

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.1095, 11.6481, 12.9259)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.1095, 11.6481, 12.9259)
contains.

XYZ(11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**XYZ(11.1644, 11.7156,
12.9822)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	606061
RGB	96, 96, 97
RGB Percent	38%, 38%, 38%
CMY	0.6235, 0.6235, 0.6196
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	240°, 1%, 38%
HSV	240°, 1%, 38%
XYZ	11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822
YIQ	96.1140, -0.3210, 0.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

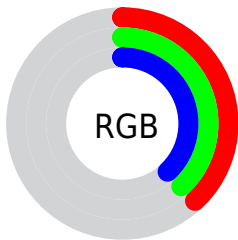
Format	Color
RYB	96, 96, 97
Decimal	6316129
CIELab	40.76, 0.21, -0.57
CIELCh	41, 0.612, 290.326
Yxy	11.7156, 0.3113, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284506209 (0xFF606061)
YUV	96.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000
Hunter-Lab	34.2281, -1.6765, 1.4718

Details

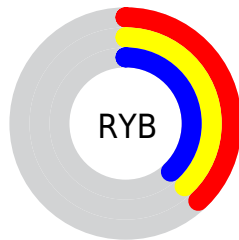
The XYZ color **11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.3158, 11.9352, 12.7738**, and the grayscale version is **11.1452, 11.7256, 12.7692**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.4782, 28.8069, 32.1290**, and **3.0535, 3.1983, 3.5884** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.3767, 9.5627, 12.6611**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.1876, 14.1520, 13.3460**.

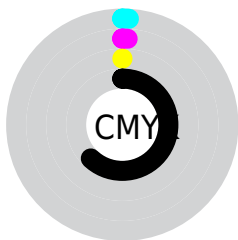
Distribution



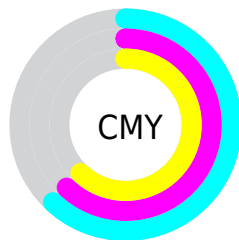
- Red (38%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1644, 11.7156,
12.9822

■ 11.1644, 11.7156,
12.9822

192.6771,
202.5133, 222.0074

■ 6.2456, 6.5503,
7.2857

■ 27.5940, 28.9761,
31.9625

■ 3.0371, 3.1825,
3.5603

■ 39.8356, 41.8400,
46.0834

■ 1.1734, 1.2277,
1.3874

■ 55.2488, 58.0390,
63.8496

■ 0.0852, 0.0842,
0.1318

■ 74.1991, 77.9575,
85.6794

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

97.0516, 101.9797,
111.9916

124.1719,

130.4902, 143.2046

155.9253,
163.8732, 179.7371

■ 11.1644, 11.7156,
12.9822

■ 11.1644, 11.7156,
12.9822

■ 9.3767, 9.5627,
12.6611

■ 13.1876, 14.1520,
13.3460

■ 7.8148, 7.6817,
12.3803

■ 15.4533, 16.8802,
13.7532

■ 6.4703, 6.0621,
12.1386

■ 17.9695, 19.9098,
14.2054

■ 5.3333, 4.6925,
11.9341

■ 20.7435, 23.2498,
14.7038

■ 4.3936, 3.5603,
11.7651

■ 23.7825, 26.9086,
15.2499

■ 3.6400, 2.6520,
11.6295

■ 27.0932, 30.8944,
15.8447

■ 3.0601, 1.9529,
11.5251

■ 30.6821, 35.2150,
16.4895

■ 2.6400, 1.4462,
11.4495

■ 34.5555, 39.8780,
17.1854

■ 2.3629, 1.1117,
11.3995

■ 38.7196, 44.8907,
17.9335

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.1213, 11.7156, 12.9938



11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822



11.1998, 11.7156, 12.9098

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822



11.1888, 11.7156, 12.5728



11.0531, 11.7156, 12.7161

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822



11.3158, 11.9352, 12.7738

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.0711, 11.7156, 12.6040



11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822



11.1494, 11.7156, 12.5217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822



