

# Converting Colors

XYZ(11.1301, 13.5582, 2.0304)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(11.1301, 13.5582, 2.0304)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(11.0834, 13.5186,  
2.0252)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	696B00
RGB	105, 107, 0
RGB Percent	41%, 42%, 0%
CMY	0.5882, 0.5804, 1.0000
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 1.00, 0.58
HSL	61°, 100%, 21%
HSV	61°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252
YIQ	94.2040, 33.1550, -33.7010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

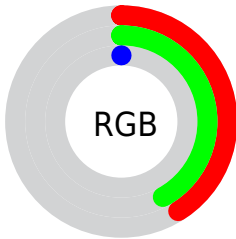
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 107, 2
Decimal	6908672
CIELab	43.53, -12.34, 49.66
CIELCh	44, 51.165, 103.954
Yxy	13.5186, 0.4162, 0.5077
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285098752 (0xFF696B00)
YUV	94.2040, -46.4426, 9.4681
Hunter-Lab	36.7676, -10.5356, 22.4716

# Details

The XYZ color **11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **2.6792, 1.0747, 13.9769**, and the grayscale version is **10.7892, 11.3511, 12.3614**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.3405, 32.1509, 9.0397**, and **3.1372, 4.0160, 0.6098** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0837, 13.5192, 2.0253**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1659, 13.5548, 2.3356**.

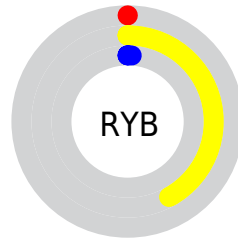
# Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (42%)

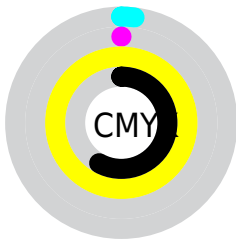
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (1%)

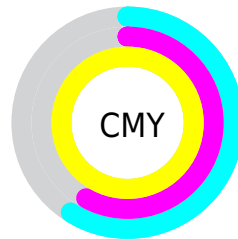


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 11.0834, 13.5186,  
2.0252

■ 11.0834, 13.5186,  
2.0252

■ 192.1353,  
214.2151, 122.7669

■ 6.1907, 7.7866,  
0.5707

■ 27.4459, 32.2324,  
9.1096

■ 3.0031, 3.9587,  
0.0000

■ 39.6463, 45.9830,  
15.6277

■ 1.1554, 1.6505,  
0.0000

■ 55.0134, 63.1752,  
24.6877

■ 0.0707, 0.3913,  
0.0000

■ 73.9124, 84.1935,  
36.7084


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 96.7088, 109.4222,  
52.1080


■ 123.7678,


139.2458, 71.3053


 155.4549,  
174.0486, 94.7187


 11.0834, 13.5186,  
2.0252


 11.0834, 13.5186,  
2.0252


 11.0837, 13.5192,  
2.0253

 11.1659, 13.5548,  
2.3356

 11.2700, 13.5992,  
2.7603

 11.4167, 13.6606,  
3.4092

 11.6107, 13.7410,  
4.3073

 11.8564, 13.8420,  
5.4766

■ 12.1572, 13.9650,  
6.9363

■ 12.5166, 14.1116,  
8.7042

■ 12.9376, 14.2828,  
10.7966

■ 13.4232, 14.4798,  
13.2284

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0927, 13.5186, 2.0812



11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252



8.2187, 13.5186, 3.8796

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252



8.0723, 13.5186, 35.8920



21.7410, 13.5186, 21.6805

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252



2.6792, 1.0747, 13.9769

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.9557, 13.5186, 36.9317



11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252



10.8395, 13.5186, 47.6246

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252



6.7403, 13.5186, 20.6907



14.7929, 13.5186, 48.0812



21.8443, 13.5186, 10.0242



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252



7.1070, 13.5186, 7.0155



14.7929, 13.5186, 48.0812



21.0649, 13.5186, 26.6543

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.0837, 13.5192, 2.0255



22.3524, 25.2433, 15.2930



6.0832, 3.1648, 0.2904



5.3585, 6.0889, 3.4463



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.0837, 13.5192, 2.0255



19.8339, 24.2006, 3.6258



6.6599, 11.2387, 1.8184



3.3278, 3.5808, 3.3332



13.4803, 16.4445, 2.4636



68.6011, 83.7473, 12.5492



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.6792, 1.0747, 13.9769



4.7849, 1.9178, 25.0257



4.2454, 1.8821, 14.0502



2.9532, 3.0276, 3.8636



3.2560, 1.3056, 17.0026



16.5083, 6.6099, 86.6320



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

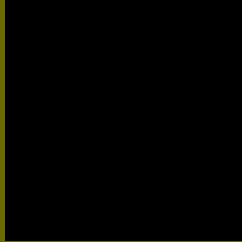
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.0834, 13.5186,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252

### Protanopia

12.0527, 13.4135, 1.9538

### Deuteranopia

13.6748, 13.5217, 2.4195



## Tritanopia

13.7978, 13.4300, 15.7749

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252

## Protanomaly

11.6324, 13.3454, 1.9628

## Deuteranomaly

12.5992, 13.3965, 2.2383

## Tritanomaly

12.1014, 13.1713, 7.3733

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252

## Achromatopsia

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

## Achromatomaly

10.3145, 11.8466, 6.0180

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 107, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 107, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 107, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 107, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 107, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 107, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 107, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 107, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 107, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 107,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.0834, 13.5186, 2.0252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 107, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
107, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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