

Converting Colors

XYZ(11.1338, 13.8171, 3.0171)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(11.1338, 13.8171, 3.0171)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.1236, 13.8322,
3.0033)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 666D19 |
| RGB | 102, 109, 25 |
| RGB Percent | 40%, 43%, 10% |
| CMY | 0.6000, 0.5725, 0.9019 |
| CMYK | 0.06, 0.00, 0.77, 0.57 |
| HSL | 65°, 63%, 26% |
| HSV | 65°, 77%, 43% |
| XYZ | 11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033 |
| YIQ | 97.3310, 22.7920, -27.6080 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

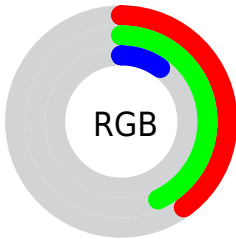
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 25, 109, 32 |
| Decimal | 6712601 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 43.99, -14.01, 43.00 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 44, 45.230, 108.047 |
| Yxy | 13.8322, 0.3979, 0.4947 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284902681 (0xFF666D19) |
| YUV | 97.3310, -35.6592, 4.0947 |
| Hunter-Lab | 37.1917, -11.6981, 21.2464 |

Details

The XYZ color **11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **3.7040, 2.1067, 14.6802**, and the grayscale version is **11.5254, 12.1256, 13.2048**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.3929, 32.6320, 11.6923**, and **3.1388, 4.1753, 0.6405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.9260, 13.7418, 2.4957**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.3689, 13.9428, 3.7534**.

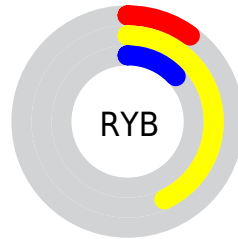
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (43%)

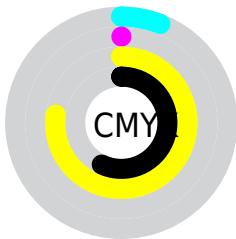
Blue (10%)



Red (10%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (13%)

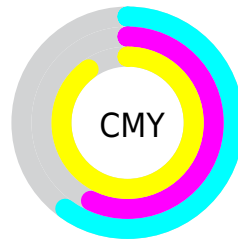


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (77%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1236, 13.8322,
3.0033

■ 11.1236, 13.8322,
3.0033

192.4044,
216.1844, 136.4026

■ 6.2179, 8.0041,
1.0963

■ 27.5194, 32.7910,
11.6366

■ 3.0200, 4.0975,
0.0000

■ 39.7403, 46.6904,
19.2000

■ 1.1643, 1.7283,
0.0000

■ 55.1303, 64.0491,
29.4859

■ 0.0779, 0.4419,
0.0000

■ 74.0547, 85.2513,
42.9129

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 96.8790, 110.6816,
59.8995

■ 123.9685,

140.7243, 80.8644

155.6885,
175.7638, 106.2259

11.1236, 13.8322,
3.0033

11.1236, 13.8322,
3.0033

10.9260, 13.7418,
2.4957

11.3689, 13.9428,
3.7534

10.7622, 13.6646,
2.1623

11.6658, 14.0737,
4.7702

10.7151, 13.6424,
2.0685

12.0187, 14.2270,
6.0762

12.4314, 14.4045,
7.6911

12.9073, 14.6073,
9.6330

■ 13.4496, 14.8369,
11.9183

■ 14.0612, 15.0943,
14.5628

■ 14.7449, 15.3806,
17.5808

■ 15.5033, 15.6970,
20.9862

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.6283, 13.8322, 2.8216



11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033



8.6550, 13.8322, 5.3375

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033



9.0533, 13.8322, 35.0510



21.1171, 13.8322, 19.5348

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033



3.7040, 2.1067, 14.6802

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.9740, 13.8322, 32.5070



11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033



11.7694, 13.8322, 43.8385

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033



7.6181, 13.8322, 22.0483



15.4022, 13.8322, 42.7397



20.8579, 13.8322, 9.7318

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033



7.7304, 13.8322, 8.8162



15.4022, 13.8322, 42.7397



20.6399, 13.8322, 23.7207

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1239, 13.8328, 3.0036



23.4302, 26.2906, 18.5790



6.9991, 4.3548, 1.3915



5.3919, 6.0924, 4.0711



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1239, 13.8328, 3.0036



19.3473, 24.5033, 4.0395



7.5081, 11.9688, 2.8344



3.3095, 3.5713, 3.3324



12.5226, 15.9508, 2.4188



63.4541, 81.0939, 12.3083

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.7040, 2.1067, 14.6802



5.4066, 2.4012, 26.0857



5.9324, 3.2555, 14.7845



2.9697, 3.0361, 3.8644



3.3510, 1.3545, 17.0071



16.7478, 6.7334, 86.6432

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

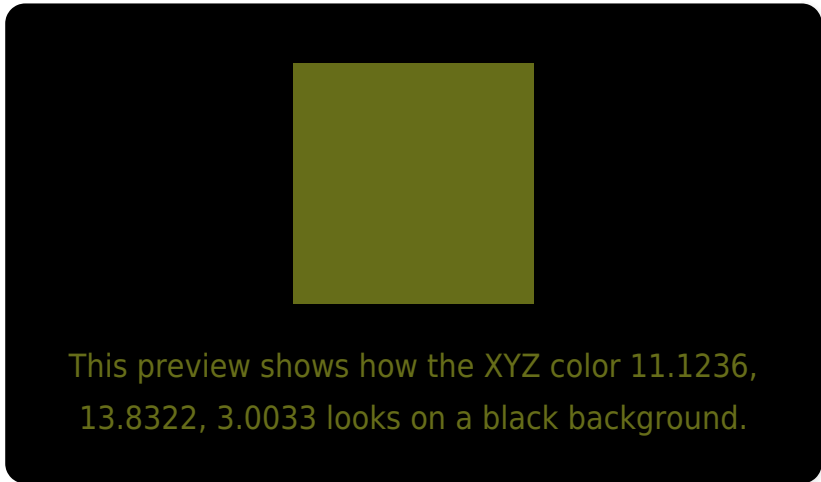
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

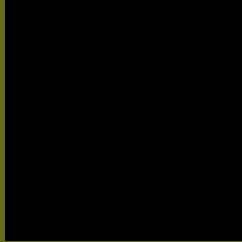
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1236, 13.8322,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033

Protanopia

12.4513, 13.7485, 2.8616

Deuteranopia

13.9021, 13.7632, 3.1521



Tritanopia

13.8725, 13.8797, 16.6997

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033

Protanomaly

12.0010, 13.8188, 2.8989

Deuteranomaly

12.8056, 13.7774, 3.0830

Tritanomaly

12.4067, 13.7318, 9.3937

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033

Achromatopsia

11.3621, 11.9538, 13.0177

Achromatomaly

10.9366, 12.4149, 7.7811

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 109, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 109, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 109, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 109, 25) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 109, 25) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 109, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 109, 25)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 109, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 109, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 109,  
25) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.1236, 13.8322, 3.0033 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 109, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
109, 25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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