11.2139, 11.7156, 12.6733



11.1063, 11.7156, 12.5330



11.0571, 11.7156, 12.8397

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822



11.2143, 11.7156, 12.8371



11.1063, 11.7156, 12.5330



11.0568, 11.7156, 12.6758

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1647, 11.7161, 12.9825



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



11.2556, 11.8991, 13.0089



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1647, 11.7161, 12.9825



19.1379, 20.0831, 22.2531



11.2156, 11.7421, 12.9848



2.8157, 2.9558, 3.2674



2.9381, 1.1790, 15.4604



15.6886, 6.2834, 82.5905

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.2242, 11.7519, 12.7437



19.2396, 20.1443, 21.8446



11.2646, 11.9090, 12.7714



2.8286, 2.9636, 3.2156



6.7087, 3.4583, 0.3201



35.8359, 18.4738, 1.6902

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

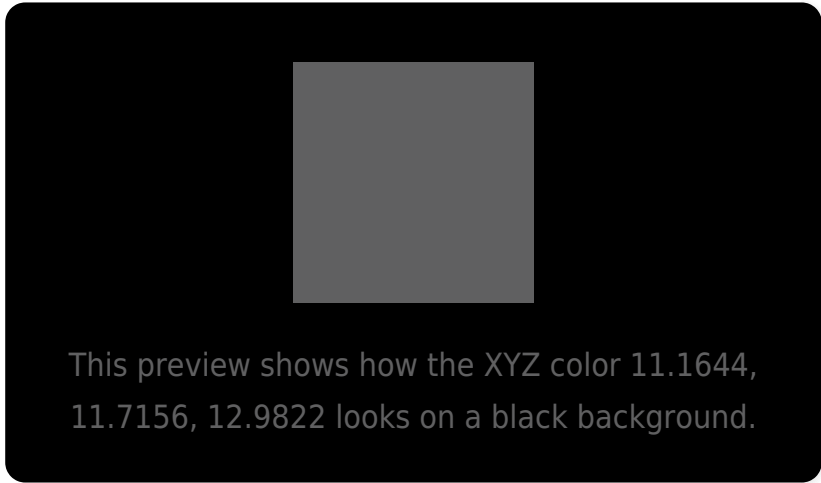
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

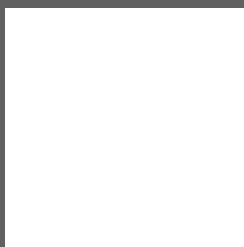
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822.

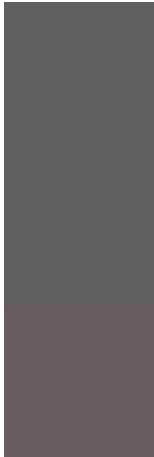


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1644, 11.7156,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822

Protanopia

11.2703, 11.7702, 12.9871

Deuteranopia

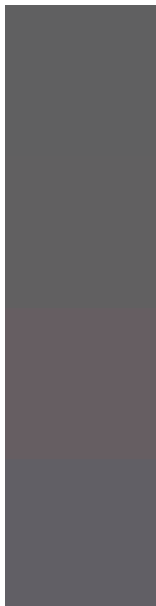
11.9447, 11.7138, 13.1867



Tritanopia

11.4702, 11.7051, 14.4867

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822

Protanomaly

11.2703, 11.7702, 12.9871

Deuteranomaly

11.6868, 11.7120, 13.2000

Tritanomaly

11.3709, 11.6654, 13.9643

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822

Achromatopsia

11.1181, 11.6971, 12.7381

Achromatomaly

11.1181, 11.6971, 12.7381

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(96, 96, 97) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 96, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 96, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 96, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 96, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 96, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 96, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 96, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 96, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 96, 97)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.1644, 11.7156, 12.9822 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 96, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 96,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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