0523

■ 13.4727, 17.5711,
23.1039

■ 14.4542, 18.1532,
23.1645

■ 15.6391, 18.8404,
23.2347

■ 17.0383, 19.6384,
23.3150

■ 18.6621, 20.5525,
23.4058

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8834, 15.9738, 15.3713



11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201



12.3509, 15.9738, 30.6013

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201



19.2798, 15.9738, 27.5883



15.9296, 15.9738, 6.9744

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201



8.9458, 4.6764, 0.4315

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.4171, 15.9738, 8.6658



11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201



20.4868, 15.9738, 19.5841

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201



17.0066, 15.9738, 33.7732



20.1547, 15.9738, 12.8342



13.4940, 15.9738, 7.4089

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201



13.6804, 15.9738, 34.0999



20.1547, 15.9738, 12.8342



16.7910, 15.9738, 7.2910

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1044, 15.9744, 22.9205



27.3764, 33.0800, 40.8985



7.7312, 15.4434, 2.6350



6.2286, 7.6404, 9.5648



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1044, 15.9744, 22.9205



19.5300, 28.0841, 40.3477



5.6123, 4.9902, 21.0898



4.4353, 4.8646, 5.5185



11.0106, 15.8397, 22.7270



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.5406, 6.0448, 19.5752



22.0688, 10.6381, 34.4104



10.8587, 8.5021, 1.0691



4.4925, 4.4102, 5.3982



12.4346, 5.9935, 19.4102



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

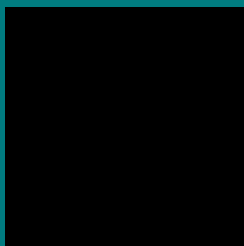
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1039, 15.9738,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201

Protanopia

15.3361, 15.7988, 19.6939

Deuteranopia

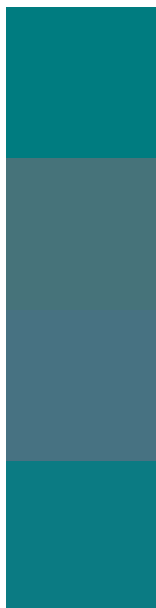
16.1414, 15.8086, 23.6733



Tritanopia

11.5661, 15.9880, 24.6667

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201

Protanomaly

12.1694, 14.9687, 20.6602

Deuteranomaly

12.6451, 14.9859, 23.3452

Tritanomaly

11.3177, 15.8758, 23.9406

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201

Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790

Achromatomaly

8.5310, 10.8859, 14.2219

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 124, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 124, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 124, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 124, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 124, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 124, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 124, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 124, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.1039, 15.9738, 22.9201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 124, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 124,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor